



4 BZFM BRAKE

**FOR OFFSHORE AND MARINE APPLICATION,
FLOOD- AND SEAWATER-PROOF**



Stromag™

**PRODUCT
CATALOG**



DECADES OF EXPERIENCE

Across Industries and Applications



Founded in 1932, Stromag™ has grown to become a globally recognized leader in the development and manufacture of innovative power transmission components for industrial drivetrain applications.

Stromag engineers utilize the latest design technologies and materials to provide creative, energy-efficient solutions that meet their customer's most challenging requirements.

Stromag's extensive product range includes flexible couplings, disc brakes, limit switches, an array of hydraulically, pneumatically, and electrically actuated brakes, and a complete line of electric, hydraulic and pneumatic clutches.

Stromag engineered solutions improve drivetrain performance in a variety of key markets including energy, off-highway, metals, marine, transportation, printing, textiles, and material handling on applications such as wind turbines, conveyor systems, rolling mills, agriculture and construction machinery, municipal vehicles, forklifts, cranes, presses, deck winches, diesel engines, gensets and stage machinery.

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APPLICATIONS

- Holding and working brake variations for off shore and industrial applications where high protection against harsh environment is essential
- Usable for windlasses, anchor winches, shipboard cranes, cargo winches, trawler winches

MAIN FEATURES

Coil body with coil	Thermal class 155, nitrocarburated and postoxidated
Armature disc	Special protection: nitrocarburated and postoxidated
Brake disc	Special protection: nitrocarburated and postoxidated
Friction lining	Low wear rate with low torque fade over a high range of temperature. High thermal capacity.
Flange	To IEC standard
Cover	Manufactured of gray cast, from size 400 of seawater protected aluminium
Pinion	Nitrocarburated and postoxidated
Fixing screws	All stainless steel
Flying leads	1,5 metre long, radial or axial
Seals	For high protection

OPTIONAL EXTRAS

- Micro switch for monitoring switching states or wear detection
- Terminal box
- Standstill heater
- Preparation for speedometer installation

SWITCHING MODULES

- Half wave or full wave
- Quick switching units
- Built in terminal box
- Attached for mounting into the motor terminal box

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

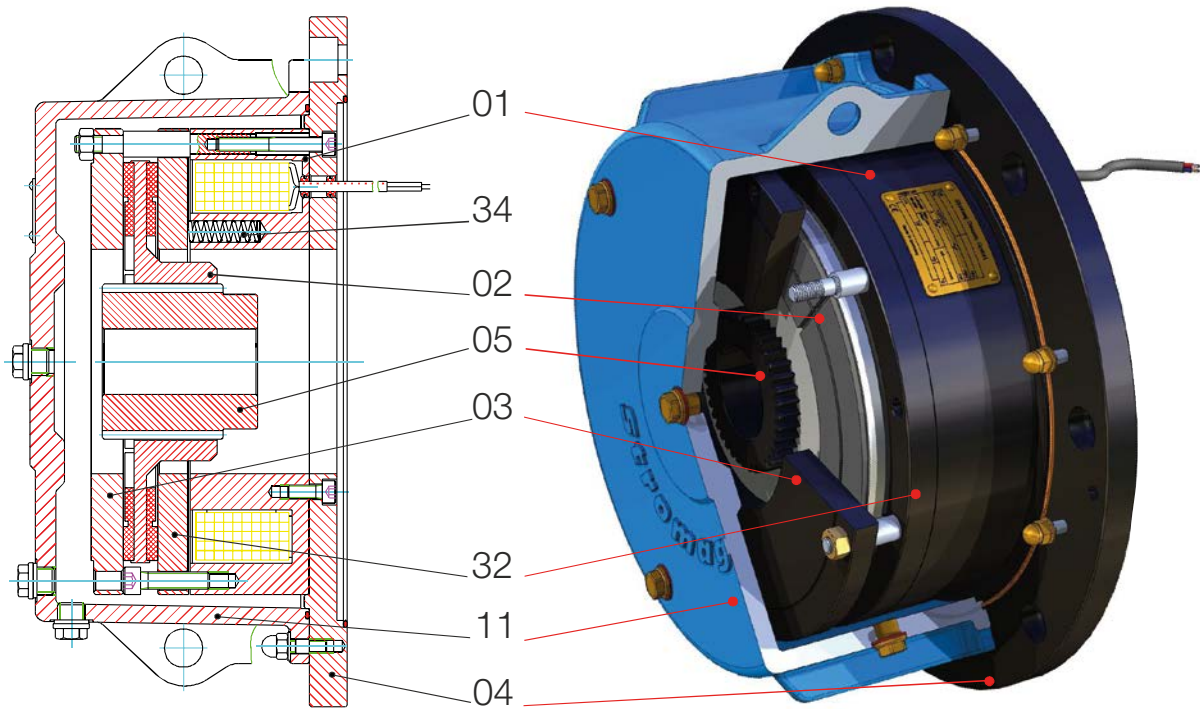
ADVANTAGES

- Comprehensive torque range 63 – 11,000 Nm
- Operative without cover
- Type approvals: GL, LRS, ABS, DNV, BV, RR (on request)
- Simple assembly to motor, no dismantling of brake required
- Less wear
- Compatibility of consumable spares
- Simple maintenance, one time wear re-adjustment by reversing of the brake disc
- Proven reliable design
- Sealed inspection holes for air gap or lining wear
- Extremely low inertia
- High heat dissipation
- Free from axial loads when braking and running
- Suitable for vertical mounting, please consult Stromag Dessau GmbH
- Many optional extras available
- Facilities to design to customer's special requirements
- Protection available up to IP 67
- "Asbestos free" linings as standard

VOLTAGES AVAILABLE

- Usual voltage: 24 V DC, 110 V DC, 190 V DC and 207 V DC, other voltages (e.g. 103 V DC) on request.
- Coils available to suit: AC – supplies with integral Half and Full wave rectification.
- We suggest the following alternative - Customer to take standard voltage with rectifier which Stromag Dessau can provide.

DESIGNATION OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS



- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| 01) Coil body | 11) Cover |
| 02) Friction disc with friction lining | 32) Armature disc |
| 03) Brake disc | 33) Coil |
| 04) Flange | 34) Compression spring |
| 05) Pinion | |

BRAKE OPERATION

The brake 4 BZFM is a spring-loaded electromagnetic double-face brake which brakes without current and is released electromagnetically.

The brake is screwed to a motor or any other machine part by means of cyl. screws via the flange (04). The coil body (01) contains a coil (33) which is potted with a synthetic resin compound in accordance with thermal class 155, (max. limit of temperature 155°C).

If the coil (33) is not excited, the springs (34) press the armature disc (32) against the friction disc with friction lining (02), which is firmly clamped between the torsion-protected armature disc (32) and the brake disc (03) and thus prevented from rotating. The braking effect is transmitted from the geared friction disc with friction lining (02) via the pinion (05) and a fitting key to the shaft. If the coil is connected to a direct voltage as specified on the nameplate, the magnetic force will draw the armature disc (32) to the coil body (01) overcoming the spring pressure. The friction disc with friction lining (02) is released, the braking effect is cancelled and the brake is released.

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

MICRO SWITCH

Optional availability, inboard proving switch, one common contact, one normally open contact and one normally closed contact.

This can be interlocked with motor contactor for parking brake duty, i.e. brake release before starting motor.

BRAKE TERMINATION

Three standard versions:

- Flying leads usually 1,5 meter long, axial with a cable bushing and radial through cable gland in flange.
- IP 66 terminal box, for easy connection and removal, at execution with terminal box the brake complies with protection IP 66!
- Versions for AC supply with built-in full wave or half wave rectification inside the terminal box.

EMERGENCY RELEASE BY MEANS OF EMERGENCY RELEASE SCREWS

For mechanical release in case of emergency or for the adjustment of the system emergency release screws are available.

FLANGE TO IEC

Manufactured to suit your motor on B-side to our brake with IEC connection dimensions.

STANDSTILL HEATER

Inboard standstill heaters can be provided.

SPEEDOMETER INSTALLATION

If a speedometer connection is required for the brake, the brake cover is provided with connecting bores in accordance with "Euro dimension". The type of protection only maintains when the speedometer is rigidly connected to the cover by means of a flange gland which is sealed by round ring.

SPECIAL SURFACE FINISHES

All components are surface finished with a special surface protection against abrasive environment; e.g. against saline atmosphere on deck, etc..

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

LIST OF DIMENSIONS

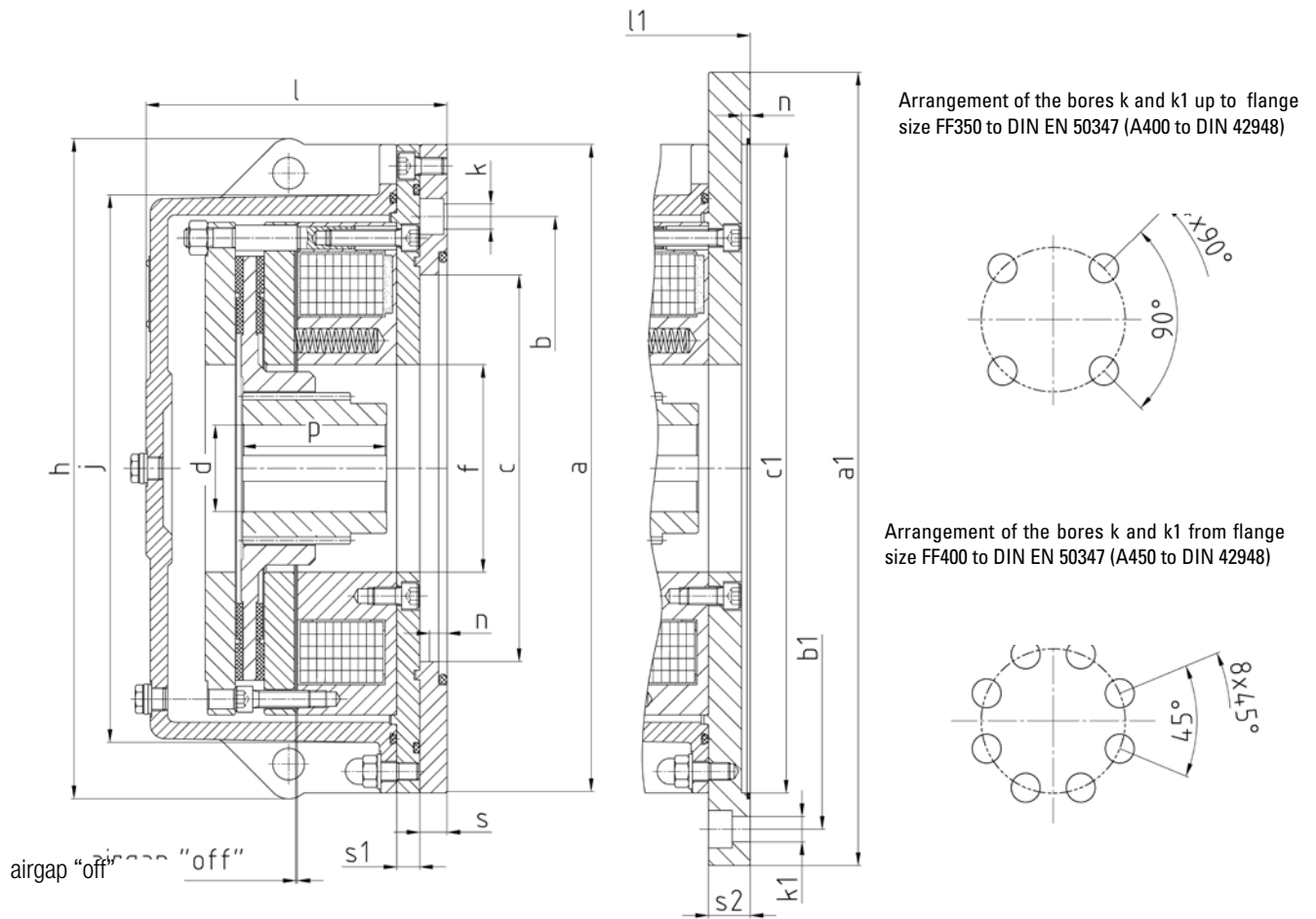


TABLE 1: TECHNICAL DATA

Size 4 BZFM	M_{SN} Nm	M_U Nm	n_o rpm	n_{zn} rpm	U_n^* V DC	P_k W	airgap min/max	W kJ	P_{vn} kW	J kgm ²	m kg
6,3	63	69	6000	3300	110	110	0.4/1.2	80	0.16	0.0012	23
10	100	110	6000	3000	110	122	0.4/1.2	100	0.21	0.0019	32
16	160	175	6000	2700	110	142	0.4/1.2	120	0.26	0.0026	40
25	250	275	5500	2100	110	164	0.4/1.2	150	0.31	0.0050	56
40	400	440	4700	1800	110	214	0.4/1.5	220	0.38	0.0133	73
63	630	690	4000	1500	110	249	0.4/1.8	300	0.46	0.0271	107
100	1000	1100	3600	1300	110	332	0.5/2.1	350	0.57	0.0366	138
160	1600	1750	3200	1100	110	403	0.5/2.4	400	0.70	0.0600	205
250	2500	2750	2800	1000	110	530	0.5/2.8	590	0.85	0.1266	275
400	4000	4400	2400	1000	110	675	0.5/2.8	698	0.85	0.2670	380
630	6300	6930	2200	800	110	698	0.5/2.8	776	0.90	0.4700	506
1000	10,000	11,000	2000	700	110	827	0.6/3.0	844	0.95	0.7777	636

* other voltages on request

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

M_{SN}	Switchable nominal torque at 1m/s frictional speed to DIN VDE 0580 (applies to dry operation with an oil- and grease-free friction lining after running-in)
$M_{\bar{U}}$	Transmissible static nominal torque without slip, to DIN VDE 0580 (applies to dry operation with an oil- and grease-free friction lining after running-in)
n_0	Maximum idling speed
n_{zn}	Admissible switching speed
P_k	Excitation output at 20°C
P_{vn}	Nominal braking capacity (S4-40 % I.O.)
W	Switch work per switching operation for $z = 1 - 5h^{-1}$
J	Mass moment of inertia of rotating parts
m	Weight
Mode of operation	S1, S2, S4-40 % I.O.
Thermal class	155 (F) in accordance with DIN VDE 0580
AC-control	Via rectifier

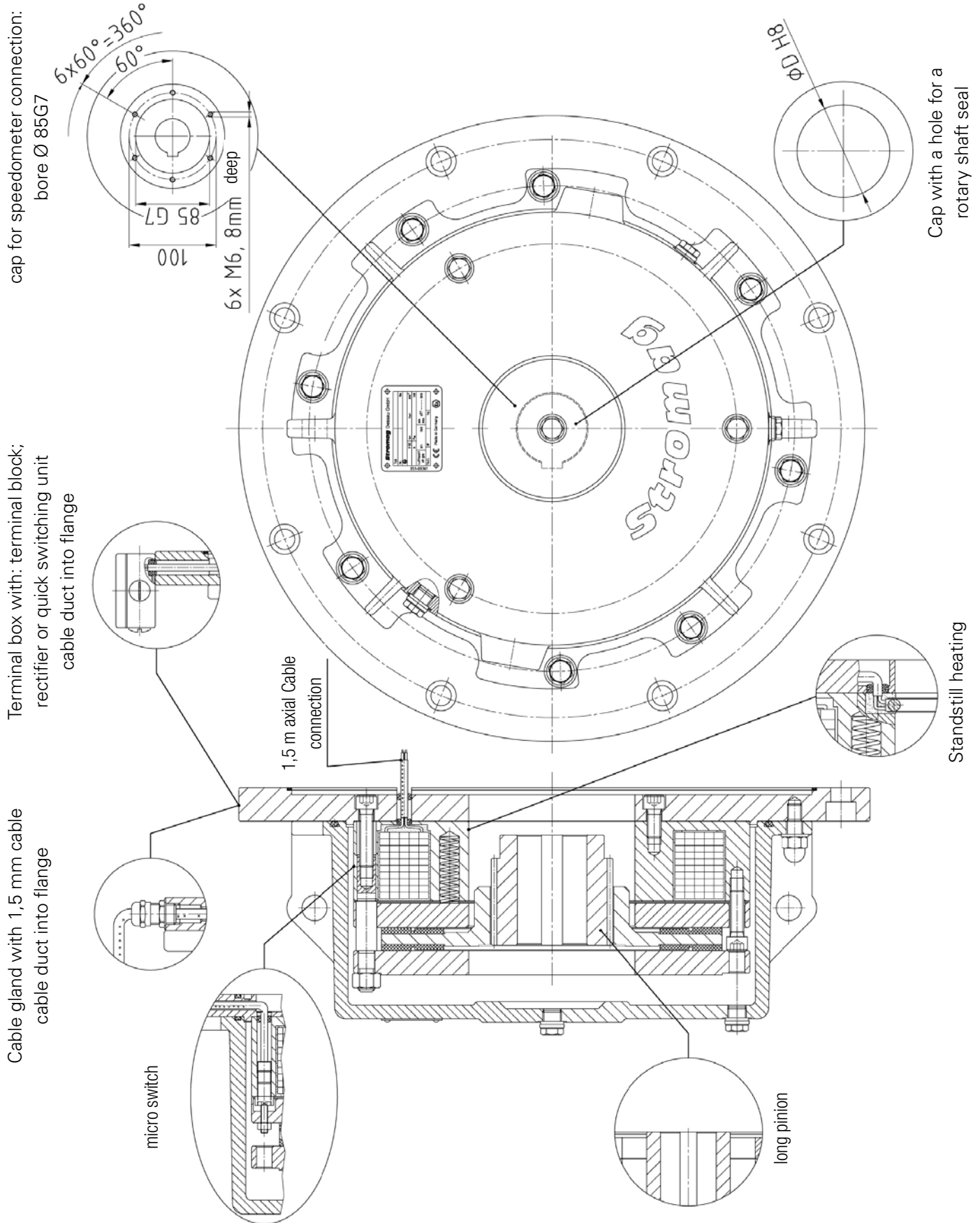
TABLE 2: LIST OF DIMENSIONS (ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM)

Size 4 BZFM	6.3	10	16	25	40	63	100	160	250	400	630	1000
a	250	250	-	300	350	400	450	550	550	-	-	-
a1	300	300	300	350	400	450	550	660	660	660	800	800
b	215	215	-	265	300	350	400	500	500	-	-	-
b1	265	265	265	300	350	400	500	600	600	600	740	740
c (H7)	180	180	-	230	250	300	350	450	450	-	-	-
c1 (H7)	230	230	230	250	300	350	450	550	550	550	680	680
d_{min}	28	28	38	38	38	48	48	60	65	90	90	100
d_{max}	40	40	55	55	60	75	75	110	125	140	160	180
f	82	86	98	104	130	149	144	190	210	210	233	275
h	252	275	296	322	376	426	458	532	574	654	737	800
j	193	214	233	256	306	356	380	450	491	559	615	690
k	13.5	13.5	-	13.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	-	-	-
k1	13.5	13.5	13.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	22	22	22	22	22
l	-	147	-	165	196	196	209	-	274	-	-	-
l1	126	141	145	165	184	184	203	232	252	305	358	381
n	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	6	7	7	7
p	70	70	80	80	90	100	100	130	171	205	245	245
s	-	15	-	15	22	22	19	-	29	-	-	-
s1	-	11	-	11	12	12	16	-	22	-	-	-
s2	18	20	20	26	22	22	29	24	29	30	37	33

Keyways to DIN 6885/1
Standard flange to DIN 42948

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

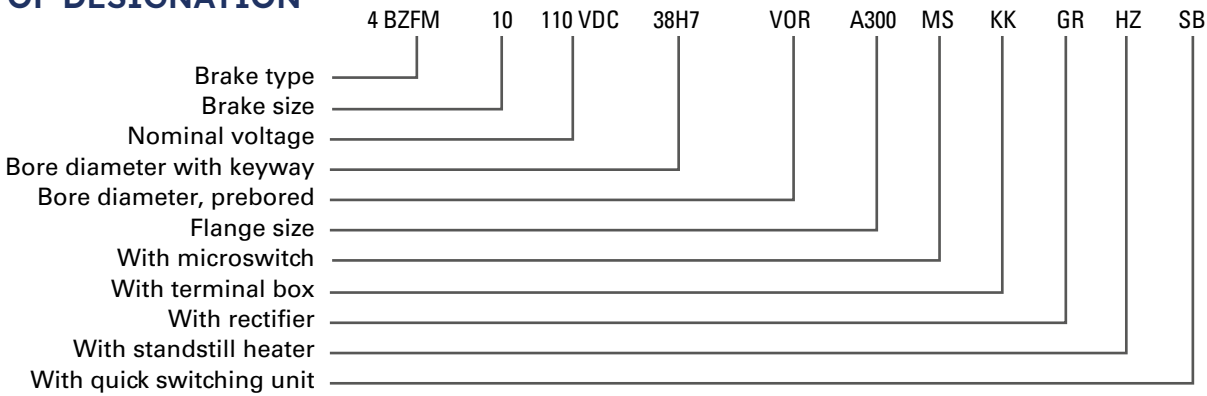
4BZFM Brake



ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

EXAMPLE OF DESIGNATION



CALCULATIONS

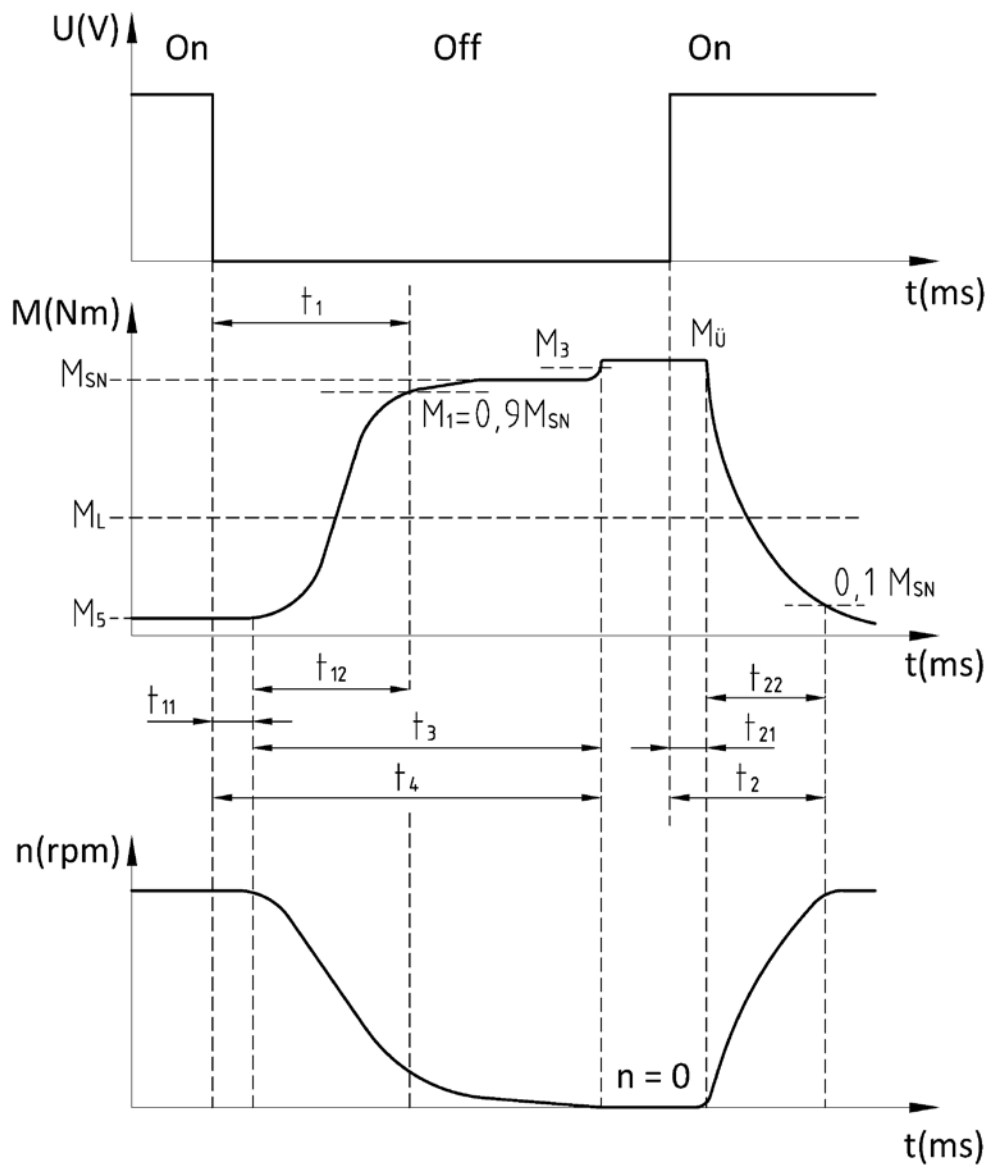


Figure 1:
The diagram shows the time response of an Electromagnetic Spring-Aplied Brake as defined by VDE regulations 0580

M_1 = Switchable torque [Nm]

The switchable (dynamic) torque is the torque which can be transmitted by a brake under slip condition depending on the friction coefficient and at working temperature. ($M_1 = 0,9M_{SN}$)

M_3 = Synchronization torque [Nm]

The synchronization torque is the torque which arises for a short time after finishing the switching process.

M_u = Transmissible torque [Nm]

The transmissible (static) torque is the max. torque that can be applied to a brake without the risk of slipping.

M_{SN} = Switchable nominal torque [Nm]

The switchable nominal torque is the dynamic torque as stated in the catalogue at a frictional speed of 1 m/sec.

M_L = Load torque [Nm]

+ M_L for acceleration, – M_L for deceleration. The load torque should always be considered with relative safety factors.

M_5 = No-load torque (drag torque) [Nm]

The no-load torque is the torque which the brake transmits at working temperature when free running.

M_A = Decelerating torque [Nm]

The decelerating torque results from the addition (subtraction for lifting gear during lowering) of the switchable torque and load torque.

Operation times

The operation times shown in the diagram are based on the example of a brake actuated by loss of electrical current. The basic characteristic is also applicable to brakes with alternate methods of operation.

The time delay t_{11} is the time from the instant of de-energization (actuation) to the commencement of the torque build-up (of no importance for d.c. switching). The torque build-up time t_{12} is the time from the commencement of torque build-up to the attainment of 90% of the switchable nominal torque M_{SN} . The switching time t_1 is the sum of the time delay and torque build-up time:

$$t_1 = t_{11} + t_{12}$$

The time delay t_{21} is the time from energization (actuation) to the commencement of the torque will decrease. The fall time t_{22} is the time from the commencement of the torque decrease to 10% of the switchable nominal brake torque M_{SN} . The switching time t_2 is the sum of the time delay and the fall time:

$$t_2 = t_{21} + t_{22}$$

To decrease the switching times of Electromagnetic Spring-Applied brakes, special switching is required.

Please ask for particular information. The switching times stated in the dimensional tables apply to d.c. switching, working temperature and nominal voltage without special switching techniques.

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

Nomenclature

A_R	cm ²	Friction surface	
m	kg	Mass	
Q	Joule(J)	Heat quantity	
Q_h	Watt(W)	Heat per hour	
c	$\frac{kJ}{kgK}$	Specific heat	Steel $c = 0,46 \frac{kJ}{kgK}$ Cast iron $c = 0,54 \frac{kJ}{kgK}$
n	rpm	Speed	
t_A	s	Braking time	
t_S	s	Slipping time	

Mass moment of inertia J [kgm²]

The mass moment of inertia J stated in the formula is the total mass moment of inertia of all the masses to be retarded referred to the brake.

Reduction of moments of inertia

The reduction of moments of inertia is calculated from the formula

$$J_1 = J_2 * \left(\frac{n_2}{n_1} \right)^2 \text{ [kgm}^2\text{]}$$

Moments of inertia of linear masses

The equivalent moment of inertia J_{Ers} for a linear mass m and a velocity v referred to the brake speed n is calculated from the formula

$$J_{Ers} = 91 * m * \left(\frac{v}{n} \right)^2 \text{ [kgm}^2\text{]}$$

$[v = m/s] \quad [n = min^{-1}] \quad [m = kg]$

Torque considerations for the brake

The mean torque of the driving or driven machine may be calculated from

$$M = 9550 * \frac{P}{n} \text{ [Nm]}$$

$[P = kW] \quad [n = rpm]$

If the system includes gearing, all torques must be referred to the brake shaft. Depending on the type and functioning of the driving or driven machine resp. shock and peak loads are an important factor for the determination of brake sizes. If precise deceleration times are required a sufficient decelerating torque must already been taken into account when selecting the brake size on the torque rating. Considering the load torque direction, the following switchable nominal torque M_{sn} of a brake is attained ($+M_L$ for lifting devices when lowering).

$$M_{sn} = M_A \pm M_L$$

When expressing the decelerating torque M_A by means of the pulse principle, we obtain after corresponding conversion.

Acceleration by load	Brake support by load
$M_A = J * \frac{d\omega}{dt} \quad [\text{Nm}]$	$M_A = J * \frac{d\omega}{dt} \quad [\text{Nm}]$
$M_{SN} = \frac{J * n}{9,55 * t_A} + M_L \quad [\text{Nm}]$	$M_{SN} = \frac{J * n}{9,55 * t_A} - M_L \quad [\text{Nm}]$
$t_A = \frac{J * n}{9,55 * (M_{SN} - M_L)} \quad [\text{s}]$	$t_A = \frac{J * n}{9,55 * (M_{SN} + M_L)} \quad [\text{s}]$

It is assumed that the dynamic torque is achieved instantaneously. Note that the dynamic torque decreases with the speed.

Considerations of dissipated energy

For all operations at speed with slip, dissipated energy is generated in the brake which is transformed into heat. The admissible amount of dissipated energy resp. power capacity must not be exceeded in order to avoid any inadmissible heating. Often the selection of the brake size upon the torque requirement only is not sufficient. Therefore it must always be checked whether the heat capacity of the brake is sufficient.

Generally the dissipated energy in a brake, slipping at time dt with its dynamic torque M_s at an angular speed ω_s is:

$$dQ = M_s * \omega_s * dt$$

With ω_s and conversion by means of the pulse principle the following dissipated energy amount is determined for a single deceleration process with existing load torque

Acceleration by load	Brake support by load
$Q = \frac{M_{SN}}{(M_{SN} - M_L)} * \frac{J * n^2}{182.000} \quad [\text{kJ}]$	$Q = \frac{M_{SN}}{(M_{SN} + M_L)} * \frac{J * n^2}{182.000} \quad [\text{kJ}]$

If a brake slips with constant slipping speed under operation, the dissipated energy is calculated from the formula

$$Q = 0,105 * 10^{-3} * M_s * n_s * t_s \quad [\text{kJ}]$$

Working brake

The brake has to brake a shaft with switching frequency "X" from speed "Y" to speed zero and has to hold it.

Holding brake with emergency stop function

The brake actuates with shaft speed zero and has to hold; in case of emergency, however, it must be able to brake from shaft speed "Y" to zero.

ELECTROMAGNETIC SPRING-APPLIED BRAKE

4BZFM Brake

PERMISSIBLE HEAT CAPACITY AT 1500 RPM

W [kJ] Switching operations $z \left[\frac{1}{h} \right]$ operations per hour

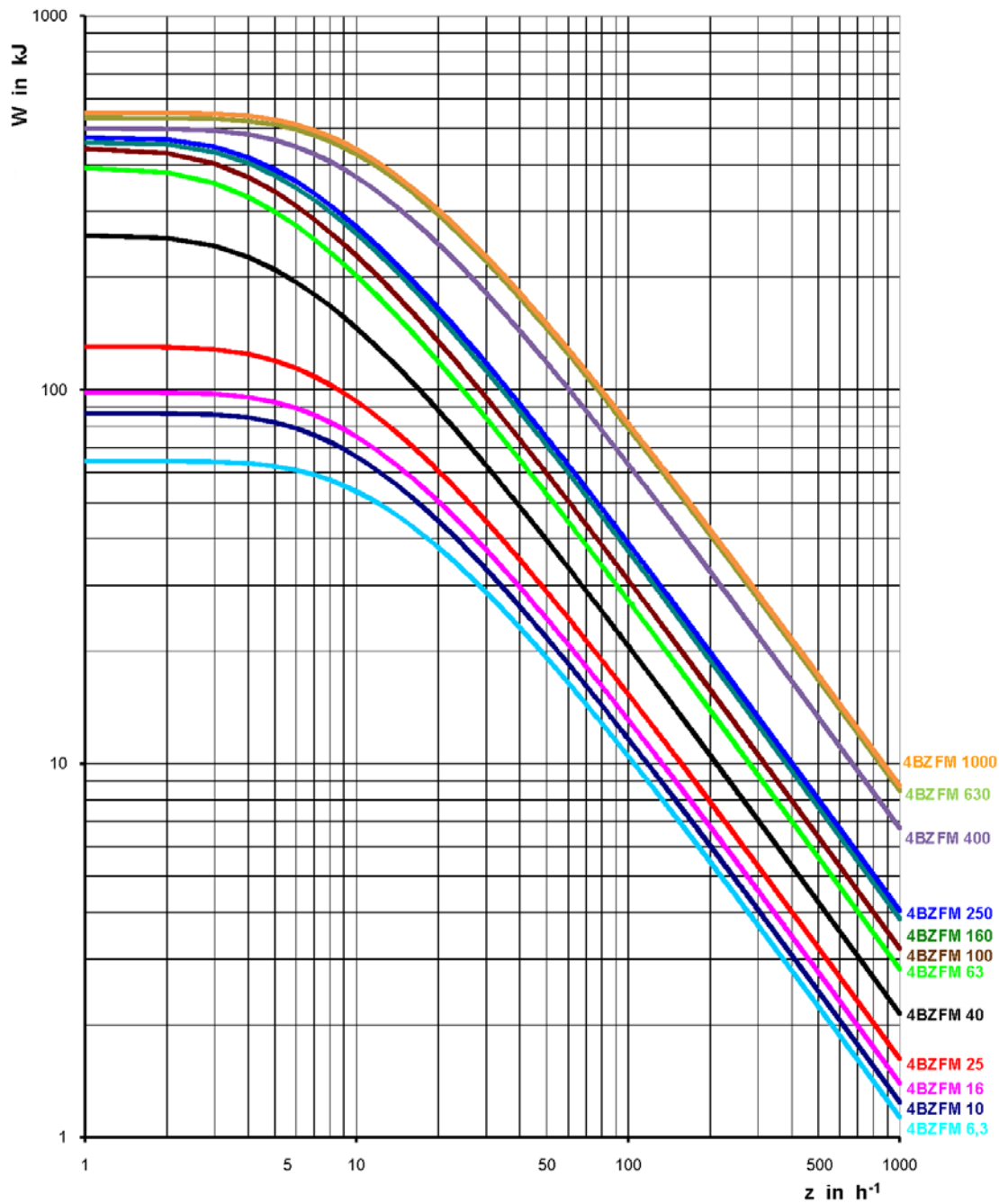


Figure 2: Heat capacity of series 4 BZFM $n = 1500$ rpm **. By known operations and number of operations per hour the brake size can be obtained.
Example: $W = 100$ kJ/operation and $z = 10$ operations/hour choose the size 4 BZFM 40
** permissible switching operations per switching at other speed ratings on request

QUESTIONNAIRE TO ALLOW THE DETERMINATION OF SPRING-APPLIED BRAKES

DRIVING MACHINE

Frequency controlled motor		
Pole changing motor		
Constant speed motor		
Other motor types		
Nominal and maximum power		kW
Nominal and maximum speed		rpm
Maximum torque (i.e. breakdown torque)		Nm

DRIVEN MACHINE

Slewing system		
Hoisting system		
Trolley or gantry system		
Winch system		
People transporting system		
Other application		

BRAKE TYPE

Working and emergency brake		
Holding brake with emergency characteristic		

CALCULATION DATA

Nominal braking speed		rpm
Emergency braking speed (i.e. max. possible overspeed at hoisting drives)		rpm
Load torque at nominal braking speed		Nm
Load torque at emergency braking speed		Nm
Maximum possible load torque		Nm
Number of braking operations per hour at nominal / required speed (incl. load data)		
Number of braking operations per required time unit at emergency speed (incl. maximum load data)		
Moment of inertia of the parts moved by the motor or braked by the brake (motor, gearbox, winch etc.)		kgm ²
Demanded switching cycles of the brake		
Ambient temperature		°C
Protection class or short description of environmental conditions Marine, port, in house		
Options: Microswitch, rectifier, switching unit, terminal box, heater or other		



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