## Boston Gear

## ACE15 SERIES

## Adjustable Frequency AC Motor Controllers



ACE15 Series
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## Quick Start Guide

This guide is to assist in installing and running the drive to verify that the drive and motor are working properly. Initially, the motor will be started and stopped using the Run/Stop key on the digital operator.
Using and $\boldsymbol{\underline { \text { 人 } }}$ keys will set the Speed
Reference. Operation from remote start/stop inputs or contact closures is described later.

## Step 1 - Before Starting The Drive

Please review Preface and Safety Precautions (pages 10 through 13). Verify drive was installed in accordance with the procedures as described in Ambient Environment and Installation on pages 14 and 15. If you feel this was abnormal, do not start the drive until qualified personnel have corrected the situation. (Failure to do so could result in serious injury.)

Check Drive and motor nameplates to determine that they have the same HP and voltage ratings. (Ensure that full load motor amps do not exceed that of the controller.)

- Record the following information from the motor nameplate:


## Motor Rated Voltage

Motor Rated Speed (RPM)
Motor Rated Frequency (Hz)
Motor Rated Full Load Current (Amps)
Motor Rated Horsepower

- Remove the terminal cover to expose the motor and power terminals.
a. Connect AC power to L1, L2, and L3 terminals.
b. Connect AC Motor leads to T1 (U), T2 (V), and T3 (W).

Do not connect AC power supply to T1 (U), T2 (V), and T3 (W) terminals of the drive or serious damage to the drive will result.

Descriptions of ACE15 Main Circuit Terminals

| Terminal | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| L1 (L) | Main power input: <br> Single-phase: L/N <br> Three-phase: L1/L2/L3 |
| L2 | Braking resistor or connecting terminal: Used in cases <br> where the drive frequently trips due to large load inertia <br> or short deceleration time (refer to specifications of <br> braking resistor) |
| P1 | DC reactor connecting terminals |
| BR | Drive output |
| P1 and P |  |
| T1 |  |
| T2 |  |

## Description of ACE15 C ontrol Circuit Terminals

| Terminal | Description |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| R2A | Multifunctional output <br> terminal - Normally open | Contact rated <br> capacity: <br> (250VAC/1A or <br> 30VDC/1A) <br> Contact using <br> description: (refer <br> to 8-02, 8-03) |  |
| R2B | Common contact | Multifunctional <br> terminals - <br> Normally open |  |
| R1B | Normally close <br> contact | Normally open <br> contact | Speed Potentiometer (VR) power source terminal <br> (referenced to COM) |
| R1A | Analog frequency signal input terminal (refer to 5-06 <br> description) |  |  |
| A4V | Common contact for S1-S5 in PNP (source) input. <br> (refer to wiring diagram) of SW1 when PNP input is used. |  |  |
| COM | Common contact for S1-S5 in NPN (sink) input. (refer to <br> wiring diagram) of SW1 when NPN input is used. |  |  |
| FM+ | The positive analog output for multifunction (refer to <br> 8-00 description), the signal for output terminal is |  |  |
| 0-10VDC |  |  |  |

## Wiring Diagram ACE15 Series Drive



Note 1: Please refer to description of main circuit terminals ( $\mathrm{P} 1, \mathrm{BR}$ ) and specification of braking resistor for value selection. (Table 6.2 Dynamic Braking Resistor)

## Keypad and Display Description



1. Hz/RPM LED - Indicates Speed Reference (Frequency) when stopped and Output Frequency when running. To display RPM, or Engineering units it must be selected in the program. See parameters 4-04 and 4-05 on page 36.
2. VOLTS LED - Indicates Output Voltage when running and also DC Bus Voltage.
3. AMPS LED - Indicates Output Current.
4. FUNC - Indicates Drive is in Program Mode.
5. SEQ Remote - Start/Stop when lit, Local Start/Stop (Run/Stop Key) when off.
6. FRQ LED - Remote Speed Reference when lit, Local Speed Ref. when off.
7. FWD LED - Indicates Forward Direction when lit (Flashes if stopped, Stays Lit while operating).
8. REV LED - Indicates Reverse Direction when lit (Flashes if stopped, Stays Lit while operating).
9. DSP/FUNC - Access program mode. Scroll thru monitoring functions.
10. LOCAL/REMOTE - Switches between Local (Keypad Operation) and Remote Control (Terminal Control).
11. LCD - Keypad does not have FUNC, Hz/RPM, VOLT, and AMP LEDs.
12. RESET - Moves digit to be changed from right to left. Resets drive fault.
13. READ/ENTER - Saves Edited Parameter Data into Memory.
14. UP/DOWN - Changes speed up or down when in local. Also Parameter values.

## Step 2 - Apply Power To The Drive

Apply AC power to the drive and observe the keypad. The four digit 7 -segment display should read the AC Input Voltage for $3-5$ seconds and then it will display flashing 05.00 Speed Reference (Hz/RPM LED lit). The FWD LED should be flashing all the time. If this condition is not observed, then the drive parameters need to be reset to Factory Settings. Parameter 15-6 must be set accordingly (see page 64). Also see "To Change Parameter Data".

## ACE15 Parameter Groups

Each parameter group branches off into individual parameters. See pages 35 through 43 for more detailed information about each parameter number.

| Parameter <br> Group No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 -}$ | Drive Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 -}$ | Start/Stop and Frequency Control Modes |
| $\mathbf{2 -}$ | Manual/Automatic Restart Modes |
| $\mathbf{3 -}$ | Operating Parameters |
| $\mathbf{4 -}$ | Digital Display Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{5 -}$ | Multifunction Input Terminals (MFIT) |
| $\mathbf{6 -}$ | J og, and Preset (MFIT) Speed Setting on Keypad |
| $\mathbf{7 -}$ | Analog Input Signal Operation |
| $\mathbf{8 -}$ | Multifunction Output Relays and Output signal Operation |
| $\mathbf{9 -}$ | Drive and Load Protection Modes |
| $\mathbf{1 0 -}$ | Volts/Hz Pattern Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 1 -}$ | PID Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 2 -}$ | PID "Limits" and "Out of Range" Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 3 -}$ | Communication Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 4 -}$ | Motor Auto-Tuning Parameters |
| $\mathbf{1 5 -}$ | Drive Status and Function Reset |

## To Change Parameter Data:

 YY" (parameter group, Y parameter number). The initial value will be " $0-00$ ".
2. Press the ) , keys to change the parameter number. The first digit to be changed will always be the farthest to the right "X-YY" and it will be flashing.
3. Press $\stackrel{\text { RESEI }}{ }$ the key to move to the next flashing digit to be changed " $X-Y Y$ ".

Edit by using the $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ or keys.
4. Press the
5. Press the ) keys to change the parameter value. The digit to be edited will be flashing.
6. Press the ResET) key to move to the next digit to be changed with the 스 or (제 keys.
7. Press the , Real key to save the edited parameter value to memory. Display will read "END" indicating it saved the information then the parameter edited will be displayed in the keypad.

## Step 3 - Enter Setup Data

Use the flowchart on page 8 as a guide when entering setup data. There are two different procedures for entering setup data, one for the Vector Control modes and the other for the Volts/Hz mode of operation. Use the motor nameplate data recorded earlier to enter setup data parameter values.

## Selecting Drive Operating Mode:

A. Vector (General Purpose): Use for General Purpose applications when a single motor is connected to the drive.
B. Vector (Variable Torque): Use for applications where the motor load varies as the speed of the motor varies and fast response of the drive to motor speed command changes is not required. Can only be used when a single motor is connected to the drive. (Fans and pumps)
C. Volts/Hz: Use for multiple motor applications where more than one motor is connected to the drive. Also use the Volts / Hertz mode if the motor horsepower rating and the drive horsepower rating differ by more than 1 horsepower size.

## Step-by-Step Procedure for Step 3

A. Enter the drive Operating Mode in parameter 0-00.
$0-00=0000$ Vector (General Purpose)
"Default Setting"
$0-00=0001$ Vector (Variable Torque)
$0-00=0002$ Volts $/ \mathrm{Hz}$
B. If a value of 0002 (Volts/Hz) was entered for parameter 0-00, then skip to step K.
C. Enter Motor Rated Voltage from motor nameplate in parameter 0-01.
D. Enter Motor Rated Current from motor nameplate in parameter 0-02.
E. Enter Motor Rated Kilowatts (kW=HP x .746) from motor nameplate in parameter 0-03.
F. Enter Motor Rated Speed (RPM) from motor nameplate in parameter 0-04.
G. Enter Motor Rated Frequency from motor nameplate in parameter 0-05.
H. Set parameter 0-06 equal to 0001 (enable auto tuning). Press the key and the auto tuning function will start and the display will read "- At -".
I. The motor will not rotate during the auto tuning process but voltage will be applied to the motor.
J. When the auto tuning is successful, the display will read parameter 0-06. Otherwise an auto tuning error will be displayed. Press the DSPD key until the display reads " 5.00 " (frequency reference). Setup is completed. Skip the remaining steps K through 0 ).
K. For Volts/Hz Operation, select a pattern in parameter 10-0 $=0-18$ (See page 62 for more detailed information) each pattern selects default values for parameters 10-1 through $10-9$. These values may require tuning to meet your application speed and torque requirements.
L. Parameter 10-0 = 18, allows for a custom Volts/Hz pattern to be entered in parameters 10-4 to 10-9 to meet specific applications. Refer to page 62.


Note: Auto Tuning cannot be carried out in V/F Mode. "Err2" will be displayed.
$M$. If the motor rated frequency is not 50 or 60 Hz , adjust parameter $10-4$ to the desired motor rated frequency.
$N$. If you wish to operate the motor at a frequency higher than the motor rated frequency, adjust parameter 3-00 to the maximum frequency desired.
 (frequency reference). Setup is now completed.

## Step 4 - Check Motor Rotation

- Press RUN key (FWD LED should light), motor should start running, and the digital operator should display a value increasing from 00.00 to 05.00.
- Check motor rotation.

If the motor does not rotate in the correct direction:

Press STOP key. Remove AC power.
Wait for LED "charge" lamp to extinguish.
Reverse motor leads T1 and T2. Restart the drive and check the rotation.

- Press STOP key to stop the drive.


## Step 5 - Check Full Speed at $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$

- Frequency/Speed can be changed by pressing the or $\boldsymbol{\underline { \Delta }}$ keys. To move left for next digit, press 國 key. Press the (xiey key to set the speed.
- Set frequency to $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ as applicable.
- Press RUN key and check drive acceleration to full speed.
- Press STOP key to stop drive and check deceleration.
- Display should now read the last set frequency.


## Step 6 - Other Operations

The drive is now setup for basic Run/Stop operation in both forward and reverse directions from the keypad. For other motor control options see below.
A. Disable Reverse Operation: Set parameter 1-02 equal to 0001 to disable reverse operation. When set the FWD/REV button on the keypad will no longer function and any external reverse commands will stop the motor. Refer to page 44.
B. Change Acceleration Time: Parameter 3-02 sets the acceleration time in seconds.
Acceleration Time is defined as the length of time to accelerate the motor from zero speed to Motor Rated Speed. Refer to page 48.
C. Change Deceleration Time: Parameter 3-03 sets the deceleration time in seconds. Deceleration Time is defined as the length of time to decelerate the motor from Motor Rated Speed to zero speed. Refer to page 48.
D. Set Maximum Speed: Parameter 3-00 sets the maximum output frequency to the motor. If Parameter 3-00 is set greater than the Motor Rated Frequency (parameter 0-05 for vector modes, parameter 10-4 for Volts/Hz mode), the motor will operate in the constant horsepower mode when motor rated frequency is exceeded. Refer to pages 43, 48 and 62.
E. Set Minimum speed: Parameter 3-01 sets the minimum output frequency to the motor. Refer to page 48.
F. Local / Remote Selection: By default, the drive is configured to use the UP/DOWN keys on the keypad (Local Control) to set the Frequency Reference (motor speed command) for the drive and the RUN/STOP key to control the starting and stopping of the motor (Local Control). Once parameters 1-00 and 1-06 are set to any value other than 0000, the drive recognizes it as REM OTE CONTROL. By pressing the RESET and FWD/REV keys simultaneously the drive switches between LOCAL CONTROL and REMOTE CONTROL or vice versa.

Note: Parameter 1-00 and 1-06 must be set to remote in order for this function to take effect.
G. Set Frequency Reference Source: Set Frequency Reference Source: change parameter 1-06 to change the frequency reference source as shown below. After setting parameter 1-06, remove AC input power, wait for the "Charged" LED to extinguish, and connect any devices to the drive as shown in Figure 1.

1. Parameter $1-06=000$ : The Up/Down Arrow Keys on the keypad set the Frequency Reference Command, Default Setting.
2. Parameter $1-06=0001$ : The Potentiometer Mounted on the Keypad Sets the Frequency Reference Command.
3. Parameter $1-06=0002$ : The Analog Voltage/Current connected to Terminal AIN sets the Frequency Reference Command.


Figure 1
Set SW2 switch per Table 1 based on the type of analog signal connected to the drive (use 0-10 VDC position for potentiometer input).


Table 1
4. Parameter $1-06=0003$ : The Up/Down Digital Inputs (Digital Input Function Codes 14 and 15) set the Frequency Command. Set Parameters 5-03 to 0014 and 5-04 to 0015 and connect Up/Down pushbuttons to the drive as shown below in Figure 2.


Figure 2
5. Parameter $1-06=0004$ : Serial Communications set the Frequency Command. Refer to the serial communications document for more detailed information.
H. Set for External Start / Stop Control: By default, the drive is configured to use the keypad pushbuttons to start and stop the drive. To enable starting and stopping the drive using external switches or pushbuttons, set parameter 1-00 equal to 0001 (External Terminal Control) and set parameter 1-01 to the desired value as described below. After setting parameters 1-00 and 1-01, remove AC input power, wait for the "Charged" LED to extinguish, and connect the switches or pushbuttons as shown in Figures $3-\mathrm{A}, 3-\mathrm{B}$, and $3-\mathrm{C}$.

## Set Switch SW1 according to the desired type of digital input used:

| SW1 | Type of external signal | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| NPN NPN input (sink) <br> (Zero volts on the input terminal <br> is ON) Active Low |  |  |
| PNP | PNP input (source) <br> (24 VDC on the input terminal is <br> ON) | Active High <br> Factory Default |

1. Parameter $1-01=0000$ :

Forward/Stop -Reverse/Stop
a. Input signal is NPN (Active Low)
b. Input signal is PNP (Active High)


Figure 3-A

If both forward and reverse commands are applied at the same time, the drive will stop. Functions of Digital Inputs S1 and S2 are overridden by this command.
2. Parameter $1-01=0001$ : Run/Stop - Forward/Reverse
a. Input signal is NPN (Active Low)
b. Input Signal is PNP (Active High)


Figure 3-B
Functions of Digital Inputs S1 and S2 are overridden by this command.
3. Parameter $1-01=0002$ :

3 Wire Control Mode, Run/Stop -
Forward/Reverse
a. Input signal is NPN (Active Low)
b. Input signal is PNP (Active High)


Figure 3-C
Functions of Digital Inputs S1, S2, and S3 are overridden by this command.

Note: If parameter 1-02 $=0001$, then the reverse commands in all of above figures will act like a stop command.

## Chapter 0 Preface

### 0.1 Preface

To extend the performance of the product and ensure your safety, please read this manual thoroughly before using the drive. Should there be any problem in using the product that cannot be solved with the information provided in this manual, contact your nearest Boston Gear distributor or our sales representatives who will be willing to help you.

## - Precautions

Drive is an electrical electronic product. For your safety, there are symbols such as "Danger", "Caution" in this manual to remind you to pay attention to safety instructions on handling, installing, operating, and checking the drive. Be sure to follow the instructions for highest level of safety.

ADANGER Indicates a potential hazard could cause death or serious personal injury if misused.

ACAUTION Indicates that the drive or the mechanical system might be damaged if misused.

## ADANGER

- Do not touch any circuit board or components if the charging indicator is still lit after the power is turned off.
- Do not wire when the drive is electrified. Do not check parts and signals on circuit boards during the drive operation.
- Do not disassemble the drive and modify internal wires, circuits and parts.

Ground the ground terminal of the drive properly. As for 200 V class ground to $10 \Omega$ or below, 400 V class ground to $10 \Omega$ or below.

## $\triangle$ ACAUTION

- Do not perform a voltage test on parts inside the drive. High voltage will easily destroy semi-conductor parts.
- Do not connect T1(U), T2 (V), and T3 (W) terminals of the drive to AC power supply.
- CMOS IC's on the drive's main board are susceptible to static electricity. Do not touch the main circuit board.


### 0.2 Product Inspection

Boston Gear drives have passed all the function tests before delivery. Please check the following when you receive and unpack the drive:

- The model and capacity of the drive are the same as those specified in your purchase order.
- Check for any damages caused by transportation. If so, please do not apply the power, and contact Boston Gear sales representatives if any of the above problems occur.


## Chapter 1 Safety Precautions

### 1.1 Operation Precaution

ACAUTION
The line voltage applied must comply with the drives specified input voltage.

## ADANGER

Make sure the main circuit connections are correct. L1 (L), L2 and L3 ( N ) are power-input terminals and must not be mistaken for T1, T2 and T3. Otherwise, the drive might be damaged.

## ACAUTION

- To prevent the front cover from disengaging, do not hold by the cover during handling or the heat sink may fall off. If the inverter is dropped it may be damaged or cause personal injury.
- To avoid the risk of fire, do not install the inverter on a flammable surface. Install it on nonflammable object such as metal
- If several drives are placed in the same control panel, add extra cooling to keep the temperature below $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to avoid overheat or fire.
- When removing or installing the operator, turn OFF the power first, and manipulate the operator following the instruction diagram to avoid operator error or no display caused by bad contact.


## AWARNING

This is a product of the restricted sales distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take appropriate measures.

### 1.1.2 During Power ON

## ADANGER

- Do not plug or unplug the connectors on the drive when electrified to avoid the control panel damage resulting from erratic transition voltage surge.
- When momentary power loss is longer than 2 seconds (the larger the horsepower, the longer the time); the drive does not have enough storage power to control the circuit. Therefore, when power is restored, the operation of the drive is based on the setup of 1-00 / 2-05 and the condition of external switches, this is considered to be restart in the following paragraphs.
- When the momentary power loss is short, the drive still has enough storage power to control the circuit. Therefore, when power is restored, the inverter will automatically restart depending on the setup of 2-00/2-01.
- When restarting the drive, the operation of the drive is based on the setup of 1-00 and 2-05 and the condition of external switch (FWD/REV button). Attention: the start operation is irrelevant with 2-00/2-01/2-02/2-03.

1. When $1-00=0000$, the drive will not automatically run after restart.
2. When $1-00=0001$ and the external switch (FWD/REV button) is OFF, the drive will not run after restart.
3. When $1-00=0001$, the external switch (FWD/REV button) is ON, and $2-05=0000$, the inverter will run automatically after restart.

Attention: For safety, please turn off the external switch (FWD/REV button) after power loss to avoid consequential damage to the machine and the personnel after sudden restoration of power.

- To ensure the safety of people and machine, please refer to the description and suggestion of 2-05.


### 1.1.3 Before Operation

## ADANGER

Make sure the model and capacity are the same as those set by 15-0.

## ACAUTION

The drive will flash the power voltage set by $0-07$ for 5 seconds when applying power.

### 1.1.4 During Operation

## ADANGER

Do not engage or disengage the motor during operation. The resulting over current may cause the inverter to trip or power components to fail.

## ADANGER

- To avoid electric shock, do not take the front cover off while energized.
- The motor will restart automatically after stop when auto-restart function is on. In this case, stay clear of the machine.
- Note: The stop switch is different from the emergency stop switch. It must be set first to be effective.


## ACAUTION

- Do not touch heat-generating components such as heat sink and braking resistor.
- The drive can run the motor from low speed to high speed. Verify the allowable capacities range of the motor and the mechanism.
- Note the settings related to the braking resistor.
- Do not check signals on circuit boards while the drive is running.


## ACAUTION

Wait 5 minutes before disassembling or checking the components after power supply OFF and the LED indicator turned off.

### 1.1.5 During Maintenance

## ACAUTION

The drive should be used in an environment with temperature from $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and relative humidity of $95 \%$ non-condensing.

## ACAUTION

When the drive top cover has been removed, it can be used in an environment with temperature from $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and relative humidity of $95 \%$, but the environment should be free from water and metal dust.

## Chapter 2 Definition Of Models

| Drive Model Input Phase Input Voltage Input C urrent | ACAUTION <br> Do not inspect components unless the lamp is off. See manual for proper installation and operation. <br> PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | INPUT |
|  | VOLTAGE |
|  | Amps |
|  | OUTPUT AC 3 phases $0-650 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | VOLTAGE |
| Output Specification | Amps |
| Output Current | IP20 / UL Open-Type with shielding cover |
|  | removed (rated $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient). NEMA 1/UL Type 1 with shielding cover and optional conduit box kit installed (rated $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Ambient). |
|  | LISTED 16KJ © UL us $\begin{aligned} & \text { POWER CONV.EQ. } \\ & \text { E177007 }\end{aligned}$ |
|  | Made In Taiwan |

## Part Number



## Chapter 3 Ambient Environment and Installation

### 3.1 Environment

The environment will directly affect the proper operation and the life span of the drive, so install the drive in an environment complying with the following conditions:

Place the front side of the drive forward and top upward to insure proper airflow over the Heat sink.

Install the drive according to the following figures: (Take the dustproof cover off for cooling if it is installed in a box or the environment allows)

| -- Ambient temperature: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; without cover: <br> $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| -Avoid exposure to rain or <br> moisture. | - Avoid direct sunlight |
| - Avoid oil mist and salinity. | Avoid corrosive liquid and <br> gas. |
| -Avoid dust, washdown and <br> small metal pieces. | Keep away from radioactive <br> and flammable materials. |
| -Avoid electromagnetic interference (soldering machine, <br> power machine). |  |
| -Avoid vibration (punching machine). Add a vibration- proof <br> pad if the situation cannot be avoided. |  |
| -If several drives are placed in the same control panel, add <br> extra cooling to keep the temperature below $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |  |




Air Convection
$-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
a. Front View

b. Side View

### 3.2 Environmental Precautions

Do not use the drive in an environment with the following conditions:


### 3.3 Wiring Practices

### 3.3.1 Notice for Wiring

A. Screwdriver torque:

Wiring with a screwdriver or other tools, follow the torque values listed below:

| Securing Torque |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Horsepower | Power Source | Nominal torque for TM1 Terminal |  |
| $0.5 / 1$ | $200-240 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.59 / 0.08$ <br> (lbs.-ft./KG-M) | $7.10 / 8.20$ <br> (lbs.-in./KG-CM) |
| $1 / 2$ | $380-480 \mathrm{~V}$ | $1.5 / 0.21$ | $18.00 / 20.28$ <br> (lbs.-in./KG-CM) |
| $2 / 3 / 5 / 7.5 / 10$ | $200-240 \mathrm{~V}$ | (lbs.-ft./KG-M) |  |

B. Power wires:

Power wires are connecting to L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, T3, P, BR and P1. Choose wires in accordance with the following criteria:

1 Deciding diameters of wires should be based on rating working at $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
2. For rating voltage of wires, the minimum voltage of 230 VAC type is 300 V , and 460 VAC type is 600 V .
C. Control wires:

Control wires are wires connecting to TM2 control terminal. Choose the wire in accordance with the following criteria:

1. Deciding diameters of wires should be based on rating working at $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
2. For rating voltage of wires, the minimum voltage of 230 VAC type is 300 V , and 460 VAC type is 600 V .
3. To avoid noise interference, do not route the control wires in the same conduit with power wires and motor wires.
D. Nominal electrical specifications of the terminals Block:

The following list is nominal values of TM 1:

| Horsepower | Power Source | Volts | Amps |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.5 / 1 / 2$ | $200-240 \mathrm{~V}$ | 600 | 15 |
| $1 / 2$ | $380-480 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |
| $5 / 7.5 / 10$ | $200 / 240 \mathrm{~V}$ | 600 | 40 |
| $3 / 5 / 7.5 / 10$ | $380-480 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |
| 15 | $380 / 480 \mathrm{~V}$ | 600 | 40 |

Note: Nominal values of input and output signals (TM2) - follow the specifications of class 2 wiring.
E. Fuse types

To protect the drive most effectively, use fuses with current-limit function.

| Horsepower | Power Source | Rated Fuse Specifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $7.5 / 10$ | $200 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V}$ | $50 \mathrm{~A}, 660 \mathrm{VAC}, 100 \mathrm{KA}$ I.R. |
| 7.5 | $380 \sim 480 \mathrm{~V}$ | $32 \mathrm{~A}, 660 \mathrm{VAC}, 100 \mathrm{KA}$ I.R. |
| 10 |  | $40 \mathrm{~A}, 660 \mathrm{VAC}, 100 \mathrm{KA}$ I.R. |
|  |  | $50 \mathrm{~A}, 660 \mathrm{VAC}, 100 \mathrm{KA}$ I.R. |

## Notes:

- To avoid shock hazards, do not touch any electrical component when the power is applied or after five minutes from when the plug is power unplugged. Other actions could be performed after the charge indicator goes off.
- Do not perform wiring on the drive while it is still electrified. Disregarding this notice could cause serious injury or death. This product is designed to use in Pollution Degree 2 environments or equivalent environments.


### 3.3.2 Applicable Specifications of Magnetic Contactor and Wires

Molded-case circuit breaker/magnetic contactor
Boston Gear bears no responsibility to service for failures caused by the following conditions:

1. A molded-case circuit breaker is not installed, or an improper or overrated breaker is used, between the power source and the drive.
2. A magnetic contactor, a phase capacitor, or a surge absorber is connected between the drive and the motor.

| ACE15 Series |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 230VAC-3 Phase |$\quad$ 0005C


| ACE15 Series 460VAC-3 Phase | ACE154V3P |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0010C, 0020C, } \\ & \text { 0030C, 0050C } \end{aligned}$ | 0075C | 0100C | 0150C |
| Molded-case circuit breaker | 15A | 20A | 30A | 50A |
| Main circuit terminals (TM1) <br> L1 / L2 / L3 <br> T1 / T2 / T3/P / P1 / BR | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wire gauge } \\ 12 A W G \\ \text { Terminal screw } \\ \text { M4 } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Wire gauge 4AWG Terminal screw M6 |
| Signal terminals (TM2) 1-16 | Wire gauge (\#18 AWG, Terminal Screw M3) |  |  |  |

- Use three-phase induction motor with capacity suitable for the drive.
- One drive is driving several motors, the total current of all motors running simultaneously must be less than the capacity of the drive, and each motor has to be equipped with a proper overload relay.
- Do not add capacitive component, such as a phase capacitor, LC or RC, between the drive and the motor.


### 3.3.3 Precautions for Peripheral Applications



Ground

## Power supply:

- Make sure the voltage applied is correct to avoid damaging the drive.
- A molded-case circuit breaker must be installed between the AC source and the drive.


## Molded-case circuit breaker:

- Use a molded-case circuit breaker that conforms to the rated voltage and current of the drive to control the power ON/OFF and protect the drive.
- Do not use the drive as the switch for run/stop switch.


## Leakage breaker:

- Install a leakage breaker to prevent error operation caused by electric leakage and to protect operators.


## Magnetic contactor:

- Normal operations do not need a magnetic contactor. But a contactor has to be installed in primary side when performing functions such as external control and auto restart after power failure, or when using brake controller.
- Do not use the magnetic contactor as the run/stop switch of the drive.


## AC reactor for power improvement:

- When drives below 200V/400V 20HP are supplied with high capacity (above 600KVA) power source, an AC reactor can be connected to improve the power system performance.


## Input noise filter:

- A filter must be installed when there is inductive load around the drive.


## Drive:

- Input power terminals L1, L2, and L3 can be used in any sequence regardless of phases.
- Output terminals T1, T2 and T3 are connected to $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}$, and W terminals of the motor. If the motor is reversed while the drive is forward, just swap any to terminals or T1, T2, and T3.
- To avoid damaging the drive, do not connect the terminals T1, T2, and T3 to AC power.
- Connect the ground terminal properly. 200 V series: class 3 grounding, <100 ; 400 V series: $<10 \Omega$.

Make external connections according to the following instructions. Check connections after wiring to make sure all connections are correct. (Do not use the control circuit buzzer to check connections.)
A. Main circuit's wiring must separate from other high voltage or high current power line to avoid noise interference. Refer to the figures below.

- A noise filter in the output of the main circuit can suppress conductive noise. To prevent radiated noise, the wires should be put in a metal pipe and distance from signal lines of other control machines for more than 30 cm .
- The drive uses dedicated power line. A general noise filter may not provide desired results.

- Add a noise filter or separation transformer when missing.
- The Drive shares the power line with other machines.

- When the connection between the drive and the motor is long, consider the voltage drop of the circuit. Phase-to-phase voltage $\operatorname{drop}(V)=\sqrt{3} \quad x$ resistance $(\Omega / \mathrm{km})$ e $x$ length of line $(\mathrm{m}) \times$ current $10^{-3}$. And the number of conductors must be adjusted based on the length of the line.

| The length of <br> the cabling <br> between the <br> drive and <br> motor | Less Than <br> $82 \mathrm{ft}.(25 \mathrm{~m})$ | Less Than <br> $164 \mathrm{ft}.(50 \mathrm{M})$ | Less Than <br> $328 \mathrm{ft} .(100 \mathrm{~m})$ | More Than <br> $328 \mathrm{ft} .(100 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> carriers <br> allowed | 16 kHz and <br> below | 12 kHz and <br> below | 8 kHz and <br> below | 5 kHz and <br> below |
| Settings of <br> Parameter <br> $\mathbf{3 - 2 2}$ | 16 | 12 | 8 | 5 |

B. The wiring of the control circuit must be separated and routed away from the main circuit wiring and other high voltage or current power lines to avoid noise interference.

To avoid problems caused by noise interference, shield the control circuit wiring with a twisted wire, and connect the shielded wire to a ground terminal. Refer to the figure below.

The wiring distance should not exceed 165 ft .
C. Ground the ground terminal of the drive properly.


For 230 V class ground $100 \Omega$ or less; for 480 V class ground $10 \Omega$ or less.

- Ground wiring is based on the electrical equipment technical basis (AWG). The shorter the distance the better.
- Do not share the ground of the drive with other high current loads (welding machine, high power motor). Connect the terminals to ground respectively.
- Do not make a loop when several drives share a common ground point.
D. To ensure maximum safety, use proper wire gauges (AWG) for the main power circuit and control circuit according to relative regulations.

E. After wiring, check that the wiring is correct, wires are intact, and terminal screws are secured.


### 3.4 Specifications

### 3.4.1 Product Specifications

## Single phase, 200-240VAC Model

| ACE152V1P | 0005C | 0010C | 0020C | 0030C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Horsepower (HP) | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Suitable Motor Capacity (kW) | 0.4 | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| Rated Output Current (A) | 3.1 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 10.5 |
| Rated Capacity (KVA) | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 4.0 |
| Max. Input Voltage | Single Phase: $200 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%-15 \%, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Max. Output Voltage | Three Phases: 0~240V |  |  |  |
| Input Current (A) | 8.5 | 12 | 19 | 27 |
| Net Weight (kg) | 1.2 (1.3) | 1.2 (1.3) | 1.5 (1.8) | 1.9 (2.3) |
| Allowable momentary power loss time (second) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |

Three phase, 200-240 Volt Models

| ACE152V3P_ | 0005C | 0010C | 0020C | 0030C | 0050C | 0075C | 0100C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Horsepower (HP) | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7.5 | 10 |
| Suitable Motor Capacity (kW) | 0.4 | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 |
| Rated Output Current (A) | 3.1 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 17.5 | 26 | 35 |
| Rated Capacity (KVA) | 1.2 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 9.9 | 13.3 |
| Max. Input Voltage | Three Phase voltage: $200 \sim 240 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%-15 \%, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. Output Voltage | Three Phase voltage: 0~240V |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Current (A) | 4.5 | 6.5 | 11 | 15.4 | 20 | 29 | 40 |
| Net Weight (kg) | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.75 | 1.9 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Allowable momentary power loss time (second) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |

Three phase, 380-480 Volt Models

| ACE154V3P_ | 0010C | 0020C | 0030C | 0050C | 0075C | 0100C | 0150C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Horsepower (HP) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7.5 | 10 | 15 |
| Suitable Motor Capacity (kW) | 0.75 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 11 |
| Rated Output Current (A) | 2.3 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 8.8 | 13.0 | 17.5 | 25 |
| Rated Capacity (KVA) | 1.7 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 9.9 | 13.3 | 19.1 |
| Max. Input Voltage | Three Phase voltage: $380 \sim 480 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%-15 \%, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Max. Output Voltage | Three Phase voltage: $0 \sim 480 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Input Current (A) | 4.2 | 5.6 | 6 | 10.2 | 15 | 20.5 | 30.2 |
| Net Weight (kg) | 1.2 (1.3) | 1.2 (1.3) | 1.8 (2.2) | 1.8 (2.2) | 5.6 (6.6) | 5.6 (6.6) | 5.6 (6.6) |
| Allowable momentary power loss time (second) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |

### 3.4.2 General Specifications

| Item |  | ACE15 Compact Vector Drive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Control Mode |  | V/F or Current Vector Control |
|  | Frequency Range | $0.1 \sim 650.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | Start Control Torque | 150\% x 1 Hz (Current Vector) |
|  | Speed Control Range | 1:50 (Current Vector) |
|  | Speed Control Precision | $\pm 0.5 \%$ (Current Vector) |
|  | Setting Resolution | Digital: 0.01 Hz (Note 1); Analog: $0.06 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (10 bits) |
|  | Keypad Setting | Set directly with up or down keys or the VR on the keypad |
|  | Display Function | Four digital LED (or 2x16 LCD) and status indicator; display frequency/speed/line speed/DC voltage/output voltage/current/rotation direction/drive parameter/trouble log/program version |
|  | External Signal Setting | 1. External variable resistor $/ 0-5 \mathrm{~V} / 0-10 \mathrm{~V} / 4-20 \mathrm{~mA} / 5-0 \mathrm{~V} / 10-0 \mathrm{~V} / 20-4 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> 2. Performs up/down controls, speed control or automatic procedure control with multifunctional contacts on the terminal block (TM2) |
|  | Frequency Limit Function | Respectively setting upper/lower frequency limits and three-stage prohibited frequencies |
| Carrier Frequency |  | $2 \sim 16 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| V/F Pattern |  | 18 fixable patters, 1 programmable pattern |
| Acc/Dec Control |  | Two-stage Acc/Dec time (0.1-3,600 seconds) and two-stage S curves (refer to descriptions on 3-05) |
| Multifunctional Analog Output |  | 6 functions (refer to descriptions on 8-00/8-01) |
| Multifunctional Input |  | 30 functions (refer to description on 5-00~5-06 |
| Multifunctional Output |  | 16 functions (refer to description on 8-02~8-03 |
| Digital Input Signal |  | NPN (sink)/PNP (source) toggle |
| Other Function |  | Momentary Power Loss Restart, Speed Search, Overload Detection, 8 preset speeds. Acc/Dec Switch (2 Stages), S Curves, 3 -wire Control, PID Control, Torque Boost, Slip Compensation, Frequency Upper/Lower Limit, Auto energy saving, Modbus slave and PC/PDA Link, Auto Restart, Built-in Simple PLC Function. |
| Communication Control |  | 1. Control by RS232 or RS485 <br> 2. One to one or One to more (RS485 ONLY) control <br> 3. BAUD RATE/STOP BIT/PARITY/ bit can be set |
| Braking Torque |  | About 20\% stand alone, with the built-in braking transistor and connected braking resistor is 100\% |
| Operation Temperature |  | $-10 \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 2) |
| Storage Temperature |  | $-20 \sim 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity |  | 0-95\% Relative Humidity (Non-condense) |
| Vibration Sustention |  | 1G (9.8m/s ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| EMC |  | Comply with requirement EN 61800-3 with optional Filter |
| LVD |  | Comply with requirement EN 50178 |
| Enclosure |  | IP20 (NEMA 1 by external box attached) |
| Safety Level |  | UL 508C |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Overload Protection | The relay to protect the motor (the curve can be set) and the drive is rated at 150\% / 1 min |
|  | FUSE Protection | The motor stops after FUSE is damaged |
|  | Over Voltage | 200V class: DC Voltage: 410V 460V class: DC Voltage: 820 V |
|  | Under Voltage | 200V class: DC Voltage: 190V 460V class: DC Voltage: 380V |
|  | Momentary Power Loss Restart | Stop for more than 15ms-power-loss can be restarted with spin start after momentary power loss in Max 2 sec . 15 ms |
|  | Stall Prevention | Stall prevention for Acceleration/Deceleration/Operation |
|  | Short-circuit Output Terminal | Electronic Circuit Protection |
|  | Grounding Fault | Electronic Circuit Protection |
|  | Other Function | Protection for overheating of heat sink, over torque detection, error contact control, reverse restriction, restrictions for direct start after power up and error recovery, parameter lock up |

Note 1: The setting resolution of above 100 Hz is 0.1 Hz when controlled with operation keypad, and 0.01 Hz when controlled using computer (PC) or programmable logic controller (PLC)

Note 2: $\quad-10 \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in distributor (without dust-proof cover). $-10 \sim 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ outside distributor (with dust-proof cover).

### 3.5 Wiring Diagram ACE15 Series Drive



Note 1: Please refer to description of main circuit terminals (P1, BR) and specification of braking resistor for value selection. (Table 6.2 Dynamic Braking Resistor)

### 3.6 Description of Terminals

## Description of main circuit terminals

| Terminal | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| L1 (L) | Main power input: <br> Single-phase: L/N <br> Three-phase: L1/L2/L3 |
| L2 | Braking resistor or connecting terminal: <br> Used in cases where the drive frequently trips due <br> to large load inertia or short deceleration time <br> (refer to specifications of braking resistor) <br> (also see Table 6.2) |
| L3 (N) | DC reactor connecting terminals |
| P1 | Drive output |
| BR |  |
| P1 and P |  |
| T1 | T2 |

Description of ACE15 control circuit terminals

| Terminal | Description |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R2A | Multifunctional terminal - Normally open |  | Contact rated capacity: (250VAC/1A or 30VDC/1A) Contact using description: (refer to page 59) |
| R2B |  |  |  |
| R1C | Common contact | Multifunctional terminalsNormally open |  |
| R1B | Normally close contact |  |  |
| R1A | Normally open contact |  |  |
| 10V | Speed Potentiometer (VR) power source terminal (referenced to COM) terminal |  |  |
| AIN | Analog frequency signal input terminal (refer to page 54 for description) |  |  |
| 24V | Common contact for S1~S5 in PNP (sink) input. Short-circuit pin 2 and pin 3 (refer to ACE15 wiring diagram) of SW1 when used PNP (sink) input |  |  |
| COM | Common contact for S1~S5 in NPN (source) input. Short-circuit pin 2 and pin 3 (refer to ACE15 wiring diagram) of SW1 when used NPN (source) input |  |  |
| FM + | The positive analog output for multifunction (refer to page 59 for description) the signal for output terminal is $0-10 \mathrm{VDC}$ |  |  |


| Terminal | Terminal Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| S1 | Multifunction input terminals <br> (refer to page 54 for description) |
| S2 |  |
| S3 |  |
| S4 |  |
| S5 | S6/AV2 |

## Description of SW function

| SW2/SW3 | Type of external signal | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | V | 0-10VDC analog signal <br> (Factory Default) |
| External control is <br> $1-06=0002$ |  |  |
| $\square \mathrm{~V}$ | SW2 determines for |  |
| AIN signal |  |  |
|  | $0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ analog signal | SW3 determines for <br> S6/AV2 signal |


| SW1 | Type of external signal | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ NPN | NPN input (sink) | Active Low |
| $\square$ PNP | PNP input (source) <br> (Factory Default) | Active High |

### 3.7 Outline Dimensions

1. Frame 1: ACE152V1P0005C, ACE152V1P0010C, ACE152V3P0005C, ACE152V3P0010C, ACE152V3P0020C, ACE154V3P 0010C, ACE154V3P0020C
2. Frame 2: ACE152V1P0020C, ACE152V1P0030C, ACE152V3P0030C, ACE152V3P0050C, ACE154V3P0030C, ACE154V3P 0050C


Unit - inch/mm

| MODEL |  | A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Frame 1 | $6.42 / 163$ | $5.9 / 150$ | $3.07 / 78$ |
|  | Drame 2 | $7.36 / 187$ | $6.71 / 170$ | $4.51 / 114$ |


| MODEL | E | F | G |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frame 1 | $5.79 / 147$ | $5.55 / 141$ | $0.28 / 7$ |  |
| Frame 2 | $5.83 / 148$ | $5.59 / 142$ | $0.28 / 7$ |  |

### 3.7 Outline Dimensions (cont'd)

3. Frame 3: ACE152V3P0075C, ACE152V3P0100C, ACE154V3P0075C, ACE154V3P 0100C, ACE154V3P0150C


Unit: inch/mm

| Model | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frame 3 | $10.24 / 260$ | $9.61 / 244$ | $6.81 / 173$ | $7.32 / 186$ | $7.68 / 195$ | $7.4 / 188$ |

## Chapter 4 Software Index

### 4.1 Keypad Description

### 4.1.1 Keypad Display and Operation Instructions



1. SEQ LED Parameter $1-00=1$, LED Lit
2. $\operatorname{FRQ}$ LED $\quad$ Parameter $1-01=1 / 2 / 3 / 4$, LED Lit
3. FWD LED Forward Direction, LED action (Flashes in stop. Stays Lit while running.)
4. REV LED Reverse Direction, LED action (Flashes in stop. Stays Lit while running.)
5. Action of DSP/FUNC key Hz/RPM, FUNC, VOLT, AMP, LEDs and display of four 7- segment LED display, refer to operation description of the keypad.
6. LCD keypad without FUNC, Hz/RPM, VOLT, AM P, LEDs
7. Local/Remote switch, switch from local control to remote control

## ACAUTION

To avoid damaging the keypad, do not operate it with screwdriver or sharp and hard tool.

### 4.1.2 Operation Instructions of the Keypad



### 4.1.3 Operation Instructions of the LED Keypad



### 4.1.4 Operation Instructions of the LCD Keypad



### 4.1.5 Keypad Operating Example

Example 1. Modify frequency in stopping


Example 2. Modify frequency in operating


Note: XX. XX shows the present output frequency. The value ranges from 5958 to 0 Hz , depending on the length of time the $\nabla$ key is pressed.

Example 3. Modify the frequency in running


Example 4. Modify the Value of the Parameter


## Example 5. Operation Control



| FWD LED | $\odot$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\odot$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REV LED | $\bigcirc$ | $\odot$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |

- LED Lit $\bigcirc$ : LED Flash $\bigcirc$ : LED Out


### 4.2 Control Mode Selection

## ACE15 C ontroller has three control modes:

1. General Vector Control Mode
2. Variable Torque (ND) Vector Control Mode (for Blowers and pumps)

## 3. V/F Control Mode

The user can choose these modes with the digital keypad according to the application characteristics. The factory setting is general vector control mode. Before operation, please set the control mode and the relative parameters of the motor in accordance with the following flow chart. (The Vector control mode only suits the drive with the same capacity comparing to the motor, or one size smaller.)


## Note:

1. Use V/F Control Mode:
a. Use one drive to drive several motors simultaneously.
b. Motor's nameplate is unknown.
c. Specification of drive and motor differ more than 1 size.
2. One drive runs several motors (only V/F mode available), set the motor parameter complying with the following rules:
a. Choose the highest rated frequency among those of motors.
b. Choose the lowest rated voltage among those of motors.
c. Choose the lowest rated speed among those of motors.
d. As for the current, sum the rated current of all motors.
e. As for the power, sum the rated power of all motors.
3. When the nameplate of the motor is unknown, the drive will set the internal parameter according to the standard motor.
4. When parameter $0-00$ is set to 2 , the keypad will display "Err2" in performing Auto tuning.

### 4.3 Programmable Parameter List

| Parameter <br> Group No. | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 -}$ | Drive Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 -}$ | Start/Stop and Frequency Control Modes |
| $\mathbf{2 -}$ | Manual/Automatic Restart Modes |
| $\mathbf{3 -}$ | Operating Parameters |
| $\mathbf{4 -}$ | Digital Display Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{5 -}$ | Multifunction Input Terminals (MFIT) |
| $\mathbf{6 -}$ | J og, and Preset (MFIT) speed Setting on Keypad |
| $\mathbf{7 -}$ | Analog Input Signal Operation |
| $\mathbf{8 -}$ | Multifunction Output Relays and Output Signal Operation |
| $\mathbf{9 -}$ | Drive and Load Protection Modes |
| $\mathbf{1 0 -}$ | Volts/Hz Pattern Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 1 -}$ | PID Operation Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 2 -}$ | PID "Limits" and "Out of Range" Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 3 -}$ | Communication Mode |
| $\mathbf{1 4 -}$ | Motor Auto-Tuning Parameters |
| $\mathbf{1 5 -}$ | Drive Status and Function Reset |

## 0 - Drive Operation Mode

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-00 | (Control Mode) | Control Mode | 0000: Vector (General Purpose) 0001: Vector (Variable Torque ND) 0002: Volts/Hz (Refer to Parameter Group 10- Volts/Hz Mode | 0000 | *3 |
| 0-01 | (Motor Rated Volt) | Motor Rated Voltage (VAC) | ---- |  | *3, *5 |
| 0-02 | (Motor Rated Amp) | Motor Rated Current (Amp) | ---- |  | *3, *5 |
| 0-03 | (Motor Rated kW) | Motor Rated Power (kW) | ---- |  | *3, *5 |
| 0-04 | (Motor Rated RPM) | Motor Rated Speed (RPM) | ---- |  | *3, *5 |
| 0-05 | (Motor Rated Hz) | Motor Rated Frequency (Hz) | ---- |  | *3, *5 |
| 0-06 | (Auto Tuning) | Motor Auto Tuning | 0000: Disabled 0001: Enabled | 0000 |  |
| 0-07 | (AC Input Volt) | AC Line Input Voltage (VAC) | 230V Series: $170.0 \sim 264.0$ 460V Series: $323.0 \sim 528.0$ |  | *3 |
| 0-08 | (Select Language) | Language Selection | 0000: English 0001: German 0002: French 0003: Italian 0004: Spanish | 0000 |  |

## 1 - Start/Stop and Frequency Control Modes

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-00 | (Run Source) | Run Command Source Selection | 0000: Keypad <br> 0001: External Run/Stop Control <br> (See page 44) <br> 0002: Communication <br> 0003: Built-in PLC | 0000 |  |
| 1-01 | (MFIT Run Mode) | Run/Stop-Forward/Reverse Operation Mode with External Terminals | 0000: Forward/Stop-Reverse/Stop <br> 0001: Run/Stop-Forward/Reverse <br> 0002: 3-Wire Control Mode-Run/Stop | 0000 |  |
| 1-02 | (Reverse Oper) | Prohibit of Reverse operation | 0000: Enable Reverse Command 0001: Disable Reverse Command | 0000 |  |
| 1-03 | (Keypad Stop) | Keypad Stop Button | 0000: Stop Button Enabled 0001: Stop Button Disabled | 0000 |  |
| 1-04 | (Starting Method) | Starting Method Selection | 0000: Normal Start <br> 0001: Enable Speed Search | 0000 |  |
| 1-05 | (Stopping Method) | Stopping Method Selection |  | 0000 |  |
| 1-06 | (Frequency Source) | Frequency Command Source Selection | 0000: Keypad <br> 0001: Potentiometer on Keypad <br> 0002: External Analog Signal Input or Remote Potentiometer <br> 0003: Up/Down Frequency Control Using MFIT (S1-S6) <br> 0004: Communication setting frequency <br> 0005: Pulse Follower | 0000 |  |
| 1-07 | (Keypad Up/Down) | Keypad Operation with Up/Down Keys in Run Mode | 0000: ‘Enter’ must be pressed after frequency change with Up/Down Keys on keypad <br> 0001: Frequency will be changed directly when Up/Down Keys are Pressed | 0000 |  |

## 2- Manual/Automatic Restart Modes

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-00 | (PwrL Selection) | Momentary Power Loss and Restart | 0000: Momentary power loss and restart disable <br> 0001: Momentary power loss and restart enable <br> 0002: Momentary power loss and restart enable while CPU is operating. | 0000 |  |
| 2-01 | (PwrL Ridethru T) | Momentary Power Loss Ride-Thru Time (Seconds) | 0.0-2.0 | 0.5 |  |
| 2-02 | (Delay of Restart) | Auto Restart Delay Time (Seconds) | 0.0-800.0 | 0 |  |
| 2-03 | (Num of Restart) | Number of Auto Restart Attempts | 0-10 | 0 |  |
| 2-04 | (Auto Restart) | Auto Restart Method | 0000: Enable Speed Search 0001: Normal Start | 0000 |  |
| 2-05 | (Direct Start Sel) | Direct Running After Power Up | 0000: Enable direct running after power up 0001: Disable direct running after power up | 0000 |  |
| 2-06 | (Delay-on Timer) | Delay-ON Timer (Seconds) | 0.0-300.0 | 0 |  |
| 2-07 | (Reset Mode Sel) | Reset Mode Setting | 0000: Enable Reset Only when Run Command is Off <br> 0001: Enable Reset when Run Command is On or Off | 0000 |  |
| 2-08 | (KEB_Decel_Time) | Kinetic Energy Back-up Deceleration Time | 0.0:Disable 0.1~25.0: KEB Deceleration Time | 0 |  |

## 3- Operating Parameters

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-00 | (Freq Upper Limit) | Frequency Upper Limit (Hz) | 0.01-650.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 50.00 / \\ & 60.00 \end{aligned}$ | * 4 |
| 3-01 | (Freq Lower Limit) | Frequency Lower Limit (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 0 |  |
| 3-02 | (Accel Time 1) | Acceleration Time \# 1 (Seconds) | 0.1-3600.0 | 10 | *1 |
| 3-03 | (Decel Time 1) | Deceleration Time \# 1 (Seconds) | 0.1-3600.0 | 10 | *1 |
| 3-04 | (S-Curve 1) | S-Curve Acc/Dec \# 1 (Seconds) | 0.0-4.0 | 0.2 |  |
| 3-05 | (S-Curve 2) | S-Curve Acc/Dec \# 2(Seconds) | 0.0-4.0 | 0.2 |  |
| 3-06 | (Accel Time 2) | Acceleration Time \# 2 (MFIT) (Seconds) | 0.1-3600.0 | 10 | *1 |
| 3-07 | (Decel Time 2) | Deceleration Time \# 2 (MFIT) (Seconds) | 0.1-3600.0 | 10 | *1 |
| 3-08 | (Jog Acc Time) | Jog Acceleration Time (MFIT) (Seconds) | 0.1-25.5 | 0.5 | *1 |
| 3-09 | (Jog Dec Time) | Jog Deceleration Time (MFIT) (Seconds) | 0.1-25.5 | 0.5 | *1 |
| 3-10 | (DCInj Start Freq) | DC Injection Brake Start Frequency $(\mathrm{Hz})$ | 0.1-10.0 | 1 |  |
| 3-11 | (DCInj Level) | DC Injection Brake Level (\%) | 0.0-20\% | 5\% |  |
| 3-12 | (DCInj Time) | DC Injection Brake Time (Seconds) | 0.0-25.5 | 0.5 |  |
| 3-13 | (Skip Freq 1) | Skip Frequency \# $1(\mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | 0.00-650.00 | 0.0 | *1 |
| 3-14 | (Skip Freq 2) | Skip Frequency \# 2 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 0.0 | *1 |
| 3-15 | (Skip Freq 3) | Skip Frequency \# 3 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 0.0 | *1 |
| 3-16 | (Skip Bandwidth) | Skip Frequency Bandwidth ( $\pm \mathrm{Hz}$ ) | 0.00-30.00 | 0.0 | *1 |
| 3-17 | (Parameter Lock) | Parameter Lock | 0000: Enable all Functions 0001: 6-00-6-08 cannot be changed 0002: All Functions Except 6-00-6-08 cannot be changed 0003: Disable All Function | 0000 |  |
| 3-18 | (ROM Pack Operate) | Copy Unit | 0000: Disable <br> 0001: Drive to Copy Unit <br> 0002: Copy Unit to Drive <br> 0003: Verify | 0000 |  |

## 3-Operating Parameters (Con't)

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-19 | (Fan Control) | Fan Control | 0000: Auto (Depend on temp.) <br> 0001: Operate while in RUN mode <br> 0002: Always Run <br> 0003: Always Stop | 0000 |  |
| 3-20 | (Energy Save Model) | Energy Saving Mode *1 | 0000: Disabled <br> 0001: Controlled by MFIT at Set Frequency | 0000 | *6 |
| 3-21 | (Energy Save Gain) | Energy Saving Gain (\%)*1 | 0-100 | 80 | *6 |
| 3-22 | (Carrier Freq) | Carrier Frequency (kHz) | 2-16 | 10 |  |
| 3-23 | (Center F of Trav) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Center Frequency (CF) of Traverse } \\ & \text { Run (\%) } \end{aligned}$ | 5.00-100.00 | 20.00 |  |
| 3-24 | (Amplit of Trav) | Amplitude (A) of Traverse Run (\%) | 0.1-20.0 | 10.0 |  |
| 3-25 | (Drop of Trav) | Drop (D) of Traverse Run (\%) | 0.0-50.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 3-26 | (Acc T of Trav) | Acc Time (AT) of Traverse Run (Seconds) | 0.5-60.0 | 10.0 |  |
| 3-27 | (Dec T of Trav) | Dec Time (DT) of Traverse Run (Seconds) | 0.5-60.0 | 10.0 |  |
| 3-28 | (Rise Deviated) | Rise (X) Deviated Traverse (\%) | 0.0-20.0 | 10.0 |  |
| 3-29 | (Lower Deviated) | Lower (Y) Deviated Traverse (\%) | 0.0-20.0 | 10.0 |  |

*Note: 1. Energy Saving Mode is availiable only under Volts/Hz Mode (0-00 = 0002).

## 4 - Digital Display Operation Mode

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-00 | (Motor Curr Disp) | Motor Current Display Selection | 0000: Disable Motor Current Display 0001: Enable Motor Current Display | 0000 | *1 |
| 4-01 | (Motor Volt Disp) | Motor Voltage Display Selection | 0000: Disable Motor Voltage Display 0001: Enable Motor Voltage Display | 0000 | *1 |
| 4-02 | (Bus Volt Disp) | DC Bus Voltage Display Selection | 0000: Disable Bus Voltage Display 0001: Enable Bus Voltage Display | 0000 | *1 |
| 4-03 | (PLC Status Disp) | PLC Status Display Selection | 0000: Disable PLC Status Display 0001: Enable PLC Status Display | 0000 | *1 |
| 4-04 | (Display Scaling) | Custom Units (Line Speed) Value | 0-9999 | 1800 | *1 |
| 4-05 | (Display Units) | Custom Units (Line Speed) Display Mode | 0000: Drive Output Frequency is Displayed <br> 0001: Line Speed is Displayed in Integer (xxxx) <br> 0002: Line Speed is Displayed with One Decimal Place (xxx.x) <br> 0003: Line Speed is Displayed with Two Decimal Places (xx.xx) <br> 0004: Line Speed is Displayed with Three Decimal Places (x.xxx) | 0000 | *1 |
| 4-06 | (PID Feed Disp) | PID Feedback Display Selection | 0000: Disable PID Feedback Display 0001: Enable PID Feedback Display | 0000 | *1; *7 |

## 5 - Multifunction Input Terminals (MFIT)

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5-00 | (MFIT S1 Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. S1 | 000: Forward/Stop Command 0001: Reverse/Stop Command 0002: Preset Speed \# 1 (6-02) 0003: Preset Speed \# 2 (6-03) 0004: Preset Speed \# 3 (6-05) | 0000 | $\begin{aligned} & * 1 \\ & * 2 \\ & * 2 \\ & * 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5-01 | (MFIT S2 Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. S2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0005: Jog } \\ & \text { 0006: Acc/Dec \# } 2 \\ & \text { 0007: Emergency Stop A Contact } \\ & \text { 0008: Base Block } \\ & \text { 0009: Speed Search } \\ & \text { 0010: Energy Saving } \end{aligned}$ | 0001 |  |
| 5-02 | (MFIT S3 Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. S3 | 0011: Control Signal Selection 0012: Communication Selection 0013: Acc/Dec Disabled 0014: Up Command 0015: Down Command 0016: Master/Auxiliary Speed | 0002 |  |
| 5-03 | (MFIT S4 Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. S4 | 0017: PID Function Disabled <br> 0018: Reset <br> 0019: Encoder input terminal (terminal S5) <br> 0020: PID feedback signal A12 | 0003 |  |
| 5-04 | (MFIT S5 Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. S5 | (terminal S6) <br> 0021: Al2 Bias signal 1 input (terminal S6) <br> 0022: Al2 Bias signal 2 input (terminal S6) | 0004 |  |
| 5-05 | (MFIT S6 Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. S6 | AIN) <br> 0024: PLC Application <br> 0025: Traverse Run <br> 0026: Traverse run upper deviation | 0018 |  |
| 5-06 | (MFIT AIN Sel) | Multifunction Input Term. AIN | 0027: Traverse run lower deviation <br> 0028: Power Source Detect for KEB Function <br> 0029: Emergency Stop B Contact | 0023 | *7 |
| 5-07 | (MFIT Scan Time) | Multifunction Input Term. <br> S1-S6 Signal Verification Scan <br> Time (mSec X 4 ) | 1-100 | 5 |  |
| 5-08 | (Stop Sel by MFIT) | Stop Mode Using MFIT | 0000: When the MFITs are Programmed for Up/Down Frequency Control, the Set Frequency will remain when the Drive stops. And when the Drive stops, Up/Down Function Disabled. <br> 0001: Up/Down is used. The preset frequency is reset to OHz as the Drive stops. <br> 0002: When the MFITs are Programmed for Up/Down Frequency Control, the Set Frequency will remain when the Drive stops. And when the Drive stops, Up/Down Function Enabled. | 0000 | *7 |

## 5 - Multifunction Input Terminals (MFIT) (cont'd)

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory <br> Default | Remarks <br> $5-09$ <br> $5-10$ <br> $5-11$ Ptep Up/Down Fun) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Ref.Source Mult. | Step of Up/Down Function (Hz) | Pulse Follower Multiplier | Reference Source 2 | $0.00-5.00$ | 0.00 |

$\triangle$ Notes:

1. To switch to Run/Stop with Function 1-01 $=0001$.
2. To switch to Forward/Reverse with Function 1-01 $=0001$.
3. Preset Speed \# 3 is obtained by activating Terms. S3 and S4 simultaneously.

## 6 - J og, and Preset (MFIT) Frequency Setting on Keyboard

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6-00 | (Keypad Freq) | Keypad Frequency (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 5.00 | *1 |
| 6-01 | (Jog Freq) | Jog Frequency (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 2.00 | *1 |
| 6-02 | (Preset Speed \#1) | Preset Speed \# 1 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 5.00 | *1 |
| 6-03 | (Preset Speed \#2) | Preset Speed \# 2 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 10.00 | *1 |
| 6-04 | (Preset Speed \#3) | Preset Speed \# 3 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 20.00 | ${ }^{*} 1$ |
| 6-05 | (Preset Speed \#4) | Preset Speed \# 4 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 30.00 | *1 |
| 6-06 | (Preset Speed \#5) | Preset Speed \# 5 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 40.00 | *1 |
| 6-07 | (Preset Speed \#6) | Preset Speed \# 6 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 50.00 | *1 |
| 6-08 | (Preset Speed \#7) | Preset Speed \# 7 (Hz) | 0.00-650.00 | 60.00 | *1 |

## 7 - Analog Input Signal Operation

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7-00 | (AIN Gain) | AIN Gain (\%) | 0-200 | 100 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| 7-01 | (AIN Offset) | AIN Bias (\%) | 0-100 | 0 | *1 |
| 7-02 | (AIN Bias) | AIN Bias Selection | 0000: Positive 0001: Negative | 0000 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| 7-03 | (AIN Slope) | AIN Slope | 0000: Positive 0001: Negative | 0000 | *1 |
| 7-04 | (AIN Scan Time) | AIN Signal Verification Scan Time (AIN, AI2) ( $\mathrm{mSec} \times 2$ ) | 1-100 | 50 |  |
| 7-05 | (AI2 Gain) | Al2 Gain (\%)(S6) | 0-200 | 100 | ${ }^{*}$ |

$\triangle$ Notes: Group 7 is available when $5-06=0023$ (AIN term. $=$ Analog input)

## 8 - Multifunciton Output Relays and Output Signal Operation

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8-00 | (AO Mode Sel) | Analog Output Voltage Mode (0-10 VDC, Term. FM + | 0000: Output Frequency <br> 0001: Frequency Setting <br> 0002: Output Voltage <br> 0003: DC Voltage <br> 0004: Output Current <br> 0005: PID Feedback | 0000 |  |
| 8-01 | (AO Gain) | Analog Output Gain (\%) | 0-200 | 100 | *1 |
| 8-02 | (Relay R1 Sel) | Output Relay R1 Operation Mode | 0000: Run <br> 0001: Frequency Reached <br> (Target Frequency) <br> (Set Frequency $\pm 8$-05) <br> 0002: Set Frequency $(8-04 \pm 8-05)$ <br> 0003: Frequency Threshold Level (>8-04) - <br> Frequency Reached <br> 0004: Frequency Threshold Level (<8-04) Frequency Reached | 0006 |  |
| 8-03 | (Relay R2 Sel) | Output Relay R2 Operation Mode | 0005: Over torque Threshold Level <br> 0006: Fault <br> 0007: Auto Restart <br> 0008: Momentary AC Power Loss <br> 0009: Rapid Stop Mode <br> 0010: Coast-to-Stop Mode <br> 0011: Motor Overload Protection <br> 0012: Drive Overload Protection <br> 0013: PID Feedback Signal Loss <br> 0014: PLC Operation <br> 0015: Power On | 0000 | *7 |
| 8-04 | (Freq Agree) | Frequency Reached (Hz) <br> (Refer to 8-02: 0001) | 0.00-650.00 | 0.00 | *1 |
| 8-05 | (Freq Agree width) | Frequency Reached Bandwidth $( \pm \mathrm{Hz})$ | 0.00-30.00 | 0.00 | *1 |

## 9 - Drive and Load Protection Modes

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9-00 | (Trip ACC Sel) | Trip Prevention Selection During Acceleration | 0000: Enable Trip Prevention During Acceleration 0001: Disable Trip Prevention During Acceleration | 0000 |  |
| 9-01 | (Trip ACC Level) | Trip Prevention Level During Acceleration (\%) | 50-300 | 200 |  |
| 9-02 | (Trip DEC Sel) | Trip Prevention Selection During Deceleration | 0000: Enable Trip Prevention During Deceleration <br> 0001: Disable Trip Prevention During Deceleration | 0000 |  |
| 9-03 | (Trip DEC Level) | Trip Prevention Level During Deceleration (\%) | 50-300 | 200 |  |
| 9-04 | (Trip RUN Sel) | Trip Prevention Selection in Run Mode | 0000: Enable Trip Prevention in Run Mode <br> 0001: Disable Trip Prevention in Run Mode | 0000 |  |
| 9-05 | (Trip Run Level) | Trip Prevention Level In Run Mode (\%) | 50-300 | 200 |  |
| 9-06 | (Dec Sel Trip RUN) | Trip Prevention Deceleration Time Selection in Run Mode | 0000: Trip Prevention Deceleration <br> Time Set by 3-03 <br> 0001: Trip Prevention Deceleration Time Set by 9-07 | 0000 |  |
| 9-07 | (Dec Time Trip RUN) | Deceleration Time In Trip Prevention Mode (Seconds) | 0.1-3600.0 | 3.0 |  |
| 9-08 | (Motor OL1 Sel) | Electronic Motor Overload Protection Operation Mode | 0000: Enable Electronic Motor Overload Protection 0001: Disable Electronic Motor Overload Protection | 0000 |  |
| 9-09 | (Motor Type) | Motor Type Selection | 0000: Electronic Motor Overload Protection Set for Non-Drive Duty Motor <br> 0001: Electronic Motor Overload Protection Set for Drive Duty Motor | 0000 |  |
| 9-10 | (Motor OL1 Curve) | Motor Overload Protection Curve Selection | 0000: Constant Torque (OL=103) ( 150 \% for 1 Minute) 0001: Variable Torque (OL=113) (123 \% for 1 Minute) | 0000 |  |
| 9-11 | (Motor OL1 Operat) | Operation After Overload Protection is Activated | 0000: Coast-to-Stop After Overload Protection is Activated <br> 0001: Drive Will Not Trip when Overload Protection is Activated (OL1) | 0000 |  |
| 9-12 | (Torq Det Sel) | Over Torque Detection Selection | 0000: Disable Over Torque Operation 0001: Enable Over Torque Operation Only if at Set Frequency 0002: Enable Over Torque Operation while the drive is in Run Mode | 0000 |  |
| 9-13 | (Torq Det Operat) | Operation After Over Torque Detection is Activated | 0000: Drive will Continue to Operate After Over Torque is Activated 0001: Coast-to-Stop After Over Torque is Activated | 0000 |  |
| 9-14 | (Torg Det Level) | Over Torque Threshold Level (\%) | 30-200 | 160 |  |
| 9-15 | (Torq Det Delay) | Over Torque Activation Delay Time (Seconds) | 0.0-25.0 | 0.1 |  |

## 10-Volts/Hz Operation Mode

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10-0 | (V/F Selection) | Volts/Hz Patterns | 0-18 | 0/9 | *4; * 6 |
| 10-1 | (Torque Boost) | Volts/Hz Curve Modification (Torque Boost) (\%) | 0-30.0 | 0.0 | *1; *6 |
| 10-2 | (Motor noLoad Amp) | Motor No Load Current (Amps AC) | -- |  | *5; *6 |
| 10-3 | (Motor rated Slip) | Motor Slip Compensation (\%) | 0.0-100.0 | 0.0 | *1; *6 |
| 10-4 | (Max frequency) | Maximum Frequency (Hz) | 50.00-650.00 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50.00 / \\ & 60.00 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | *4; *6 |
| 10-5 | (Max Voltage) | Maximum Frequency Voltage Ratio (\%) | 0.0-100.0 | 100 | * 6 |
| 10-6 | (Mid frequency) | Mid Frequency (Hz) | 0.10-650.00 | 30 Hz | *4; * 6 |
| 10-7 | (Mid Voltage) | Mid Frequency Voltage Ratio (\%) | 0.0-100.0 | 50\% | *6 |
| 10-8 | (Min frequency) | Minimum Frequency (Hz) | 0.10-650.00 | 0.6 | * 6 |
| 10-9 | (Min Voltage) | Minimum Frequency Voltage Ratio (\%) | 0.0-100.0 | 1\% | * 6 |

## 11 - PID Operation Mode

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11-0 | (PID Mode Sel) | Mode Selection | 0000: Disabled <br> 0001: Bias D Control <br> 0002: Feedback D Control <br> 0003: Bias D Reversed Characteristics <br> Control <br> 0004: Feedback D Reversed <br> Characteristics Control <br> 0005: Frequency Command + Bias <br> D Control <br> 0006: Frequency Command + <br> Feedback D Control <br> 0007: Frequency Command + Bias D <br> Reversed Characteristics Control <br> 0008: Frequency Command + Feed- <br> back D Reversed Characteristics | 0000 |  |
| 11-01 | (Feedback Gain) | Feedback Gain (\%) | 0.00-10.00 | 1.00 | *1 |
| 11-02 | (PID Gain) | Proportional Gain (\%) | 0.0-10.0 | 1.00 | *1 |
| 11-03 | (PID I Time) | Integration Time (Seconds) | 0.0-100.0 | 10.00 | *1 |
| 11-04 | (PID D Time) | Differentiation Time (Seconds) | 0.00-10.00 | 0.00 | *1 |
| 11-05 | (PID Offset) | PID Offset | 0000: Positive 0001: Negative | 0000 | *1 |
| 11-06 | (PID Offset Adj) | PID Offset Adjust (\%) | 0-109 | 0 | *1 |
| 11-07 | (Output Filter T) | Output Lag Filter Time (Seconds) | 0.0-2.5 | 0.0 | *1 |

## 12 - PID "Limits" and "Out of Range" Mode

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-0 | (Fb Los Det Sel) | Feedback Loss Detection Mode | 0000: Disabled <br> 0001: Enabled - Drive Continues to Operate After Feedback Loss <br> 0002: Enabled - Drive "STOPS" After Feedback Loss | 0000 |  |
| 12-1 | (Fb Los Det Lvl) | Feedback Loss Detection Level (\%) | 0-100 | 0 |  |
| 12-2 | (Fb Los Det Time) | Feedback Loss Detection Delay Time (Seconds) | 0.0-25.5 | 1.0 |  |
| 12-3 | (PID I Limit) | Integration Limit Value (\%) | 0-109 | 100 | ${ }^{*} 1$ |
| 12-4 | (l Time value Sel) | Integration Value Resets to Zero when Feedback Signal Equals the Intended Value | 0000: Disabled 0001: 1 Second 0030: 30 Seconds | . 0000 |  |
| 12-5 | (I Error Margin) | Allowable Integration Error Margin (Units)(1 Unit = 1/8192) | 0-100 | 0 |  |
| 12-6 | (PID Comm. Source) | PID Feedback signal | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0000: 0~10V } \\ & \text { 0001: 4~20mA } \end{aligned}$ | . 0000 |  |
| 12-7 | (Sleep Level) | Sleep Function Operation Level | 0.00-650.00 | 0.0 | *7 |
| 12-8 | (Sleep Delay Time) | Sleep Function Delay Time | 0.0-25.5 | 0.0 | *7 |

## 13 - Communication Mode

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory <br> Default | Remarks <br> $13-0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (Serial Comm Adr) | Assigned-Communication Station <br> Number | $1-254$ | 1 | $* 2 * 3$ |  |
| $13-1$ | (Serial Baud Rate) | Baud Rate Setting (bps) | $0000: 4800$ <br> $0001: 9600$ <br> $0002: 19200$ <br> $0003: 38400$ | 0003 | $* 2 * 3$ |
| $13-2$ | (Comm Stop Bit) | Stop Bit Selection | $0000: 1$ Stop Bit <br> $0001: 2$ Stop Bits | $0000:$ Without Parity <br> $0001:$ With Even Parity <br> $0002:$ With Odd Parity | 0000 |
| $13-3$ | (Comm Parity Sel) | Parity Selection | $0000: 8$-Bits Data <br> $0001: 7$-Bits Data | 0000 | $* 2 * 3$ |
| $13-4$ | (Comm Data Format) | Data Format Selection |  | 0000 | $* 2 * 3$ |

## 14 - Motor Auto-Tune Parameters

| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory <br> Default | Remarks <br> $14-0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (Stator Resistor) | Stator Resistance (Ohms) | see Appendix 1 |  | $* 3 * 5$ |  |
| $14-1$ | (Rotor Resistor) | Rotor Resistance (Ohms) | see Appendix 1 | $* 3 * 5$ |  |
| $14-2$ | (Equi Inductance) | Equivalent Inductance (mH) | see Appendix 1 |  |  |
| $14-3$ | (Magnet Current) | Magnetizing Current (Amps AC) | see Appendix 1 | $* 3 * 5$ |  |
| $14-4$ | (Ferrite Loss) | Ferrite Loss Conductance (gm) | see Appendix 1 |  |  |


| Parameter | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code | Factory Default | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15-0 | (Drive Model) | Drive Horsepower Code | (See page 64) |  | * 3 |
| 15-1 | (Software Version) | Software Version | ---- | ---- | *3 |
| 15-2 | (Fault Log) | Fault Jog (Last 3 Faults) | (See page 64) | ---- | * 3 |
| 15-3 | (Elapsed Hours) | Accumulated Operation Time (Hours) | 0-9999 | ---- | *3 |
| 15-4 | (Elapsed Hr*10000) | Accumulated Operation Time (Hours X 10000) | 0-27 | ---- | *3 |
| 15-5 | (Elapsed Time Sel) | Accumulated Operation Time Mode | 0000: Time Under Power 0001: Run Time | 0000 | *3 |
| 15-6 | (Reset Parameter) | Reset drive to Factory Settings | 1110: Reset for 50 Hz Motor Operation <br> 1111: Reset for 60 Hz Motor Operation <br> 1112: Reset PLC Program | 0000 | * 4 |

## Notes:

*1 can be modified during operation
*2 cannot be modified during communication
*3 does not change while making factory setting
*4 as parameter related to factory setting
*5 the parameter will be changed by replacing model (see descriptions of the POSTSCRIPT 1)
*6 only available in V/F mode
*7 only for version 1.6 and above

### 4.4 Parameter Function Description

## Parameter Group 0: Drive

0-00: Control Mode
0000: Vector Mode (General Mode) Default Setting
0001: Vector Mode (Variable Torque Mode ND)
0002: V/F Mode
To select the most suitable vector control mode or V/F mode according to the load characteristics.

1. Vector (general mode) is intended to control the general load or rapidly-changing torque load.
2. Vector (VT or ND mode) is suitable for Blower/Pump and HVAC load. The magnetic current of motor will be variable with the torque, which will reduce the current to save the energy.
3. V/F mode is selected, please set the parameter group 10 to comply with the load features.

## APRECAUTION

1. The motor auto tuning parameter is for a stationary auto tune. During motor auto tuning, the motor does not rotate, and the keypad displays "AT".
2. During motor parameter auto tuning, the input signal in control circuit is inalid. (Keypad Only)
3. Before motor parameter auto tuning, please confirm the stop state of the motor.
4. The motor parameter auto tuning is only available for vector control mode ( $0-00=0000$ or $0-00=0001$ ).

0-07: AC Line Input Voltage (Volts AC)
230V Series: 170.0~264.0
460V Series: 323.0~528.0
To make sure of the voltage level of the drive, please input the actual on-site voltage value.

0-08: Language Selection
0000: English - Default Setting
0001: German
0002: French
0003: Italian
0004: Spanish
The function is only avilable for the products with LCD operation keypad. The operation is not available with LED keypad.

## Parameter Group 1-Start/Stop and Frequency Control Modes

1-00: Run Command Source Selection 0000: Keypad - Default Setting
0001: External Terminal Control
0002: Communication Control
0003: Built-in PLC

1. $1-00=0000$ Start/Stop is controlled by the keypad.
2. $1-00=0000 \mathrm{Start} / \mathrm{Stop}$ is controlled by the external terminals, and the Stop key on the keypad is active for emergency stop. (Refer to parameter 1-03 for detail description.)
3. $1-00=0002$ Start/Stop is communication controlled.
4. $1-00=0003$ Start/Stop is built-in PLC controlled.

Note: $1-00=0001$, please refer to parameter groups 2-00, 2-01, 2-02 and 2-03 for detail descriptions. Drive may restart automatically.
1-01: Operation modes for external terminals 0000: Forward/Stop-Reverse/Stop Default Setting
0001: Run/Stop-Forward/Reverse
0002: 3-wire Control Mode - Run/Stop

1. When operation command $1-00=0001$ (external terminal), 1-01 is valid.
2. When operation command $1-00=0001$ (external terminal control), the Stop key on the keypad does work for emergency stop. (Refer to 1-03 for detail description.)
3. When both forward and reverse commands are ON, the drive will treat as a STOP.
$1-01=0000$, Control mode is as below:
4. Input signal is NPN (sink) 2. Input signal is PNP (source)

$1-01=0001$, Control mode is as below:
5. Input signal is NPN (sink): 2. Input signal is PNP (source)


Note: When 3-wire control (parameter $1-02=0002$ ) mode is selected, the terminal S 3 is not controlled by 5-02.
1-02: Prohibit of Reverse Operation 0000:
Enable Reverse Command -
0000: Enable Reverse Command Default Seting
0001: Disable Reverse Command
Note: $1-02=0001$, the reverse command is unavailable.

1-03: Keypad Stop Button
0000: Stop Button Enable - Default Setting
0001: Stop Button Disable
This parameter has 2 functions:
Run/Stop set to External Control:
Parameter 1-00: 1, 2, and 3 (Terminals, Serial Communication, PLC)

When 1-03 is set to enable (0) the keypad STOP button is active. When STOP is pressed in any of the run source control modes the drive will coast to a stop and display a STP 2 fault. When parameter 1-03 is set to disabled (1) the STOP button will be inactive.

Run/Stop set to Keypad Control:
Parameter 1-00: 0 (Keypad) or LOCAL Mode Control

When 1-03 is set to enable (0) and run source (1-00) is set to 1 (keypad) and the keypad is removed during operation, the drive will coast to a stop and display a STP2 fault. When parameter 1-03 is set to disabled (1) the STOP button will be inactive and the user can remove the keypad during operation. In case the drive's Frequency Source (1-06) is programmed for "potentiometer on keypad" it will use the last known reference before the keypad was removed.

Note: The drive's automatic reset function will not reset STP 2 faults.

1-04: $\quad$ Starting Method Selection
0000: Normal Start - Default Setting
0001: Enable Speed Search

1. $1-04=0000$ : When starting, the drive accelerates from 0 to target frequency in the set time.
2. $1-04=0001$ : When starting, the drive accelerates to target frequency from the detected speed of motor.

1-05: Stopping Method
0000: Controlled Deceleration-to-Stop with DC Injection Braking (Rapid Stop) - Default Setting
0001: Coast to a stop

1. $1-05=0000$ : Drive will decelerate to 0 Hz in programmed deceleration time after receiving the stop command.
2. $1-05=0001$ : Drive will stop output after receiving the stop command. The motor will coast to a stop.

1-06: Frequency Command Source Selection 0000: Set the Frequency with Keypad Default Setting
0001: Potentiometer on Keypad
0002: External Analog Signal Input or Remote Potentiometer
0003: Up/Down Frequency Control Using MFIT (S 1 - S6)
0004: Communication Setting Frequency
0005: Pulse Follower

1. $1-06=0001$ : As one of the parameters in the group $5-00 \sim 5-06$ is set to 16 and multifunction terminal is OFF, the frequency is set by the speed pot on the keypad. While the multifunction terminal is ON, the frequency is set by analog signal (auxiliary speed) on terminal block (TM2).
2. $1-06=0002$ : As one of the parameter in group 5-00~5-06 is set to 16 and the multifunction terminal is OFF, the frequency is set by analog signal on terminal block (TM 2). While the multifunction terminal is ON , the frequency is set by the speed pot on the keypad.
3. Please refer to description of parameter group 5-00~5-06 (multifunction input terminals) for the function Up/Down terminal.
4. The priority in reading frequency is PLC frequency control > traverse run>jog> preset speed>up or down keys on keypad or Up/Down or communication control.

Follow pulse train input, using Terminal S5. The parameter in group 5-04 has to be set to 19 and the multifunction terminal S 5 is dedicated to pulse follower train input. Use $5-10$ to adjust the ratio multiplier and 7-00 to adjust the gain, 7-01 to adjust the offset.

1-07: Keypad Operation with Up/Down Keys in Run Mode
0000: "Enter" Must be Pressed After Frequency Change with Up/Down Keys on keypad. - Default Setting
0001: Frequency Will be Changed Directly When Up/Down Keys are Pressed.

## Parameter Group 2 - Manual/Automatic Restart Modes

2-00: Momentary Power Loss and Restart 0000: Momentary Power Loss and Restart Disable - Default Setting
0001: Momentary Power Loss and Restart is Enable
0002: Momentary Power Loss and Restart Enable While CPU is Operating

2-01: Momentary Power Loss Ride - Through Time (sec): $0.0-2.0$ seconds - Default setting 0.5

1. When starting of other loads may cause lowering the voltage below the under-voltage level, the drive will stop outputting at once. If the power supply recovers in the 2-01 preset time, it will speed search beginning from the trip frequency, or the drive will trip with "LV-C" displayed.
2. The allowable power loss time differs with each model. The range is from 1 to 2 seconds.
3. $2-00=0000$ : After power lost, the drive will not start.
4. $2-00=0001$ : If the loss time is less than the value of parameter 2-01, the drive will speed search in 0.5 second after the power supply is restored.
5. $2-00=0002$ : When power is lost for a long time, before the drive loses the control power for the CPU, the drive will restart according to the parameter 1-00 and 2-04 setting and status of external switch as the power is supplied.

Note: $1-00=0001,2-04=0000,2-00=0001$ or 0002 after power loss for a long time, please turn OFF the power and power switches in case of injury to person and machine by the reconnecting of the power source.

2-02: Auto restart Delay time: $0 \sim 800.0$ seconds Default setting 0.5

2-03: Number of Auto Restart Attempts: $0 \sim 10$ times - Default setting 00

1. $2-03=0$ Drive will not auto restart after drive tripped.
2. $2-03>0,2-02=0$ :

The drive will conduct SPEED SEARCH in 0.5 seconds after the drive tripped. The motor will decelerate after the trip and then accelerate or decelerate to the target frequency.
3. $2-03>0,2-02>0$ :

The output will be stopped for a period which is determined by parameter 2-02 after the trip. Then, the drive speed search to target frequency.
4. If the drive is decelerating or DC braking at the time of the trip, it will not perform restarter after a trip.

2-04: Start Method:
0000: Enable Speed Search - Default Setting
0001: Normal Start

1. $2-04=0000$ : Drive will detect motor speed and accelerate to set frequency.
2. 2-04=0001: Drive will accelerate the motor speed from stop (zero speed) to the set frequency.

2-05: Direct running after power up:
0000: Enable Direct Running After Power Up - Default setting
0001: Disable Direct Running After Power Up

## ADANGER

1. $2-05=0000$ : The drive is set to external terminal control $(1-00=0001)$, if the run switch is ON as power is supplied, the drive will auto start. It is recommended to cut off the power switch and run switch in case of injury to persons or machine as power is supplied.
2. $2-05=0001$ : The drive is set to external terminal control $(1-00=0001)$, if the run switch is ON as power is supplied, the drive will not auto start and flash STP1. It is necessary to cycle the Run switch to perform a start.

2-06: Delay-ON Timer (seconds):
$0 \sim 300.0$ seconds - Default Setting 0.0
As power on and $2-05=0000$, the drive will perform auto restart in the setting time of delay.

2-07: Reset mode setting:
0000: Enable Reset Only when Run Command is OFF - Default Setting
0001: Enable Reset when Run
Command is On or Off
$2-07=0000$ As the drive detected the trip, please remove the Run signal and perform the reset, or restarting will not work.

2-08: Kinetic Energy Back-up Deceleration Time: 0.00~25.00 seconds (Inertia Ride-thru)

$$
\begin{aligned}
2-08= & 0 \text { Kinetic Energy Back-up (KEB) } \\
& \text { Function Disable } \\
2-08= & 0 \text { Kinetic Energy Back-up (KEB) } \\
& \text { Function Enable }
\end{aligned}
$$

Example: 230 V system


## Note:

1. When $2-08 \neq 0$ : Momentary power loss and Restart is disabled, the drive will do Kinetic Energy Back-up (KEB) Function.
2. When power off: CPU detects the DC Voltage. KEB function enables when DC Voltage is below 190V (230V system) or 380V (460V system).
3. When KEB function is enabled, the drive decelerates to zero by parameter 2-08, and the drive stops.
4. If the power is turned on during the KEB function, the drive accelerates to original frequency.

## Parameter Group 3 - Manual/Automatic Restart Modes

3-00: Frequency Upper limit (Hz):
0.01-650.00-Default Setting 60Hz

3-01: Frequency Lower limit (Hz):
0.01-650.00- Default Setting 0Hz
 command is 0 Hz , the drive will stop at zero speed. When $3-01>0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and frequency command $\geq 3-01$, the drive will output parameter 3-01 value.

3-02: Acceleration Time \#1 (second):
0.1 - 3600.0 - Default Setting 10

3-03: Deceleration Time \#1 (second):
0.1 - 3600.0 - Default Setting 10

3-04: S Curve of First Acceleration Stage (second):
0.0-4.0 - Default Setting 0

3-05: S Curve of Second Acceleration Stage (second):
0.0-4.0-Default Setting 0

3-06: Acceleration Time \#2 (second):
0.1-3600.0 - Default Setting 10

3-07: Deceleration Time \#2 (second):
0.1 - 3600.0 - Default Setting 10

3-08: Jog Acceleration Time (second):
0.1-25.5-Default Setting 0.5

3-09: Jog Deceleration Time (second):
0.1-25.5-Default Setting 0.5

1. Formula for calculating acceleration and deceleration time: The denominator is the base frequency of the motor.

Acceleration time $=$
3-02 (or 3-06) X $\quad \frac{\text { Preset frequency }}{0-05}$

Deceleration time $=$
3-03 (or 3-07) X $\quad \frac{\text { Preset frequency }}{0-05}$
2. When parameter $5-00$ to $5-06$ is set to 06 (the acceleration and deceleration time), the first acceleration/deceleration/S-curve or the second acceleration/deceleration/S curve will be set when the MFIT is ON.
3. When parameter $5-00$ to $5-06$ is set to 05 ( $\mathrm{O} \circ \mathrm{g}$ ), external terminals control the Jog run. The acceleration and deceleration action will be at Jog acceleration and deceleration time.
4. When parameter 5-00 to $5-06$ is set as $05(\mathrm{og})$ and 06 (acceleration and deceleration time toggle), the acceleration and deceleration time will be selected as shown in the table below.

|  | Acc/Dec Time 1 <br> $(3-02 / 3-03)$ | Acc/Dec Time 2 <br> $(3-06 / 3-07)$ | og Acc/Dec Time <br> $(3-08 / 3-09)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Funcition = Preset <br> Value | Parameter 1-06 <br> Determines the <br> Output Frequency | Parameter 1-06 <br> Determines the <br> Output Frequency | Run at Parameter <br> 6-01 Jog <br> Frequency |
| $5-00 \sim 5-05 \mathrm{~J}$ OG <br> command | Off | Off | On |
| 5-00 $\sim 5-04$ <br> Toggle Acc/Dec <br> Time | Off | On | Off |

5. When $S$ curve time $(3-04 / 3-05)$ is set to 0 , the $S$ curve is turned off. Acceleration and deceleration rates are linear.
6. When $S$ curve time $(3-04 / 3-5)$ is larger than 0 , the acceleration and deceleration action will follow the diagram below.
7. Regardless of the stall prevention period, actual acceleration and deceleration time $=$ preset acceleration/deceleration time + S curve time.
8. During acceleration and deceleration process, there might be residual error in acceleration and deceleration toggling. Please set the $S$ curve time as 0 ( $3-04 / 3-$ 05 ), if you need to toggle acceleration and deceleration time in acceleration / deceleration process.


3-10 DC Injection Brake Start Frequency (Hz):
0.1 - 10.0-Default setting 1 Hz

3-11: DC Injection Brake Level (\%):
0.0-20.00\% - Default setting 5\%

3-12: DC Injection Brake Time (second):
0.0-25.5-Default setting 0.5 sec .

1. $3-10=F$ requency at which the drive will start injecting DC into the motor
2. 3-11=Percentage of current being injected into the motor (based on max output voltage)
3. $3-12=$ Duration of the $D C$ injection. See graph below.


3-13: $\quad$ Skip Frequency \#1 (Hz):
0.00-650.00-Default Setting 0

3-14: $\quad$ Skip Frequency \#2 (Hz):
0.00-650.00-Default Setting 0

3-15: Skip Frequency \#3 (Hz);
0.00-650.00-Default Setting 0

3-16: Skip Frequency Bandwidth ( $\pm \mathrm{Hz}$ ): 0.00-30.00-Default Setting 0

Example: Parameter $3-13$ is set to $10.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 13-14$ to
$20.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 13-5$ to $30.0 \mathrm{~Hz} / 13-6$ to 2.0 Hz


3-17: Parameter lock function
0000: Enable all Functions - Default Setting
0001: Parameter 6-00 to 6-08 Cannot be Changed
0002: All Functions Except 6-00 to 6-08 Cannot be Changed
0003: Disable All Functions
3-18: Copy Unit
0000: Disable - Default Setting
0001: Drive to Copy Unit
0002: Copy Unit to Drive
0003: Verify

1. 3-18=0000: Drive cannot copy parameters.
2. $3-18=0001$ : Copy the drive parameters to module.
3. $3-18=0002$ : Copy the module parameters to drive.
4. $3-18=0003$ : Copy the parameters to drive or module to mutually verify the parameters.

Note: The copy function is available for the models with same capacity. An optional copy module is required. (P/N SIF S-MP)

Cooling Fan Control
0000: Auto (Depends on temp.) Default Setting
0001: Operate while in RUN Mode
0002: Always Run
0003: Always Stop

1. $3-19=0000$ : The fan will run when the drive senses a temperature rise, thereby extending the life of the cooling fans.
2. $3-19=0001$ : The fan runs while the drive is running.
3. $3-19=0002$ : The fan is continuously running regardless of the drive's run status.
4. $3-19=0003$ : The fan is always stopped regardless of the drive's run status.

3-20: Energy Saving Mode Operation 0000: Disabled - Default Setting
0001: Controlled by MFIT at Set Frequency

3-21: Energy Saving Operation Gain (\%) 0-100 - Default setting 80

1. For fan and pump applications or other heavy inertia loads that need greater torque for starting than is required for operation. This parameter is only active when operating in Volts/Hz mode (parameter $0-00=0002$ ) and when parameter $3-20=0001$.
2. Parameter $5-00$ to $5-06$ (Multifunction input terminal) set to 10 for energy saving.
3. $3-20=0001$ : If the multifunction terminal is set as 10 (energy saving control terminal), the output voltage will gradually decrease to "original voltage" x " $3-21$ preset value as the terminal" is ON. The output voltage will rise to original voltage as the terminal is OFF.

## Note

1. The decreasing and rising rates of voltage for energy saving is the same as the ones for SPEED SEARCH.
2. Energy saving mode is only available under V/F mode. $(0-00=0002)$
3. If energy saving is desired when operating in the vector mode, set $0-00=0001$. Parameter 3-21 will have no effect, but energy savings will be realized.

3-22 Carrier Frequency (kHz):
2-16 - Default Setting 10.

|  | Carrier <br> Frequency | Carrier <br> Frequency | Carrier <br> Frequency |  | Carrier <br> Frequency |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 2 kHz | 6 | 6 kHz | 10 | 10 kHz | 14 | 14 kHz |
| 3 | 3 kHz | 7 | 7 kHz | 11 | 11 kHz | 15 | 15 kHz |
| 4 | 4 kHz | 8 | 8 kHz | 12 | 12 kHz | 16 | 16 kHz |
| 5 | 5 kHz | 9 | 9 kHz | 13 | 13 kHz |  |  |

3-23: Center Frequency (CF) of Traverse Run (\%): 5-100 - Default Setting 20

3-24: Amplitude (\%):
0.1-20.0 - Default Setting 0

3-25: Amplitude Drop (\%):
0.0-50.0 - Default Setting 0

3-26: Acceleration Time of Traverse Run(s):
0.5-60.0 - Default Setting 10

3-27: Deceleration Time of Traverse Run(s):
0.5-60.0 - Default Setting 10

3-28: Deviated traverse (X upper deviation) (\% ): 0.0-20.0 - Default Setting 10

3-29: $\quad$ Deviated traverse (Y lower deviation) (\% ):
0.0-20.0 - Default setting 10

Traverse Run is defined as adding a triangle wave to the basic operation frequency of drive output frequency at the preset acceleration and deceleration time. The action is as the graph shows below:


3-23 = Traverse Run Center frequency (\%)
3-24 = Amplitude (\%)
3-25 = Amplitude Drop (\%)
3-26 = Acceleration Time(s)
3-27 = Deceleration Time(s)
3-28 = Deviated traverse ( X upper deviation)
3-29 = Deviated traverse (Y lower deviation)

1. The traverse run is available when the terminal (5-00 to 5-05=0025) and operation is ON. Drive operation, in traverse run is ready when the drive output frequency reaches center frequency parameter (3-23). During acceleration to center frequency, the acceleration time is at the originally preset value parameter (3-02/3-06). When the traverse run is OFF or the drive is OFF, the deceleration time is also at original preset value parameter (3-03/3-07). However, in traverse running, the drive is at traverse run acceleration time parameter (3-26) and deceleration time parameter (3-27). The action is shown in the following diagram:

2. During traverse run, the center frequency could be controlled by the multifunction input terminals. However, the $X$ upper deviation and $Y$ lower deviation cannot be input at the same time. If they are inputted at the same time, the drive will maintain the original center frequency. The motion is as the graph below:

3. The stall prevention is idle during the acceleration and deceleration time of traverse run. Whereas, it is valid during first acceleration to center frequency process when the Function of traverse run is OFF or the drive is in deceleration time after the STOP command is received.
4. The frequency range of traverse run is restricted by the drive upper and lower frequency limit. That is if the (center frequency + Amplitude) is larger than Upper Limit, it will operate at upper frequency limit. And if (center frequency Amplitude) is less than Lower Limit, it will operate at lower frequency limit.
5. During traverse run, all the preset values can be modified such as (center frequency, amplitude, amplitude drop, acceleration time, deceleration time, traverse run upper deviation and lower deviation). The motion is as graph above.
6. The stall prevention protection is unavailable during traverse run acceleration and deceleration time. Therefore, one must take into consideration the actual system capacity with the proper drive capacity when designing equipment with the traverse run active.

## Parameter Group 4 - Digital Display Operation

## Mode

4-00: Motor Current Display Selection:
0000: Disable Motor Current Display Default Setting
0001: Enable Motor Current Display
4-01: Motor Voltage Display Selection: 0000: Disable Motor Voltage Display Default Setting
0001: Enable Motor Voltage Display
4-02: DC Bus Voltage Display Selection:
0000: Disable Bus Voltage Display Default Setting
0001: Enable Bus Voltage Display
4-03: PLC Staus Display Selection:
0000: Disable PLC Status Display Default Setting
0001: Enable PLC Status Display
This function is available for LCD keypad only.
4-04: Custom Units (Line Speed) Value:
0-9999-Default setting 1800
The maximum custom units value of $4-04$ is equal to the rated frequency $(0-05)$ of the motor. For instance, given line speed 1800 is equal to display 900 when output is 30 Hz while the operation frequency is 60 Hz .

4-05: Custom Units (Line Speed) Display Mode 0000: Drive Output Frequency is Displayed - Default Setting
0001: Line Speed is Displayed in Integer (xxxx)
0002: Line Speed is Displayed with One Decimal Place (xxx.x)
0003: Line Speed is Displayed with Two Decimal Places (xx.xx)
0004: Line Speed is Displayed with Three Decimal Places (x.xxx)

The frequency reference is displayed as the drive stops, while in operation line speed is displayed.

4-06: PID Feedback Display
0000: Disabled - Default Setting
0001: Enable
Keypad displays PID feedback value:
Parameter $5-05=20$ ( S 6 is set as the PID feedback analog terminal, refer to PID), parameter $11-0=1$ (PID is enabled), and $4-06=1$ (Display S6 as PID analog feedback value $0-100$, the formula as follows):

If feedback signal is $0 \sim 10 \mathrm{~V},(12-6=0000)$, keypad display value $=(\mathrm{S} 6 / 10 \mathrm{~V}) * 100$

If feedback Signal is $4 \sim 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, $(12-6=0001)$,
keypad display value $=(\mathrm{S} 6 / 20 \mathrm{~mA}) * 100$
Note: Press DSP Key to switch between the output frequency and PID feedback value.

Note: The drive displays XXXF as Running, while XXXr at Stop.

5-00 to 5-06 Multifunction Input-Terminals (S1-S6/AIN):

| 0000: | Forward/Stop Command |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0001:$ | Reverse/Stop Command |
| $0002:$ | Preset Speed \#1 (6-02) |
| $0003:$ | Preset Speed \#2 (6-03) |
| $0004:$ | Preset Speed \#3 (6-05) |
| $0005:$ | Jog |
| $0006:$ | Acc/Dec time \#2 |
| $0007:$ | Emergency Stop Contact A |
| $0008:$ | Base Block |
| $0009:$ | Speed Search Stop |
| $0010:$ | Energy Saving |
| $0011:$ | Control Signal Selection |
| $0012:$ | Communication Control Signal |
|  | Selection |
| $0013:$ | ACC/DEC Disabled |
| $0014:$ | Up Command |
| $0015:$ | Down Command |
| $0016:$ | Principal/Auxiliary Speed |
| $0017:$ | PID Function Disabled |
| $0018:$ | Reset |
| $0019:$ | Encoder Input Terminal (Terminal S5) |
| $0020:$ | PID Feedback Signal A12 |
|  | (Terminal S6) |
| $0021:$ | Al2 Bias Signal 1 Input (Terminal S6) |
| $0022:$ | Al2 Bias Signal 2 Input (Terminal S6) |
| $0023:$ | Analog Input (Terminal AIN) |
| $0024:$ | PLC Application |
| $0025:$ | Traverse Run |
| $0026:$ | Traverse Run Upper Deviation |
| $0027:$ | Traverse Run Lower Deviation |
| $0028:$ | Power Source Detect for KEB |
|  | Function |
| $0029:$ | Emergency Stop Contact B |

A. Terminals S1-AIN on terminal block (TM2) are multifunction-input terminals. The above 30 functions can be set to those terminals.
B. Function Descriptions for parameters 5-00 to 5-06:

1. 5-00~06=0/1 (Forward/Reverse/Stop) When forward command is ON, the drive runs and stops at OFF. The $5-00$ factory set is forward. When reverse command is ON , the drive runs and stops at OFF. The 5-01 factory set is reverse.
2. $5-00 \sim 06=2-4$ (Preset speed $1 \sim 3$ ) When the external multifunction input terminals are ON , the drive is in operation at the preset speed, and the duration is determined by the time of the terminal ON. The corresponding frequency parameter is illustrated below:
3. $5-00 \sim 06=5(\mathrm{O} \circ \mathrm{g})$

When the MFIT programmed to the $\mathrm{J} \circ \mathrm{g}$ function is ON , the drive operates at jog Frequency (parameter 6-01). Now, the drive operates at the Jog acceleration and deceleration time. The corresponding action for both preset speed and jog is illustrated below:

| Multifunction <br> Terminal 3 <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 4}$ | Multifunction <br> Terminal 2 <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 3}$ | Multifunction <br> Terminal 1 <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 2}$ | Multifunction <br> Terminal <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 5}$ | Output <br> Frequency <br> Preset Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $6-01$ |
| $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | 1 | $6-01$ |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $6-02$ |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $6-03$ |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $6-04$ |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $6-05$ |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $6-06$ |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $6-07$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $6-08$ |

The priority order of frequency command: Jog Speed - Preset Speed

- Keypad frequency or external frequency signal

4. 5-00~06=6 (Toggle acceleration and deceleration time)
When the external input terminal is OFF, the acceleration 1/deceleration $1 / S$-curve 1 is selected. When the external input terminal is ON acceleration 2 / deceleration $2 / S$-curve 2 is selected.
5. 5-00~06=7/29 (External Emergency Stop Contact A or B)
Drive will decelerate to stop and Flash E.S as the emergency stop signal received regardless of parameter 1-05 setting. After such signal is released, turn OFF the operation switch then ON or Press Operation Key, the drive will restart from the start frequency. If the emergency signal was released before the drive stopped completely, the drive still carries out emergency stop. The parameters 8-02/03 determine the action of the error terminal. As $8-02 / 0=0$ : the error terminal does not act when the external emergency signal input. While $8-02 / 03=9$, the error terminal does act when emergency signal input.
6. 5-00~06=8 (Base Block) Drive stops the output voltage when receiving STOP command, and the motor coasts to a stop and the display shows "-bb-".
7. $5-00 \sim 06=9$ (Speed Search) When starting, the drive detects the current speed of the motor first, then, the drive accelerates from the current speed to preset speed.
8. 5-00~06=10 (Energy-saving operation) The multifunction input enables the energy savings operation when ON. (See parameters 3-20 and 3-21 for further information.)
9. 5-00~06=11 (Switch of the control signal) External switch terminal is OFF: 1-00 or 1-01 determines the operation signal and frequency signal. External switch terminal is ON: Keypad controls the operation signal and frequency signal by parameter 1-00 or 1-01.
10. 5-00~06=12 (Switch of the Drive control to communication)
External switch terminal is OFF: communication, the master (PC or PLC) can control the drive operation and frequency signal and modify the parameters, and the operation signals from Keypad and TM2 are idle. Furthermore, the keypad can only display the voltage, current and frequency, the parameters are readable and not writable, and Emergency Stop is available. Exernal switch terminal is ON: The drive is controlled by the keypad regardless of the setting of the parameter 1-00/1-06 and master. The master still can read and write the drive parameters.
11. 5-00~06=13 (Disable acceleration and deceleration) Acceleration and deceleration is unavailable until the disable acceleration and deceleration signal released. The action is illustrated in the graph below:

12. 5-00~06=14, 15 (UP/DOWN Function) (Actual ACC/DEC time is based on the setting.)
A. Please set parameter 1-06=3 if you want to use the UP/DOWN Function, and the other frequency signals are ineffective.
B. Set parameter $5-08=0$ and $5-09=0$, the drive accelerates to the preset value of parameter $6-00$ when the terminal is $0 N$, then maintains speed. As the drive receives the UP/DOWN command, it will accelerate/ decelerate until the command is released, the drive runs at that speed. The drive will ramp to a stop or coast to a stop which is determined by the parameter 1-05 when the drive receives the STOP command and the frequency of stopping will be stored in parameter 6-00 The UP/DOWN KEY is invalid as the drive stops. It is necessary to use the Keypad to modify the preset parameter.
C. Set $5-08=1$, the drive will operate from 0 Hz when the operation terminal is ON . The action of UP/DOWN is as above description. The drive will ramp to a stop or coast to a stop which determined by parameter 1-05 setting when it receives the Stop Command and Return to OHz . The next operation will start at 0 Hz .
D. Supplying UP/DOWN signals simultaneously is invalid.
E. $\quad 5-09 \neq 0$, Drive will accelerate to the setting of parameter 6-00 and maintain that speed. When the UP/DOWN terminal is On, Frequency is present value of the parameter. 6-00 $\pm 5-09$, and the drive will accelerate/decelerate to frequency set in parameter $6-00$. The upper frequency limit and lower frequency limit also restrict the operation. If the signal of UP/DOWN is maintained for over 2 seconds, the drive will begin to accelerate/decelerate. If parameter $5-09=0$, the operation is the same, until the UP/DOWN signal stops.Please refer to the time diagram of parameter 5-09.

13. 5-00~06=16 (Principal/Auxiliary speed toggle) Multifunction terminal $=0 F F$, the frequency is set by the VR (Master Speed) on the Keypad. While, Multifunction terminal $=O N$, the frequency is set by the analog signal terminal (Auxiliary Speed) on the TM2 on terminal Block.
14. 5-00~06=17 (PID Function Disable) The PID function Disable is ON. PID is not controlled by parameter 11-0, while OFF, it is controlled by parameter 11-0.
15. 5-00~06=18 (Reset Command) The Reset command is same as Reset Key on the keypad. The command is OFF, and the drive does not respond. The factory setting of parameter $5-05$ is Reset command.
16. 5-04=19 (Encoder Input Terminal) The multifunction terminal S5 is set to 19 means it is the input terminal for PLC program Encoder Input Terminal.
17. 5-05=20 (PID Feedback Input Terminal) The multifunction terminal S6 is set to 20 means the PID feedback input terminal is controlled by the setting of parameter 11-0.
18. $5-05=21 / 22$ (Bias Signal $1 / 2$ Input) To regulate the Offset of the Keypad VR or AIN analog inputs (signal of $0 \sim 10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $0 \sim 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ ).

19. 5-00~06=23 (Analog Input AIN) The multifunction terminal $\operatorname{AIN}=23$. The action is provided for setting the frequency.
20. 5-00~06=24 (PLC Application) The multifunction terminal S1-AIN=24, which means the terminal is for PLC application. The terminal is provided for the PLC program input.
21. 5-00~06=25 (Traverse Run)
22. 5-00~06=26 (Upper Deviation Traverse)
23. 5-00~06=27 (Lower Deviation Traverse)
The motion description refers to parameters 3-23~3-29 for detail description.
24. 5-00~06=28 (Power Source Detect for KEB Function) Please refer to the description of parameter 2-08.

Digital/Analog Input Signal Scan Times:

5-07: Multifunction terminal S1 to S6 and AIN signal scan times (mSec X 4):
$1 \sim 100$ times - Default Setting 5
A. TM2 terminal are sampled every 4 milliseconds. Parameter 5-07 determines how many consecutive scans of the input terminal are required without an input signal changing states before the inputs are considered valid. If the input signal changes states during scan time, the inputs will be considered invalid and will be ignored.
B. Each scan period is 4 ms .
C. The user can specify the scan times interval duration according to the noise environment. If the noise is serious, modify the value of parameter 5-0, but the response speed will be slowed down.
D. Note: If the terminals S6 and AIN are for digital signals, the voltage level for digital signal above 8 V is treated as ON, below 2 V is OFF.

5-08: Stop Mode Using MFIT:
0000: When Up/Down is used, the preset frequency is held as the drive stops, and the UP/DOWN is idle. Default Setting 0000.
0001: When Up/Down is used, the preset frequency is reset to 0 Hz as the drive stops.
0002: When Up/Down is used, the preset frequency is held as the drive stops, and the UP/DOWN is available.

1. Set parameter $5-08=0$, the drive will accelerate to the speed of parameter 6-00 after receiving the Run command and run at that speed. The drive begins to accelerate (decelerate) as the UP (Down) terminals are energized. The drive will hold the speed as the UP/DOWN command is released. When the Run Signal releases, the drive will ramp to a stop or stop output voltage (determined by parameter 1-05). It will store the frequency when the operation signal disappears. UP/DOWN keys are idle when the drive is stopped. The keypad is available for you to modify the preset frequency ( $6-00$ ). If $5-08=0002$, the UP/DOWN is available as the drive stops.
2. Set parameter $5-08=1$, as the Run terminal is energized, the drive operates from 0 Hz , the Function of UP/DOWN is same as the above description. When the Run Signal release, the drive will ramp stop or stop output (determined by parameter 1-05). And return to 0 Hz . The following operation will always begin from 0 Hz .

5-09: Step of Up/Down Function (Hz):
Up/Down (Hz) 0.00-5.00-
Default Setting 0.00
There are two modes covered below:

1. $5-09=0.00$, the function is disable. The operation is just the same as original one. While UP terminal is ON, the frequency increases while the DOWN terminal is ON, the frequency decreases. (Refer to the following graph.)

2. $5-09=0.01$ t 0 5.00, UP/DOWN terminal ON, that equivalent to increase/decrease the frequency of parameter 5-09. If the pressing is over 2 seconds, renew the original UP/DOWN mode. (Please refer to the following diagram.)


5-10: Pulse Follower Multiplier: Up/Down (Hz) 0.000
To 9.999 - Default Setting 1.000
Pulse input multiplier used to set the pulse follower ratio, when 1-06 is set to a value 5 and $5-04=19$, the drive will follow a pulse train input on terminal S 5 .

Example: 1 kHz pulse input train reference to terminal S5, set parameter 5-10 $=0.500$.
Frequency Reference $=1 \mathrm{kHz} \times 0.500=$ 5.00 Hz Output Frequency

1 kHz pulse input train reference to terminal S5, set parameter 5-10 $=1.000$. Frequency Reference $=1 \mathrm{kHz} \times 1.000=10.00 \mathrm{~Hz}$ Output Frequency.

5-11: Reference Source 2:
$(\mathrm{Hz})$ 0-4-0 Default setting
Set Multifunction input to a value of 16 , which allows the switching of the input reference signals from Frequency command source (1-06) to Reference Source (5-11).

Reference Source Selection
0000: Set the Frequency with Keypad Default Setting
0001: Potentiometer on Keypad
0002: External Analog Signal Input or Remote Potentiometer
0003: Up/Down Frequency Control Using MFIT (S1-S6)
0004: Communication Setting Frequency

Note: Parameter 1-06 has to be set to a value of 5 (Pulse Follower).

6-00~08 Jog and Preset (MFIT) Speed Setting
A. 5-00~06=2 (Preset Speed 1-3) The external multifunction terminal $=0 \mathrm{~N}$, the drive operates at preset speed. The operation time of the 8 stages is based on the ON time of the terminal. Please refer to the corresponding parameter list:
B. $5-00 \sim 05=5$ ( 0 og Terminal)

The external multifunction terminal $=\mathrm{ON}$, the drive operates in J og acceleration time/J og decelerate time/ON.

| Parameter No. | LCD Display | Description | Range/Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 0}$ | (Keypad Freq.) | Keypad Frequency (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 1}$ | ( og Freq.) | J og Frequency (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 2}$ | (Preset Speed \#1) | Preset Speed \#1 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 3}$ | (Preset Speed \#2) | Preset Speed \#2 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 4}$ | (Preset Speed \#3) | Preset Speed \#3 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 5}$ | (Preset Speed \#4) | Preset Speed \#4 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 6}$ | (Preset Speed \#5) | Preset Speed \#5 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 7}$ | (Preset Speed \#6) | Preset Speed \#6 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |
| $\mathbf{6 - 0 8}$ | (Preset Speed \#7) | Preset Speed \#7 (Hz) | $0.00-650.00$ |

Priotity in reading the frequency: Jog > Preset speed > Keypad frequency or external frequency signal

| Multifunction <br> Terminal 3 <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 4}$ | Multifunction <br> Terminal 2 <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 3}$ | Multifunction <br> Terminal 1 <br> Preset Value <br> $\mathbf{= 0 2}$ | og Command <br> Terminal <br> Preset Value = <br> $\mathbf{0 5}$ | Output <br> Frequency <br> Preset Value <br> Parameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $6-00$ |
| $X$ | $X$ | $X$ | 1 | $6-01$ |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $6-02$ |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $6-03$ |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $6-04$ |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $6-05$ |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | $6-06$ |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | $6-07$ |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | $6-08$ |

## Parameter Group 7 - Analog Input Signal Operation Mode

Analog Input Signal Operation Mode:
7-00: AIN Gain(\%):
0-200 - Default Setting100
7-01: AIN Bias(\%):
0-100 - Default Setting 0
7-02: AIN B ias Selection:
0000: Positive
0001: Negative - Default Setting 0000
7-03: AIN Slope:
0000: Positive
0001: Negative - Default Setting 0000

7-04: AIN signal verification Scan Time (AIN,
$\mathrm{Al} 2)(\mathrm{mSec} \times 4)$ :
1-100-Default Setting 50
7-05: AI2 Gain (\%) (S6):
0-200 - Default Setting 100

1. $7-02=0: 0 \mathrm{~V}(0 \mathrm{~mA})$ corresponding to Lower Frequency Limit, 10V ( 20 mA ) corresponding to Upper Frequency Limit.
2. $7-02=1: 10 \mathrm{~V}(20 \mathrm{~mA})$ corresponding to Lower Frequency Limit, OV (0mA) corresponding to Upper Frequency Limit.

The setting of Figure 1 :

| Parameter | $\mathbf{7 - 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 5}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $100 \%$ | $50 \%$ | 0 | 0 | $100 \%$ |
| B | $100 \%$ | $0 \%$ | 0 | 0 | $100 \%$ |



Figure 1
The setting of Figure 2:

| Parameter | $\mathbf{7 - 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 5}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C | $100 \%$ | $50 \%$ | 0 | 1 | $100 \%$ |
| D | $100 \%$ | $0 \%$ | 0 | 1 | $100 \%$ |

Figure 2

The setting of Figure 3:

| Parameter | $\mathbf{7 - 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 5}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | $100 \%$ | $20 \%$ | 1 | 0 | $100 \%$ |



Figure 3
The setting of Figure 4:

| Parameter | $\mathbf{7 - 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 0 5}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | $100 \%$ | $50 \%$ | 1 | 1 | $100 \%$ |



Figure 4
3. Drive reads the average value of $A / D$ signals once per ( $7-04 \times 4 \mathrm{~ms}$ ). Users can determine scan intervals according to noise in the environment. Increase 7-04 in noisy environment, but the response time will increase accordingly.

Parameter Groups 8 - Multifunction Analog Output and Output Signal Operation

Multifunction analog output control:
8-00: Analog Output Voltage Mode:
0000: Output frequency Default Setting 0000
0001: Frequency Setting
0002: Output Voltage
0003: DC Bus Voltage
0004: Motor Current
0005: FEEDBACK Signal of PID
8-01: Analog Output Gain $=0 \sim 200 \%$ - Default Setting 100

The multifunction analog output terminal of the terminal block (TM2), is $0-10 \mathrm{Vdc}$ analog output. The output type is determined by the parameter 8-00. Parameter 8-01 allows the scaling of the analog output to be changed to match the tolerance of the external voltage meter and peripheral equipment. The FEEDBACK of PID (that is the input voltage and current of S 6 ) outputs analog value on FM + terminal. This value corresponds to the input signal 0~10V or 4~20mA.

Note: The max output voltage is 10 V due to the hardware of the circuit.

Multifunction output terminals control:
8-02: RELAY 1 (R1C, R1B, R1A terminal on TM 2): Default Setting 0000

8-03: RELAY 2 (R2C, R2A terminal on TM2):
0000: Run - Default Setting 0000
0001: Frequency Reached (Target Frequency) (Set Frequency $\pm 8$-05)
0002: Set Frequency ( $8-04 \pm 8-05$ )
0003: Frequency Threshold Level (>8-04) - Frequency Reached
0004: Frequency Threshold Level (<8-04) - Frequency Reached
0005: Over torque Threshold Level
0006: Fault
0007: Auto-restart
0008: Momentary AC Power Loss
0009: Rapid Stop Mode
0010: Coast-to-Stop Mode
0011: Motor Overload Protection
0012: Drive Overload Protection
0013: PID Feedback Signal Break
0014: PLC Operation
0015: Power On

8-04: Frequency Reached Output Setting $=0-650 \mathrm{~Hz}$ - Default Setting 0.0

8-05: Frequency Output Detection Range $=0-30 \mathrm{~Hz}$ - Default setting 0.0


## Parameter Group 9 - Drive and Load Protection Modes

9-00: Trip Prevention Selection During Acceleration: 0000: Enable Trip Prevention During Acceleration - Default Setting 0000
0001: Disable Trip Prevention during Acceleration

9-01: Trip Prevention Level During Acceleration: 50\% ~ 300\% - Default Setting 200

9-02: Trip Prevention Selection During Deceleration: 0000: Enable Trip Prevention During Deceleration - Default Setting 0000
0001: Disable Trip Prevention During Deceleration

9-03: Trip Prevention Level During Deceleration: 50\% ~ 300\% - Default Setting 200

9-04: Trip Prevention selection in Run Mode: 0000: Enable Trip Prevention in Run Mode - Default Setting 0000 0001: Disable Trip Prevention in Run Mode

9-05: Trip Prevention Level in Run Mode: 50\% ~ 300\% - Default etting 200

9-06: Trip Prevention Deceleration Time Selection in Run Mode:
0000: Trip Prevention Deceleration Time Set by 3-03 - Default Setting 0000
0001: Trip Prevention Deceleration Time Set by 9-07

9-07: Deceleration Time in Trip Prevention Mode (sec):
0.1 ~ 3600.0 - Default Setting 3.0

## Note:

1. When accelerating, the drive will delay the acceleration time if the time is too short resulting in an over current in order to prevent the drive from tripping.
2. When decelerating, the drive will delay the deceleration time if the time is too short resulting in the over voltage trip of DC BUS in order to prevent the drive trips with "OV" displayed.
3. Some mechanical characteristics (such as a punch press) or unusual breakdown (seize due to insufficient lubrication, uneven operation, impurities of precessed materials, etc.) will cause the drive to trip. When the operating torque of the drive exceeds the setting of parameter 9-05, the drive will lower the output frequency following the deceleration time set by parameter 9-05, and return to the normal operation frequency after the torque is stable.

9-08: Electronic Motor Overload Protection Operation Mode:

0000: Enable Electronic Motor Overload Protection - Default Setting 0000
0001: Disable Electronic Motor Overload Protection

9-09: Motor Type Selection:
0000: Electronic Motor Overload Protection Set for TEFC type motors - Default Setting 0000
0001: Electronic Motor Overload Protection Set for TEBC, TENV Type Motors.

9-10: Motor Overload Protection Curve Selection:
0000: Constant Torque ( $\mathrm{OL}=103 \%$ )
( $150 \%, 1$ minute) - Default Setting 0000
0001: Variable Torque ( $\mathrm{OL}=113 \%$ ) (123\% , 1 minute)

9-11: Operation After Overload Protection is Activated:
0000: Coast-to-Stop After Overload Protection is Activated - Default Setting 0000
0001: Drive will not trip when Overload Protection is Activated (OL1)

Description of the overload relay function:

1. $9-10=0000$ : Protect the general mechanical load, the load is less than $103 \%$ rated current, the motor will continue to run. The load is larger than $150 \%$ rated current, the motor will run for 1 minute. (Refer to curve 1 below) 9-10=0001: Protect HVAC load (FAN, PUMP...so on): the load is less than 113\% rated current, the motor will continue to run. The load is larger than $123 \%$ rated current, the motor will run for 1 minute.
2. The cooling function of the motor will decrease when the motor is run at slow speeds. So the overload relay action level will decrease at the same time. (The curve 1 will change to curve 2)
3. $9-09=0000$ : Set $0-05$ as the rated frequency of the serve motor. 9-11 $=0000$ : Drive coasts-to-stop as the overload relay activates and flashes OL1. Press the reset or the external reset terminal to continue to run.
$9-11=0001$ : Drive continues to run as the overload relay activates and flashes OL1. Until the current decreases below 103\% or $113 \%$ (determined by $9-10$ ), OL1 will disappear.


9-12: Over-Torque Detection Selection:
0000: Disable Over Torque Operation Default Setting 0000
0001: Enable Over Torque Operation Only if at Set Frequency
0002: Enable Over Torque Operation While the Drive is in Run Mode

9-13: Operation After Over Torque Detection is Activated:
0000: Drive will Continue to Operate After Over Torque is Activated Default Setting 0000
0001: Coast-to-Stop After Over Torque is Activated

9-14: Over-Torque Threshold Level (\%):
30-200\% - Default Setting 160
9-15: Over-Torque Activation Delay Time(s):
0.0-25.0 - Default Setting 0

The over-torque is defined as: The output torque is inside parameter 9-15, the voltage level (the drive rated torque is $100 \%$ ) is over parameter 9-14.

1. $9-13=0000$ : If there is over torque, the drive can continue to run and flashes OL3 until the output torque is less than the 9-14 setting value.
2. $9-13=0001$ : If there is over torque, the drive coasts-to-stop and flashes OL3. It is necessary to press "RESET" or external terminal to continue to run.

Parameter 8-02, 03 (Multifunction output terminal) $=05$, the output terminal is output over torque signal.

Note: Over-torque output signal will be output as the parameter $9-12=0001$ or 0002 and over the level and time.

## Parameter Group 10 - Volts/Hz Pattern Operation

Mode

1. V/F PATTERN Selection

10-0: V/F PATTERN Selection $\quad$| Default 9 |
| :--- |

10-1: Torque boost gain (V/F pattern modulation) 0.0-30 Default 0\%

10-2: Motor no load current (Amps AC) Motor Dependent

10-3: Motor rated slip compensation (\%) 0.0-100.0 Default 0.0\%

10-4: Max output frequency ( Hz )
50.0-650.0 Default 60Hz

10-5: Max output frequency voltage ratio (\%) 0.0-100.0 Default 100\%

10-6: Mid frequency (Hz)
0.1-650.0 Default 30Hz

10-7: Mid output frequency voltage ratio (\%) 0.0-100.0 Default 50\%

10-8: Min output frequency ( Hz )
0.1-650.0 Default 0.6 Hz

10-9: Min output frequency voltage ratio (\%)
0.1-10.10 Default 1\%

The following diagram shows the factory default settings for parameter 10-4 thru 10-9 when $0-00=0002(\mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{Hz})$.

2. Parameter $10-0=0-17 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{F}$ Pattern (Refer to the following list)

|  |  | 10-0 | V/F Pattern |  |  | 10-0 | V/F Pattern |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 Hz | $$ | 0 |  |  |  | 9 |  |
|  |  | 1 <br>  <br> 2 |  | 60 Hz | High Start Torque | 10 11 12 |  |
|  | $E$ 2 2 0 2 E 2 2 | 5 |  |  |  | 13 14 |  |
|  |  | 6 <br> 7 <br> 7 <br> 8 |  |  |  | 15 16 16 17 |  |

(1/2 to 15HP)

| Parameter <br> $\mathbf{1 0 - 0}$ | V/F Pattern Description | B | C |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 / 9}$ | General Purpose 50/60Hz | $50.00 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 / 1 0}$ | Increased Starting Torque $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $10.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 / 1 1}$ | High Starting Torque $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $15.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 / 1 2}$ | Maximum Torque 50/60Hz | $20.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 / 1 3}$ | Fan/Pump Starting Torque $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $17.50 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5 / 1 4}$ | Fan/Pump High Starting Torque $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $25.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6 / 1 5}$ | High Slip Starting Torque 50/60Hz | $15.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7 / 1 6}$ | High Slip Normal Starting Torque $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $20.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{8 / 1 7}$ | High Slip Normal High Starting Torque <br> $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $25.00 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |

3. The drive will output the value that $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ voltage (refer to parameter 10-0) plus 10-1 V/F pattern setting. And the starting torque will be increased.

Note: Parameter 10-1=0, Torque boost function is invalid.

4. When the induction motor is running, there must be slip due to the load. It is necessary to boost the slip frequency to improve the regulation of the speed.

Slip frequency boost $=\frac{\text { Output Current-(10-2) }}{(0-02)-(10-2)} \times(10-3)$
Note: 0-02=motor rated current, 10-2=motor no load current

$\begin{gathered}\text { Motor synchronization } \\ \text { speed (RPM) }\end{gathered}=\frac{120}{\text { Motor Poles }} \times \begin{gathered}\text { Motor rated frequency } \\ (50 \mathrm{~Hz} \mathrm{or} 60 \mathrm{~Hz})\end{gathered}$
eg: $4 \begin{gathered}\text { Poles, } 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { induction motor } \\ \text { synchronization speed }\end{gathered}=\frac{120}{4} \times 60=1800$ RPM

Note: Motor no load current (parameter 10-2) differs with the drive capacities (15-0) (Refer to 0-02 note). It should be regulated according to the actual condition.

## Parameter Group 11 - PID Operation Mode

## 11-0: PID Operation Selection <br> 0000: PID Disable - Default Setting <br> 0001: PID Enable (Deviation is D-Controlled) Normal Operation

0002: PID Feedback D-controlled 0003: PID D Reverse Characteristic Controlled (Inverse Operation)
0004: PID Feedback D Characteristic Controlled
0005: PID, Frequency Command + D Controlled
0006: PID, Frequency command + Feedback D Controlled
0007: PID, Frequency Command + D Reverse Characteristic Controlled
0008: PID, Frequency Command + Feedback D Reverse Characteristic Controlled
$11-0=1 D$ is the deviation of (target value detected value) in the unit time (Parameter 11-4).
$11-0=2 \mathrm{D}$ is the deviation of the detected values in unit time (parameter 11-4).
$11-0=3 \mathrm{D}$ is the deviation of target value detected value in the unit time (parameter 11-4). If the deviation is positive, the output frequency decreases, vice versa.
$11-0=4 D$ is the deviation of detected value in unit time (Parameter 11-4). When the deviation is positive, the frequency decreases, vice versa.
$11-0=5 \mathrm{D}$ is equal to the deviation of (target value - detected value) in unit time (Parameter 11-4) + Frequency command.
$11-0=6 \mathrm{D}$ is equal to the deviation of detected values in unit time + Frequency command.
$11-0=7 D$ is equal to the deviation of (target value - detected value) in unit time + Frequency command. If the deviation is positive, the output frequency decreases, vice versa.
$11-0=8 \mathrm{D}$ is equal to the deviation of detected values in unit time + Frequency command. When the deviation is positive, the frequency decreases, vice versa.

11-1: Feedback Calibration Gain (\%):
0.00-10.00-Default Setting 1.0

11-1 - is the calibration gain. Deviation $=$ (target value - detected value) $\times 11$-1.

11-2: Proportion Gain (\%):
0.0-10.0-Default Setting 1

11-2 - Proportion gain for P control
11-3: Integrate Time(s):
0.0-100.0 - Default Setting 10

11-3 - Integrate time for I control
11-4: Differential Time(s):
0.0-10.00-Default Setting 0

11-4 - Differential time for D control
11-5: PID Offset:
0000: Positive Direction - Default Setting
0001: Negative Direction
11-6: PID Offset Adjust (\%):
$-109 \%-+109 \%$ - Default Setting 0
11-5/11-6 - PID the calulated result plus
$11-6$ (the sign of 11-6 is determined by 11-5)

11-7: Output Lag Filter Time(s):
0.0-2.5-Default Setting 0.0

11-7 - Update time for the output frequency

Note: PID Function is available for controlling the output flow, external fan flow and temperature. The control flow is as follow:


1. Performing PID control, set parameter $5-05=23$, AV2 to TM2 as PID feedback signal.
2. The target value of above diagram is the Parameter 1-06 input frequency.

## Parameter Group 12 - PID Mode

12-0: Feedback Loss Detection Mode:
0000: Disable - Default Setting
0001: Enable - Drive Continues to Operate After Feedback Loss
0002: Enable - Drive "STOPS" After Feedback Loss

1. 12-0=0: Disable
2. $12-0=1$ : Detect to run and display PDER
3. $12-0=2$ : Detect to stop and display PDER

12-1: Feedback Loss Detection Mode (\%): 0-100 - Default Setting 0

12-1- Is the level for signal loss. Deviation = Command value - Feedback value. When the deviation is larger than the loss level, the feedback signal is lost.

12-2: Feedback Loss Detection Delay Time (s): 0.0-25.5 - Default Setting 1.0

12-2 - Action delay time when the feedback signal lost.

12-3: Integrate Limit Value (\% ):
0-109 - Default Setting 100
12-3-Limit value to prevent PID saturating
12-4: Integrator Reset to 0 when Feedback Signal Equals the Intended Value:
0000: Disable - Default Setting
0001: 1 second
0030: 30 seconds

1. $12-4=0$ : When the PID feed back value reaches the command value, the integrator will not be reset to 0 .
2. $12-4=1-30$ : When the PID feedback value reaches the target value, reset to 0 in $1-30$ seconds and drive stops out putting. The drive will output again as the feedback value differs from the target value.

12-5: Allowable Integration Error Margin (Unit Value) (1 Unit = 1/8192): $0 \sim 100$ - Default Setting 0

1. $12-5=0 \sim 100 \%$ Unit Value: restart the tolerance after the integrator reset to 0 .

12-6: PID Feedback Signal:
0000: 0~10V - Default Setting
0001: 4~20mA
Feedback signal selection
0000: 0~10V
0001: 4~20mA
12-7: PID Sleep Start Level (Hz):
00 to 650 Hz - Default Setting 0.0
12-7-Set the frequency for sleep mode to start, Unit: HZ

12-8: PID Sleep Delay Time(s):
$0.0-25.5$ - Default Setting 0.0
12-8 - Set the Time for sleep delay, Unit: sec

When PID output frequency is less than the frequency for sleep start and reaches the end of sleep delay time, the drive will decelerate to 0 and enter PID sleep mode. When PID output frequency is higher than the frequency for sleep start the drive will be awoken and enter PID mode. The time diagram is as follows:


## Parameter Group 13-Communication Mode

13-0: Assigned Communication Station Number:
$1 \sim 254$ - Default Setting 1
$13-0-$ Sets the communication station codes when more than one drive is used.

13-1: Baud Rate setting (bps):
0000: 4800
0001: 9600
0002: 19200
0003: 38400 - Default Setting
13-2: Stop Bit Selection:
0000: 1 Stop Bit - Default Setting
0001: 2 Stop Bit
13-3: Parity Selection:
0000: No Parity - Default Setting
0001: Even Parity
0002: Odd Parity

13-4: Data Format Selection:
0000: 8 Bit Data - Default Setting
0001: 7 Bit Data

1. RS-485 Communication:
a. 1 vs. 1 Controlling: To control one drive by a PC, PLC or controller. (Set 13-0 =1~254)
b. 1 vs. more controlling: To control more than one drive by PC, PLC or controller (the max number of drives could be 254 . Set $13-0=\sim 254$ ), when the drive receives the communication station code $=0$, the communication control is accepted regardless of the setting value of 13-0.
2. RS-232 communication: (RS232 interface is required) 1 vs. 1 controlling: to control one drive by a PC, PLC or controller. (Set 13-0 = 1~254)

## Notes:

a. The BAUD RATE (13-1) of PC (or PLC or controller) and the one of the drives should be set the same. Communicaiton format (13-2/13-3/13-4) should be set the same.
b. Drive will confirm the parameter is accepted PC modifies the parameter of the drive.
C. Please refer to the ACE15 Communication PROTOCOL.

## Parameter Group 14 - Auto Tuning

14-0: Stator Resistance (Ohms) - Default Setting, see Appendix 1.

14-1: Rotator Resistance (Ohms) - Default Setting, see Appendix 1.

14-2: Equivalent Inductance (mH) - Default Setting, see Appendix 1.

14-3: Magnetized Current (Amps AC) - Default Setting, see Appendix 1.

14-4: Ferrit Loss Conduction (gm) - Default Setting, see Appendix 1.

1. If parameter $0-00=0$ or 1 (vector mode) is selected, with power $O N$, set $0-06=1$, the motor may run as the drive performs auto tuning. As the motor stops, it means that auto tuning is finished. The drive will write the internal parameter from the motor to $14-0 \sim 14-4$, and auto reset the $0-06$ as 0 .
2. Auto tuning must be carried out when the motor changes. If the internal parameters are known already, they can be input to 14-0~14-4 directly.
3. $0-06=1$ to perform auto tuning, when finished, 0-06 auto resets to 0 , the Keypad displays END.

## Parameter Group 15-Operation Status and Function Reset

15-0: Drive Horsepower Code - Default Setting Horsepower Dependent

| 15-0 | Drive Model |  | 15-0 | Drive Mo |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0005C | ACE152V1P/3P | F50 | 0010C | ACE154V3P | 1 |
| 0010C |  | 1 | 0020C |  | 2 |
| 0020C |  | 2 | 0030C |  | 3 |
| 0030C |  | 3 | 0050C |  | 5 |
| 0050C |  | 5 | 0075C |  | 7 |
| 0075C |  | 7 | 0100C |  | 10 |
| 0100C |  | 10 | 0150C |  | 15 |

## 15-1: Software Version

## 15-2: Fault Log (Last 3 faults)

1. When the drive fails to work normally, the former fault stored in 2.xxxx will be transferred to 3.xxxx, then, the one in 1.xxxx to 2.xxxx. The current fault will be stored in the blank 1.xxxx. Therefore, the fault stored in 3.xxxx is the oldest one of the three, while the one 1.xxxx are the last.
2. Enter 15-2, the fault 1.xxxx will be displayed first, press up arrow, you can read 2.xxx-3.xxx-1.xxx, where as down arrow, order is 3.xxx-2.xxx-1.xxx-3.xxx.
3. Enter parameter $15-2$, the three fault log will be cleared as the reset key is pressed. The log content will change to 1.—,2.-,3-.
4. E.g. If the fault log content is " 1.0 CC " this indicates the latest fault is OC-C, and so on.

15-3: Accumulated Operation Time 1 (Hours): 0-9999

15-4: Accumulated Operation Time 2 (Hours $X$ 10000):

0-27
15-5: Accumulated Operation Time Mode: 0000: Power on Time - Default Setting 0001: Operation Time

1. When the operation time is set to 9999 and the operation duration is set to 1 . The next hour will be carried to operation duration 2. Meanwhile, the recorded value will be cleared to 0000, and the record value of operation duration 2 will be 01.
2. Description of operation time selection:

| Preset <br> Value | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{0}$ | Power on counts the accumulated time |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Drive operation, count the accumulated operation time |

15-6: Reset the factory setting:
0000: Default Setting
1110: Reset to 50 Hz Factory Setting
1111: Reset to 60 Hz Factory Setting
1112: Reset PLC Program
As parameter $15-6$ is set as 1111 , the parameter will be reset to factory setting. The max output voltage will comply with the voltage and frequency (0-01/0-05) on the nameplate of the motor. The output frequency is 60 Hz if the upper frequency limit is not set.

## Note:

Motor parameters (parameters 14-0~14-4) will be modified under V/F control mode when reset to factory setting.

Motor parameters (parameters 14-0~14-4) will not be modified under vector control mode when reset to factory setting.

### 4.5 Specification Description on Built-In PLC Function

ACE15 has a built-in simple PLC function, users can download Ladder Diagram from their PC (Windows base software) or PDA (Win CE base software).

### 4.5.1 Basic Instructions

|  |  | $\Delta$ | $\checkmark$ | P | HH | $-1$ | No/NC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Instruction |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11~17 / i1~i7 |
| Output Instruction | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | q | Q1~Q2 / q1~82 |
| Auxiliary Instruction | M | M | M | M | M | m | M1~MF / m1~mF |
| Special Register |  |  |  |  |  |  | V1~V7 |
| Counter Instruction | C |  |  |  | C | c | C1~C4 / c1~ C4 |
| Timer Instruction | T |  |  |  | T | t | T1~T8 / t1~+8 |
| Analog Comparing Instruction | G |  |  |  | G | g | G1~G4 / g1~g4 |
| Encoder Comparing Instruction | J |  |  |  | H | h | H1~H4 / h1~h4 |
| Operation Instruction | F |  |  |  | F | f | F1~F8 / f1~f8 |

Description for Special Registers:

| V1: Setting Frequency | Range: $0.1 \sim 650.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| V2: Operation Frequency | Range: $0.1 \sim 650.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| V3: AIN Input Value | Range: $0 \sim 1000$ |
| V4: S6 Input Value (Analog) | Range: $0 \sim 1000$ |
| V5: Keypad VR Input Value | Range: $0 \sim 1000$ |
| V6: Operation Current | Range: $0.1 \sim 999,9 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| V7: Torque Value | Range: $0.1 \sim 200.0 \%$ |


|  | Upper <br> Differential | Lower <br> Differential | Other <br> Instruction Symbol |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Differential Instruction | D | d |  |
| SET Instruction |  |  | A |
| RESET Instruction |  |  | Ø |
| P Instruction |  |  | P |


| Open Circuit (On Status) | $" " "$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Short Circuit (Off Status) | "--" |  |


| Connection <br> Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| - | Connecting left and right Components |
| $\perp$ | Connecting left, right, and upper Components |
| - | Connecting left, right, upper, and lower Components |
| $\square$ | Connecting left, right and lower Components |

### 4.5.2 Function of Basic Instructions Function D (d) Command

Function D (d) Command
Sample 1:
I1-d-[Q1


Sample 2: i1-d-[Q1

| 11 | OFF |  | ON | OFF |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 is the reverse phase of i1. |  |  |  |  |  |
| i1 | ON |  |  | OFF | ON |  |
| d1 | OFF | ON | OFF |  |  |
| Q1 | OFF | $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\mathrm{ON}}$ |  |  | OFF |

NORMAL (-[ ) Output
I1-[Q1

| 11 |  | OFF | ON | OFF |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q1 | OFF | - | ON | OFF |

SET ( ) OUTPUT
II-( ) Q1

| 11 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Q1 | OFF |  | ON |

RESET (V) Output
II - (V) Q1


P Output
i1-PQ1


### 4.5.3 Application Instructions

1. Counter Mode 1


| Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| (1) | Counting Mode (1-4) |
| $2$ | Use (11~f8) to set counting up or counting down <br> OFF: counting up ( $0,1,2,3,4 \ldots$...) <br> ON: Counting down (...3,2,1,0) |
| $3$ | Use ( 11 ~ f8) to RESET the counting value <br> ON: the counter is initialized to zero and (6) OFF <br> OFF: the counter continues to count |
| (4) | Preset Counting Value |
| (5) | Target (Setting) Value |
| (6) | Code of the counter (C1~C4 total: 4 groups) |

## Sample



## Sample



## Timer

2. Counter Mode 2


Note: Under this Mode, the counting preset value appeared will be greater than 20 , unlike the Mode 1 in which the value is locked at 20.
3. The counter Mode 3 is similar to the counter Mode 1 except that the former can retain the recorded value after the power is cut off and continued counting when the power is turned on at the next time.
4. The counter Mode 4 is similar to the counter Mode 2 except that the former can retain the recorded value after the power is cut off and continued counting when the power is turned on at the next time.


1. Timer Mode 1 (ON Delay A Mode)


| Symbol | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $(1)$ | Timing Mode (1-7) |
| 2 | Timing unit <br> 1: $0.0-999.9 \mathrm{sec}$. <br> 2: $0-9999 \mathrm{sec}$. <br> $3: 0-9999 \mathrm{~min}$. |
| 3 | Use (I1~f8) to RESET the timing value. <br> ON: The counter is reset to zero and (6) OFF <br> OFF: The counter continues to count |
| 4 | Preset Timing Value |
| 5 | Target (setting) Timing Values |
| 6 | The code of the Timer (T1 ~T8 total: 8 groups). |



Sample

2. Timer Mode 2 (ON-Delay B Mode)

$\qquad$
(3) Enable Reset Relay

OFF

## Analog Comparator

3. Timer Mode 3 (OFF-Delay A Mode)


Enable Reset Relay OFF $\qquad$ ON
$\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{a}$ Time Period Set in the Counter
4. Timer Mode (4) OFF-Delay B M ode)

5. Timer Mode 5 (Flash A Mode)

6. Timer Mode 6 (Flash B Mode)

7. Timer Mode 7 (Flash C Mode)



| Symbol | Description |
| ---: | :--- |
| 1 | Analog comparison mode (1-3) |
| 2 | Selection of the input comparison value |
| 3 | Analog input value |
| 4 | Setting reference comparison value (upper limit) |
| 5 | Setting reference comparison value (lower limit) |
| 6 | Output terminals of analog comparator (G1-G4) |

Analog Comparison Mode (1-3)

1. Analog comparator mode 1-(2)
2. Analog comparator mode 2-(2) $\geq$ (3), (5) ON)
3. Analog comparator mode $3-(4) \leq$ (2) (3), (5) ON)

Selection of the input comparison value (V1-V7)

1. The input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 1$ : Setting Frequency
2. The input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 2$ : Operation Frequency
3. The input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 3$ : AIN Input Value
4. The input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 4$ : AI2 Input Value
5. The input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 5$ : Keypad VR Input Value
6. The input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 6$ : Operation Current
7. The Input comparison value $=\mathrm{V} 7$ : Torque Value

## Encoder Input Comparing Instruction

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Symbol | Description |
| (1) | Encoder control mode (1-2) |
| (2) | Use (11-f8) to Set Counting up or Counting Down OFF: Counting up ( $0,1,2,3,4 . .$. <br> ON: Counting down (...3, 2, 1, 0 ) |
| (3) | Use (11-f8) to Reset Counting Value |
| (4) | A1, Encoder Input Value/Encoder Dividing Ratio (6) |
| (5) | A2, Setting Comparing Value |
| (6) | C, Encoder Dividing Ratio |
| (7) | Encoder Comparing Output Terminal, H1-H4 |

1. Control Mode 1

Encoder Comparing Function:
A1?A2 Comparing Output
2. Control Mode 2

Encoder Comparing Function:
A1?A2 Comparing Output
Comparison Enable/Disable of the Encoder input
value is determined by the Ladder Program ON/OFF.

| Symbol | Running Mode could be set via I1~f8 <br> OFF: (FWD) <br> ON: (REV) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Preset Speed could be set via I1~f8 <br> OFF: Operating at the frequency set on (1) <br> ON: Operating at the frequency set on (8) |
| (3) | Select constant or V3, V5 for Setting Frequency |
| (4) | Select constant or V3, V5 for Preset Speed |
| 5 | Acceleration Time |
| (6) | Deceleration Time |
| (7) | Setting Frequency (could be a constant or V3, V5) |
| (8) | Preset Speed (could be a constant or V3, V5) <br> (9) |

Sample:


## Chapter 5 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

### 5.1 Error Display and Corrective Action

### 5.1.1 Errors which can not be recovered manually

| Display | Error | Probable Cause | Corrective Action |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CPF | Noise Problem | External noise interference | Connect a parallel surge <br> absorber across the <br> magnetizing coil of the <br> magnetic contactor that may <br> cause interference. |  |
| EPR | EEPROM <br> problem | Faulty EEPROM | 1. Cycling the input power to <br> the drive <br> 2. Replace EEPROM |  |
| - OV- | Voltage too high <br> during stopping | Heavy Regenerative energy from <br> the driven load. <br> Input Voltage is too high. | 1. Set a longer deceleration time <br> 2. Add a brake resistor or <br> brake module |  |
| -LV- | Voltage too low <br> during stop | 1. Power voltage too low <br> 2. Soft Charge resistor or fuse <br> burnt out <br> 3. Detection circuit malfunction | 1.Check if the power voltage <br> was correct or not <br> 2. Replace the restraining <br> resistor or the fuse <br> @ | 3. Send the drive back for <br> repair |
| -OH- | Drive is <br> overheated <br> during stop | 1. Ambient temperature too high <br> or bad ventilation <br> 2. Detection circuit malfunction <br> 3. Cooling fan failure | 1. Improve ventilation condition\$ <br> 2. Send the drive back for repair <br> 3. Replace cooling fan |  |
| CTER | Current Sensor <br> detecting error | Current transformer (CT) error <br> or circuit malfunction | Send the drive back <br> to Boston Gear |  |

Note: "@" the Failure contact does not function.

Errors which can be recovered manually and automatically:

| Display | Error | Probable Cause | Corrective Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OC-S | Over-current at start-up | 1. Short circuit in the motor windings or connections <br> 2. The motor contacts with a short circuit <br> 3. Output transistor damaged | 1. Inspect the motor connections <br> 2. Inspect the motor wiring <br> 3. Replace damaged transistor module |
| OC-D | Over-current during deceleration | 1. Deceleration time too short <br> 2. Output transistor damaged | 1. Set a longer deceleration time <br> 2. Replace damaged transistor module |
| OC-A | Over-current at acceleration | 1. Acceleration time too short <br> 2. The capacity of the motor higher than the capacity of the drive <br> 3. Short circuit in the motor windings or connections <br> 4. Short circuit between motor wiring and earth <br> 5. Output transistor damaged | 1. Set a longer acceleration time <br> 2. Replace drive with the same capacity as that of the motor <br> 3. Check the motor connections <br> 4. Check the motor wiring <br> 5. Replace damaged transistor module |
| OC-C | Over-current at set speed | 1. Transient load change <br> 2. Transient power change | 1. Increase capacity of the drive <br> 2. Rerun auto tuning( $006=1$ ) <br> 3. Reduce stator resistance (14-0) if above remedies are not affective |
| OV-C | Voltage too high during operation/ deceleration | 1. Deceleration time too short or large inertia load <br> 2. Input voltage is too high | 1. Set a longer deceleration time <br> 2. Add a brake resistor <br> 3. Add a line reactor on the input side |
| $\mathrm{OH}-\mathrm{C}$ | Heatsink temperature too high during operation | 1. Heavy load <br> 2. Ambient temperature too high or bad ventilation <br> 3. Cooling fan failure | 1. Check if there are any problems with load. <br> 2. Improve ventilation conditions <br> 3. Replace cooling fan |
| Err4 | Illegal interrupt of CPU | Outside noise interference | Inspect surrounding equipment for proper operation and grounding. If fault reoccurs frequently, send drive back to Boston Gear. |

## Errors which can be recoverd manually

| Display | Error | Probable Cause | Corrective Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OC | Over - current during stop | 1. Short circuit in the motor windings or connections <br> 2. The motor contacts with a short circuit <br> 3. Output transistor damaged | 1. Inspect the motor connections <br> 2. Inspect the motor wring <br> 3. Replace damaged transistor module |
| OL1 | Motor overload | 1. Heavy load on motor <br> 2. Incorrect setting of Parameters $\mathrm{O}-02$ or 9-08~11 | 1. Decrease the motor load or Increase the motor capacity <br> 2. Set 0-02 (Motor FLA) and 9-08~11 properly |
| OL2 | Drive overload | Heavy load on motor | Increase the drive capacity or decrease the load on the motor |
| OL 3 | Over torque | 1. Heavy load on motor <br> 2. Insufficient settings of 9-14, 9-15 | 1. Increase the drive capacity <br> 2. Set 9-14, 9-15 properly |
| LV-C | Voltage too low during operation | 1. Power supply voltage too low <br> 2. Power supply voltage varies widely | 1. Improve power quality or increase the value of $2-01$ <br> 2. Set a longer acceleration time <br> 3. Add a reactor to the input side |

Note: "@" the Failure contact does not function.

### 5.1.2 Special Conditions

| Display | Error | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STPO | Zero speed stop | Occurs when preset frequency $<0.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| STP1 | Fail to start directly | 1. Drive is set as external terminal control mode $(1-00=1)$ and direct start is disabled (2-04=0001), the drive cannot be started amd will flash STP1 when start switch turned to ON after applying power (refer to descriptions of 2-04). <br> 2. Direct start is possible when2-04=0001. |
| STP2 | Keypad emergency stop | 1. Drive is set to external control mode $(1-00=0001)$ and Stop key is enabled $(1-03=0000)$, the drive will stop according to the setting of 1-05 when Stop key is pressed. S TP2 flashes after stop. Turn the start switch to OFF and then ON again to restart the drive. <br> 2. Drive is in communication mode and Stop key is enabled (1$03=0000$ ), the drive will stop in the way set by 1-05 when Stop key is pressed during operation and then flashes STP2. The PC has to send a Stop command then a Run command to the drive for it to be restarted. <br> 3. Stop key cannot perform emergency stop when 1-03=0001 |
| E.S. | External emergency stop | Drive will ramp to a stop and then flash E.S., when an external emergency stop signal is input via the multifunctional input terminals (refer to descriptions of5-00~5-06). |
| b.b. | External base block | The drive stops immediately and then flashes bb. when external base block is input through the multifunctional input terminals (refer to descriptions of5-00~5-06). |
| ATER | Auto-tuning faults | 1. Motor data error resulting in for Autetuning failure <br> 2. Stopping the drive during Autotuning |
| PDER | PID feedback loss | PID feedback loss detection |

### 5.1.3 Operation Errors

| Display | Error | Probable Cause | Corrective Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOC | Parameter and frequency reverse already locked | 1. Attempt to modify frequency parameter while 3-17>0000 <br> 2. Attempt to reverse while $1-02=0001$ | 1. Set $3-17=0000$ <br> 2. Set $1-02=0000$ |
| Err1 | Key operation error | 1. Press up or down keys while $1-06>0$ or running at preset speed. <br> 2. Attempt to modify the parameters that cannot be modified during operation (refer to the parameter list). | 1.The up or down keys are available for modifying the parameter only when 1-06=0 <br> 2.Modify the parameter while STOP |
| Err2 | Parameter setting error | 1. 3-01 in the range of 3-13 $\pm 3-16$ or $3-14 \pm 3-16 \text { or } 3-15 \pm 3-16$ <br> 2. $3-00 \leqslant 3-01$ <br> 3. The setting error when performing <br> Auto tuning(e.g. $1-00 \neq 0,1-06 \neq 0$ ) | 1. Modify 3-13~3-15 or 3-16 <br> 2. $3-00>3-01$ Set $1-00=0$, <br> $1-06=0$ during Auto tuning |
| Err5 | Modification of parameter is not available in communication | 1. Issue a control command during communication disabled <br> 2. Modify the function $13-1 \sim 13-4$ during communication | 1.Issue enable command before communication 2. Set the parameter of the function before communication |
| Err6 | Communication failed | 1. Wiring error <br> 2. Communication parameter setting error <br> 3. Sum-check error <br> 4. Incorrect communication protocol | 1.Check hardware and wiring <br> 2.Check Function 13-1~13-4 |
| Err7 | Parameter conflict | 1. Attempt to modify the function $15-0$ or 15-6 <br> 2. Voltage and current detection circuit abnormal <br> 3. Attempt to RUN PLC when not enabled <br> 4. Attempt to program PLC while a program is running. | If reset drive (15-6) is not available, please send the drive back to Boston Gear. |
| Err8 | Factory setting error | When PLC is Running, Perform factory setting | Please perform factory setting before PLC stops. |
| EPr1 | Parameter setting error copy unit failed | 1. Set 3-18=1.2 without connecting copy unit <br> 2. Copy module failed | 1. Modify 3-18 <br> 2. Replace copy module |
| EPr2 | Parameter does not match | Copy the parameter to drive to verify the parameter is not matched. | Replace copy module |

### 5.2 General Troubleshooting

| Status | Checking point | Corrective Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor does not rotate | Is power applied to L1 (L), L2, and L3 (N) terminals (is the charging indicator lit)? | - Is the power applied? <br> - Turn the power OFF and ON again. <br> - Make sure the power supply voltage is correct. <br> - Make sure screws are secured firmly. |
|  | Is there voltage across the output terminal $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~T} 2$, and T 3 ? | - Turn the power OFF and ON again. |
|  | Is the motor blocked? | - Reduce the load to let the motor run. |
|  | Are there any abnormalities in the drive? | - See error descriptions to check wiring and correct if necessary. |
|  | Is forward or reverse running command issued? |  |
|  | Has analog frequency signal been input? | - Is analog frequency input signal wiring correct? <br> - Is voltage of frequency input correct? |
|  | Is operation mode setting correct? | - Check operations through the keypad. |
| Motor runs incorrect rotation | Is Wiring for output terminals T1, T2, and T3 correct? | - Wiring must match $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}$, and W terminals of the motor. |
|  | Is wiring for forward and reverse signals correct? | - Check wiring, correct if necessary. |
| Motor speed cannot be regulated. | Is wiring for analog frequency inputs correct? | - Check wiring, correct if necessary. |
|  | Is the setting of operation mode correct? | - Check the operation mode of the drive. |
|  | Is the load too heavy? | - Reduce the load. |
| Motor speed too high or too low | Are specifications of the motor (poles, voltage...) correct? | - Confirm the motorís specifications. |
|  | Is the gear ratio correct? | - Confirm the gear ratio. |
|  | Is the setting of the highest output frequency correct? | - Confirm the highest output frequency. |
| Motor speed varies unusually | Is the load too heavy? | - Reduce the load. |
|  | Does the load vary largely? | - Minimize the variation of the load. <br> - Increase capacities of the drive and the motor. <br> - Add an AC reactor at the power-input side if using single-phase power. <br> - Check wiring if using threephase power. |
|  | Is the input power ack of phase? |  |

### 5.3 Quick Troubleshooting of ACE15



### 5.3 Quick Troubleshooting of ACE 15 (cont'd)

* to previous page



## Troubleshooting for OC, OL Error Displays



## Troubleshooting for OV, LV Error



## The motor will not run



## The Motor Is Overheated



## Motor runs unevenly



### 5.4 Routine Inspection and Period Inspection

The table below lists the items to be checked to ensure stable and safe operations. Check these items 5 minutes after the "Charge" indicator goes out to prevent service persons from being hurt by residual electric power.

| Items | Details | Checking Period |  | Methods | Criteria | Remedies |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Daily | 1 Year |  |  |  |
| Circumstances around the machine | Confirm the temperature and humidity around the machine | $\square$ |  | Measure with thermometer and Hygrometer according to installation notices. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Temperature: } \\ & -10 \tilde{n} 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Humidity: Below } \\ & 95 \% \text { RH } \end{aligned}$ | Improve the circumstances |
|  | Are their inflammables piled up around? | $\square$ |  | Visual check | No foreign matters |  |
| Installation and grounding of the drive | Any unusual vibration from the machine? | $\square$ |  | Visual, hearing | No foreign matters | Secure screws |
|  | Is the grounding resistance correct? |  | $\square$ | Measure the resistance with a multi-tester | 200V series: below $100 \Omega$ 400V series: below $10 \Omega$ | Improve the grounding |
| Input power voltage | Is the voltage of the main circuit correct? | $\square$ |  | Measure the voltage with a multi-tester | Voltage must conform with the <br> specifications | Resolve input voltage |
| External terminals and internal mounting screws of the drive | Are secure parts loose? |  | $\square$ | Visual check Check with a screwdriver | No abnormalities | Secure or send back to authorized dealer |
|  | Is the terminal base damaged? |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |
|  | Obvious rust stains |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |
| Internal wiring of the drive | Deformed or crooked |  | $\square$ | Visual check | No abnormalities | Replace or send backto authorized dealer |
|  | Any damage of the wrapping of the conducting wire |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |
| Heat sink | Full of dust or debris | $\square$ |  | Visual check | No abnormalities | Clean up heat sink |
| Printed circuit board | Heap of conductive metal or oil sludge |  | $\square$ | Visual check | No abnormalities | Clean up or replace the circuit board |
|  | Discolored, Overheated, or Burned parts |  | $\square$ |  |  |  |
| Cooling fan | Unusual vibration and noise |  | $\square$ | Visual or hearing check | No abnormalities | Replace the cooling fan |
|  | Full of dust or debris | $\square$ |  | Visual check |  | Clean up |
| Power component | Full of dust or debris |  | $\square$ | Visual check | No abnormalities | Clean up |
|  | Check resistance between each terminal |  | $\square$ | Measure with a multi-tester | No short circuit or broken circuit in three-phase output | Replace power component or drive |
| Capacitor | Any unusual odor or leakage | $\square$ |  | Visual check | No abnormalities | Replace capacitor or drive |
|  | Any inflation or protrusion | $\square$ |  |  |  |  |

### 5.5 Maintenance and Inspection

Drive doesn't need daily inspection and maintenance. To ensure long-term reliability, follow the instructons below to perform regular inspection. Turn the power off and wait for the charge indicator (LED101) to go out before inspection to avoid potential shock hazard caused by charges in high-capacity capacitors.

1. Clean up the accumulation of debris inside the drive.
2. Check if there are any loose terminal screws and securing screws. Tighten all loose screws.
3. Insulation tests
a. Disconnect all leads connecting ACE15 drive with external circuit when performing insulation tests on the external circuit.
b. Internal insulation test should be performed to the main circuit of the ACE15 body only. Use a high DC 500 V meter with insulating resistance higher than $5 \mathrm{M} \Omega$.

ACAUTION Do not perform this test to the control circuit.


## Chapter 6 Peripheral Components

6.1 Reactor Specification At Input Side

| Model | AC Inductance At Input Side |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current (A) | Inductance (mH) |
| ACE152V3P0005C | 5.0 | 2.1 |
| ACE152V3P0010C | 5.0 | 2.1 |
| ACE152V3P0020C | 19.0 | 1.1 |
| ACE152V3P0030C | 25.0 | 0.71 |
| ACE152V3P0050C | 20.0 | 0.53 |
| ACE152V3P0075C | 30.0 | 0.35 |
| ACE152V3P0100C | 40.0 | 0.265 |
| ACE154V3P0010C | 2.5 | 8.4 |
| ACE154V3P0020C | 5.0 | 4.2 |
| ACE154V3P0030C | 7.5 | 3.6 |
| ACE154V3P0050C | 10.0 | 2.2 |
| ACE154V3P0075C | 16.0 | 1.42 |
| ACE154V3P0100C | 20.0 | 1.06 |
| ACE154V3P0150C | 30.0 | 0.7 |

### 6.2 Dynamic Braking Resistor

Dynamic Braking Current Calculation

| Model | Brake Resistor Part No. | Suitable Motor Capacity (HP) | Brake Resistor Specification |  | Brake Resistor ED(\%) | Brake Torque \% | Resistor Dimension (HxWxD) in | Allowable Min Brake Resistor |  |  | Brake Torque \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (W) | () |  |  |  | () | (W) | ED(\%) |  |
| ACE152V3P0005C | 005-4278 | 0.5 | 200 | 200 | 8 | 214 | 14x4x5 | 100 | 150 | 10 | 407 |
| ACE152V3P0010C | 005-4278 | 1 | 200 | 200 | 8 | 117 | 14x4x5 | 100 | 150 | 10 | 214 |
| ACE152V3P0020C | 005-4280 | 2 | 400 | 130 | 10 | 117 | 14x4×5 | 55 | 270 | 10 | 196 |
| ACE152V3P0030C | 005-4281 | 3 | 500 | 80 | 9 | 112 | $12 \times 13 \times 5$ | 35 | 420 | 10 | 204 |
| ACE152V3P0050C | 005-4282 | 5 | 900 | 60 | 8 | 117 | $12 \times 13 \times 5$ | 20 | 730 | 10 | 214 |
| ACE152V3P0075C | 005-4276 | 7.5 | 800 | 26 | 8 | 123 | $12 \times 7 \times 5$ | 15 | 1000 | 10 | 192 |
| ACE152V3P0100C | 005-4277 | 10 | 900 | 15 | 8 | 117 | $12 \times 7 \times 5$ | 10 | 1500 | 10 | 214 |
| ACE154V3P0010C | 005-4237 | 1 | 300 | 300 | 8 | 123 | $14 \times 4 \times 5$ | 300 | 200 | 10 | 278 |
| ACE154V3P0020C | 005-4279 | 2 | 400 | 160 | 10 | 117 | $14 \times 4 \times 5$ | 150 | 390 | 10 | 278 |
| ACE154V3P0030C | 005-4279 | 3 | 400 | 160 | 8 | 123 | $14 \times 4 \times 5$ | 125 | 470 | 10 | 226 |
| ACE154V3P0050C | 005-4281 | 5 | 800 | 80 | 8 | 123 | $12 \times 13 \times 5$ | 80 | 730 | 10 | 214 |
| ACE154V3P0075C | 005-4282 | 7.5 | 900 | 60 | 8 | 123 | $12 \times 13 \times 5$ | 55 | 1100 | 10 | 208 |
| ACE154V3P0100C | 005-4318 | 10 | 1000 | 45 | 8 | 117 | $12 \times 7 \times 5$ | 40 | 1500 | 10 | 214 |
| ACE154V3P0150C | 005-4206C* | 15 | 1200 | 22 | 8 | 149 | $14 \times 5 \times 13$ | 25 | 1350 | 10 | 226 |

[^0]
## Notes:

Formula for brake resistor:
W=(Vpnb *Vpnb)*ED\% / Rmin

1. W: Brake resistor consumption power
2. Vpnb: Brake voltage $(220 \mathrm{~V}=380 \mathrm{VDC}, 440 \mathrm{~V}=760 \mathrm{VDC})$
3. $E D \%$ : Braking effective period
4. Rmin: Allowable minimum brake resistor

### 6.3 Digital Operators and Extension Cable



1. Remote Cable
2. Content
a. Drive
b. LED (SDOP-LED) or LCD (SDOP-LCD) Keypad
c. REMOTE Cable for Keypad
3. Operation Procedure

AWARNING Turn OFF the power supply. The following procedure should be performed after there is no display on the keypad.
a. Remove the keypad from the drive.
b. Please refer to diagram before mounting the keypad to your machine or panel.
c. Connect the drive and the keypad with the remote cable in accordance with the above diagram

Supply the power to operate ONLY after all elements are securely fixed.

LED Keypad (SDOP-LED) Mounting



### 6.4 Interface C ard

### 6.4.1 RS-485 Interface C ard (Model: SIF-485)



## SIF-485 Wiring Diagram



Note: Please put on the cover of drive to avoid the Interface Card distrubed by outside static electricity.
Please use isolated RE232/RS485 converter to link PC and interface card to avoid damaging equipment.

### 6.4.2 RS-232 Interface C ard (Model: SIF-232)



SIF-232 Wiring Diagram


### 6.4.3 Program Copy Module (Model: SIF-MP)



SIF-MP wiring Diagram


## Chapter 7 Appendix

Appendix 1: ACE15 Motor Internal Parameter List
Factory Setting of the Motor Internal Parameters:

| Model | 14-0 (Stator Resistance) | 14-1 (Rotor Resistance) | 14-2 (Equivalent Inductance) | 14-3 (Magnetization | 14-4 (Iron Loss Conductance) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACE152V30P0005C | 200 | 200 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE152V30P0010C | 380 | 300 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE154V30P0010C |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACE152V30P0020C | 300 | 280 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE154V30P0020C |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACE152V30P0030C | 280 | 240 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE154V30P0030C |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACE152V30P0050C | 260 | 200 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE154V30P0050C |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACE152V30P0075C | 240 | 160 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE154V30P0075C |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACE152V30P0100C | 220 | 150 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |
| ACE154V30P0100C |  |  |  |  |  |
| ACE154V30P0150C | 200 | 140 | 800 | 7200 | 0 |

## Note:

1. The above motor internal parameters are idle under V/F control mode. These parameters are usable under vector control mode.
2. The motor parameters (14-0~14-4) are not modified when factory setting under vector mode. The internal parameters will be maintained at the ones after auto tuning (refer to Auto Tuning and Description on motor Internal Parameter).
3. The motor parameters (14-0~14-4) will be modified to factory setting completely under whatever operation mode.

## Appendix 2: ACE15 Parameter Setting List

| Customer | Drive Model |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Using Site | Contact Phone |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Address |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parameter Code | Setting Content | Parameter Code | Setting Content | Parameter Code | Setting <br> Content | Parameter Code | Setting <br> Content |
| 0-00 |  | 3-14 |  | 6-06 |  | 10-7 |  |
| 0-01 |  | 3-15 |  | 6-07 |  | 10-8 |  |
| 0-02 |  | 3-16 |  | 6-08 |  | 10-9 |  |
| $0-03$ |  | 3-17 |  | 7-00 |  | 11-0 |  |
| 0-04 |  | 3-18 |  | 7-01 |  | 11-1 |  |
| $0-05$ |  | 3-19 |  | 7-02 |  | 11-2 |  |
| 0.06 |  | 3-20 |  | 7-03 |  | 11-3 |  |
| 0-07 |  | 3-21 |  | 7-04 |  | 11-4 |  |
| 0-08 |  | 3-22 |  | 7-05 |  | 11-5 |  |
| 1-00 |  | 3-23 |  | 8-00 |  | 11-6 |  |
| 1-01 |  | 3-24 |  | 8-01 |  | 11-7 |  |
| 1-02 |  | 3-25 |  | 8-02 |  | 12-0 |  |
| 1-03 |  | 3-26 |  | 8-03 |  | 12-1 |  |
| 1-04 |  | 3-27 |  | 8-04 |  | 12-2 |  |
| 1-05 |  | 3-28 |  | 8-05 |  | 12-3 |  |
| 1-06 |  | 3-29 |  | 9-00 |  | 12-4 |  |
| 1-07 |  | 4-00 |  | 9-01 |  | 12-5 |  |
| 2-00 |  | 4-01 |  | 9-02 |  | 12-6 |  |
| 2-01 |  | 4-02 |  | 9-03 |  | 13-0 |  |
| 2-02 |  | 4-03 |  | 9-04 |  | 13-1 |  |
| 2-03 |  | 4-04 |  | 9-05 |  | 13-2 |  |
| 2-04 |  | 4-05 |  | 9-06 |  | 13-3 |  |
| 2-05 |  | 5-00 |  | 9-07 |  | 13-4 |  |
| 2-06 |  | 5-01 |  | 9-08 |  | 14-0 |  |
| 3-00 |  | 5-02 |  | 9-09 |  | 14-1 |  |
| 3-01 |  | 5-03 |  | 9-10 |  | 14-2 |  |
| 3-02 |  | 5-04 |  | 9-11 |  | 14-3 |  |
| 3-03 |  | 5-05 |  | 9-12 |  | 14-4 |  |
| 3-04 |  | 5-06 |  | 9-13 |  | 15-0 |  |
| 3-05 |  | 5-07 |  | 9-14 |  | 15-1 |  |
| 3-06 |  | 5-08 |  | 9-15 |  | 15-2 |  |
| 3-07 |  | 5-09 |  | 10-0 |  | 15-3 |  |
| 3-08 |  | 6-00 |  | 10-1 |  | 15-4 |  |
| 3-09 |  | 6-01 |  | 10-2 |  | 15-5 |  |
| 3-10 |  | 6-02 |  | 10-3 |  | 15-6 |  |
| 3-11 |  | 6-03 |  | 10-4 |  |  |  |
| 3-12 |  | 6-04 |  | 10-5 |  |  |  |
| 3-13 |  | 6-05 |  | 10-6 |  |  |  |

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[^0]:    * Requires 2 resistors in series.

