

700 Series Worm Gear Speed Reducers

Installation, Lubrication, Operation Instructions and Parts



Section Contents

General Instructions	133
Lubrication Instructions	135
Oil Capacities	135
Recommended Lubricants	135
Lubricant interchange	135
Single Reduction Parts List	136-137
Double Reduction Parts List	138-139
Lifetime Warranty	140

⚠ California Proposition 65 Warning: The Bronze gear and wear debris found inside any worm gearbox contains lead, a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

General Instructions

1. Align all shafts accurately. Improper alignment can result in failure. Use of flexible couplings is recommended to compensate for slight misalignment.
2. When mounting, use maximum possible bolt size and secure reducer to a rigid foundation. Periodic inspection of all bolts is recommended.
3. Auxiliary drive components (such as sprockets, gears and pulleys) should be mounted on the shafts as close as possible to the housing to minimize effects of overhung loads. Avoid force fits that might damage bearings or gears.
4. For hollow-shaft speed reducers, place speed reducer as close as possible to supporting bearing on drive shaft. Spot-drill driven shaft for setscrews in severe applications. See kit instructions for reaction rod assembly.
5. Check and record gear backlash at installation and again at regular intervals. This should be done by measuring the rotary movement of the output shaft (rotating alternately clockwise and counterclockwise) at a suitable radius while holding the input shaft stationary. Gears should be replaced when the backlash exceeds four times the measurement taken at installation.
6. Gear drives are rated for 1750 input RPM and Class Service (Service Factor 1.0), using Klübersynth UH1 6-460 synthetic lubricant. For lower input speeds or for different service classes or lubricants, see catalog selection pages for rating information.
7. Initial operating temperatures may be higher than normal during the break-in period of the gear set. FOR MAXIMUM LIFE, DO NOT ALLOW THE SPEED REDUCER TO OPERATE CONTINUOUSLY ABOVE 225°F AT THE GEAR CASE. In the event of overheating, check for overloads or high ambient temperatures. Keep shafts and vent plugs clean to prevent foreign particles from entering seals or gear housing.
8. All reducers should be checked to see if they have been lubricated. Prelubed 700 Series reducers will have a solid plug in the vent hole which must be replaced by the vent plug at time of installation.

E

700 Series Worm Gear Speed Reducers

NOTE

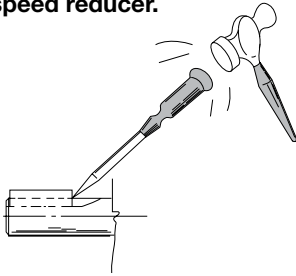
- Vented oil filler plug must be located in the uppermost position.
- For all mounting positions where the vented filler plug is located in a horizontal plane, the vent hole must point upward.
- For all mounting positions where the vented filler plug is located in a vertical plane, the vent hole must point toward center of housing.

CAUTION

- For safe operation of any gear drive, all rotating shafts and auxiliary components must be shielded to conform with applicable safety standards. You must consider overall operational system safety at all times.
- When using a speed reducer to raise or lower a load, such as in hoisting applications, provision must be made for external braking. Under no conditions should a speed reducer be considered self-locking.
- Mounting of speed reducers in overhead positions may be hazardous. Use of external guides or supports is strongly recommended for overhead mounting.

Key Staking Instructions

Lightly tap area of keyway adjacent to key. This will upset material and not allow key to move axially when assembling to speed reducer.



Instructions for Flanged Models

F700 (Quill Type Input)

1. Assemble the key to the motor shaft and coat the quill bore with anti-seize compound. Insert the motor shaft into the reducer input shaft. **DO NOT** coat motorshaft with anti-seize compound.
2. Rotate the motor to proper position and firmly secure to flange with four hex-head cap screws.

RF700 (Coupling Input – 3-Jaw Type FC)

1. Coat coupling bore with anti-seize compound.
2. Position coupling half on input shaft with shaft flush to end of coupling bore.
3. Locate remaining half on motor shaft, with 1/32" clearance between jaw surfaces.
4. Tighten setscrews securely. For reversing applications, a thread-locking compound is recommended.
5. Install coupling insert and position motor. Rotate motor to proper position and firmly secure to flange.

CAUTION – If the motor does not readily seat itself, check to determine if key has moved axially along motor shaft, causing interference. Staking of the keyway adjacent to the motor key will facilitate this procedure.

QC700 (Coupling Input-3-Jaw Quick Connect Type)

1. Coat coupling bore with anti-seize compound.
2. Install motor coupling half onto motor shaft. Use a straight edge to align coupling jaw top end flush with motor shaft except 738-B9 which will be flush with bottom of jaw. Secure with set screw.
3. Install urethane spider insert on motor coupling half.
4. Insert D-Bore coupling half into urethane spider element.
5. Rotate reducer input shaft so “milled flats” are either vertical or parallel. Rotate motor coupling D-Bore to match the reducer milled flats. Coat “D” flats with anti-seize compound furnished with speed reducer.
6. Insert motor assembly into reducer flange assembly. Minor rotating of the motor may be necessary to facilitate D-Bore alignment.
7. Once aligned, push motor towards reducer until properly seated against the face of the reducer flange.
8. Insert (4) hex head cap screws into the designated locations and securely tighten.

WARNING

Boston Gear speed reducers are normally shipped without lubricant. They must be filled to the proper level with the recommended lubricant for your application before operation.

Lubrication Instructions

The table on Page 135 indicates the type and viscosity of lubricant suitable for reducers operating at various temperatures.

Lubrication and maintenance instructions are provided with each speed reducer. These instructions should be followed for best results. It is important that the proper type of oil be used since many oils are not suitable for the lubrication of gears. Various types of gearing require different types of lubricants.

The lubricant must remain free from oxidation and contamination by water or debris, since only a very thin film of oil stands between efficient operation and failure. To assure long service life, the reducer should be periodically drained (preferably while warm) and refilled to the proper level with a recommended gear oil. Under normal environmental conditions oil changes are suggested after the initial 250 hours or every 6 months.

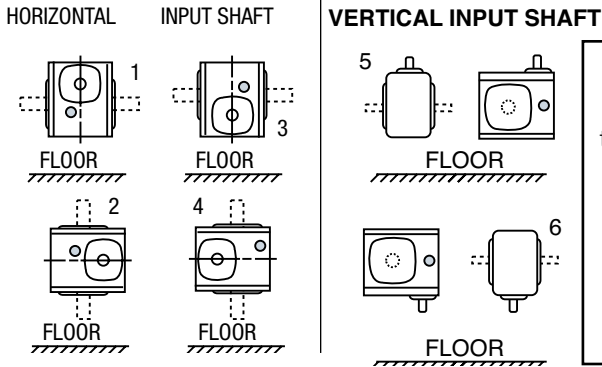
Synthetic lubricants will allow extended lubrication intervals due to its increased resistance to thermal and oxidation degradation. It is suggested that the initial oil change be made at 1500 hours and, thereafter, at 5000 hour intervals.

During the initial period of operation, higher than normal operating temperatures may be seen. This is due to the initial break-in of the worm gear set. The temperature of Double Reduction Worm Gear Reducers may reach 160°F and Single Reduction Worm Gear Reducers approximately 225°F.

Oil Capacities

Single Reduction Models Only

Oil Levels for typical mounting positions



CAUTION

Avoiding those positions where the high speed oil seal is immersed in oil will provide greater security against high speed input seal wear.

- Indicates proper oil level.
- When mounting gearboxes in positions 2, 3, 4, 6 Double Input Seals are required.

OIL CAPACITY IN FLUID OUNCES

Unit Size	Position				
	1	2	3	4	5 & 6
710	2.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
713	5.5	7.0	7.0	7.0	5.5
715	10.0	15.0	15.0	13.5	13.5
718	12.0	16.0	18.5	16.0	16.0
721	15.0	20.5	20.5	19.0	19.0
724	18.0	24.5	28.5	24.5	24.5
726	28.0	36.0	43.0	36.0	36.0
730	43.0	60.0	66.0	58.0	58.0
732	58.0	84.0	90.0	80.0	80.0
738	85.0	120.0	130.0	120.0	107.0
752	204.0	240.0	245.0	240.0	215.0
760	330.0	400.0	415.0	400.0	370.0

Double Reduction Models

The variety of mounting possibilities for double reduction drives makes it impractical to illustrate positions for these models. In general, the vent filler is at the uppermost plug position, and the drain plug at the lowest possible position. The oil level must be at the approximate centerline of the uppermost gear.

Recommended Lubricants

ENCLOSED WORM GEAR REDUCERS

AMBIENT (Room) TEMPERATURE	RECOMMENDED OIL (or equivalent)	VISCOSITY RANGE SUS @ 100°F	Oil Type	ISO VISCOSITY GRADE NO.†
-20° to 225°F** (-29° to 107°C)	Klubersynth* UH1 6-460 Synthetic	1950/2500	PAG	460
-30° to 225°F** (-34° to 107°C)	Mobil SHC634 Synthetic	1950/2500	PAO	320/460

WORM GEAR LUBRICANTS AVAILABLE FROM BOSTON GEAR ORDER BY ITEM CODE

Type	Klubersynth UH1 6-460	Mobil SHC634
Size	QT.	QT.
Item Code	65159	51493

Available in quarts only

CAUTION: Relubricate more frequently if drive operated in high ambient temperatures or unusually contaminated atmosphere. High loads and operating temperatures will also require more frequent lubrication.

* Synthetic recommendation is Klubersynth UH1 6-460, the use of other lubrications may reduce efficiency and torque capacity.

** The Klubersynth UH1 6-460 lubricant will perform at temperatures considerably higher than 225°F. However, the factory should always be consulted prior to operating at higher temperature as damage may occur to oil seals and other components.

† Other lubricants corresponding to AGMA/ISO numbers are available from all major oil companies.

Lubricant Interchange

1. Ambient temperature is based upon 1.0 service factor.
2. Lubricants are compounded for use in worm gears. Some contain non-corrosive, extreme pressure additives. DO NOT USE lubes that contain sulphur and/or chlorine which are corrosive to bronze gears. Extreme pressure lubes, in some cases contain materials that are toxic. Avoid use of these lubes where they can result in harmful effects. If in doubt, consult your lube supplier.

WARNING: Different oil types should not be mixed. For example Klubersynth UH1 6-460 is not compatible with Mobil SHC634.

Manufacturer	Lubricant Name	AGMA Rating
Getty Refining Co.	Veedol Asreslube 98	8 EP
Getty Refining Co.	Veedol Asreslube 95	7 EP
Getty Refining Co.	Veedol Asreslube 90	6 EP
Lubrication Engr. Inc.	Almasol 609	8
Lubrication Engr. Inc.	Almasol 608	7
Mobil Oil Corp.	Mobilgear 634	8 EP
Mobil Oil Corp.	Mobil Extra Hecla Super	8
Mobil Oil Corp.	Mobil Cylinder 600W	7
Shell Oil Co.	Omala 460	7 EP
Shell Oil Co.	Valvala J460	7
Shell Oil Co.	Omala 680	8 EP
Shell Oil Co.	Valvala J680	8
Texaco Inc.	Meropa 680	8 EP
Texaco Inc.	Meropa 460	7 EP